Huron-Clinton Metropolitan Authority

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report Year Ended December 31, 2017



SUBMITTED TO THE HURON-CLINTON METROPOLITAN AUTHORITY BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS BRIGHTON, MICHIGAN

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Prepared by the Huron-Clinton Metropolitan Authority Finance Department

Table of Contents

| <u>Section</u> | | Page |
|----------------|--|----------------------------|
| | Introductory Section | |
| | Letter of Transmittal GFOA Certificate of Achievement Organization Chart List of Officials | i - vii viii ix x |
| | Financial Section | |
| 1 | Independent Auditors' Report | 1 – 1 |
| 2 | Management's Discussion and Analysis | 2 – 1 |
| 3 | Basic Financial Statements | |
| | Government-wide Financial Statements Statement of Net Position Statement of Activities | 3 – 1 3 – 3 |
| | Fund Financial Statements Governmental Funds Balance Sheet Reconciliation of Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to Net Position of | 3 – 4 |
| | Governmental Activities Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances | 3 – 6 3 – 7 |
| | Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities | 3 – 8 |
| | Fiduciary Funds Statement of Net Position Statement of Changes in Net Position | 3 – 9 3 – 10 |
| | Notes to the Financial Statements | 3 – 11 |

| 4 | Required Supplementary Information | |
|---|--|--------|
| | Budgetary Comparison Schedule | |
| | General Fund | 4 – 1 |
| | Retirement System | |
| | Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios | 4 – 2 |
| | Schedule of Employer Contributions | 4 – 3 |
| | Schedule of Investment Returns | 4 - 4 |
| | Other Post-employment Benefits | |
| | Schedule of Changes in Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios | 4 – 5 |
| | Schedule of Funding Progress and Employer Contributions | 4 – 6 |
| | Schedule of Employer Contributions | 4 – 7 |
| | Schedule of Investment Returns | 4 – 8 |
| | Notes to Required Supplementary Information | 4 – 9 |
| 5 | Other Supplementary Information | |
| | Combining Statement of Net Position – Fiduciary Funds | 5 – 1 |
| | Combining Statement of Changes in Net Position – Fiduciary Funds | 5 – 2 |
| 6 | Statistical Section (Unaudited) | |
| | Financial Trends | |
| | Net Position by Component | 6 – 1 |
| | Changes in Net Position | 6 – 2 |
| | Fund Balances – Governmental Funds | 6 – 3 |
| | Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds | 6 – 4 |
| | Revenue Capacity | |
| | Governmental Activities Tax Revenue by Source | 6 – 5 |
| | Taxable and Assessed Values of Property | 6 - 6 |
| | Taxable Valuations by County | 6 – 7 |
| | Property Tax Rates | 6 – 8 |
| | Property Tax Levies and Collections | 6 – 9 |
| | Principal Property Taxpayers | 6 – 10 |

<u>Page</u>

Section

6 <u>Statistical Section (Unaudited) (continued)</u>

| Demographic and Economic Information | |
|---|--------|
| Demographic and Economic Statistics | 6 – 11 |
| Principal Employers | 6 – 13 |
| Operating Information | |
| Full-Time Equivalent Employees by Location | 6 – 14 |
| Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program | 6 – 15 |
| Metropark General Governmental Expenditures by Type | 6 – 18 |
| Metropark General Governmental Expenditures by Park | 6 – 19 |
| Metropark General Governmental Revenues by Source | 6 – 21 |
| Metropark Operating Revenues by Park | 6 – 22 |
| Metropark Operating Revenues by Type | 6 – 23 |

<u>Page</u>

INTRODUCTORY SECTION



June 1, 2018

To the Board of Commissioners, Director, and Citizens of the Huron-Clinton Metropolitan Authority Park Districts:

State law requires that all local governmental units, including authorities such as the Huron-Clinton Metropolitan Authority, publish within six months of the close of each fiscal year a complete set of financial statements presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and audited in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards by a firm of licensed certified public accountants. Pursuant to that requirement, we hereby issue the comprehensive annual financial report of the Huron-Clinton Metropolitan Authority for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2017. Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with management. GASB 34 requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the Basic Financial Statements in the form of a Management's Discussion & Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

The financial reporting entity of the Huron-Clinton Metropolitan Authority includes all funds of the Huron-Clinton Metropolitan Authority. The Authority is a special district form of government operating independently of all other governmental agencies. It provides a full range of recreational activities in the five-county region including Wayne, Macomb, Oakland, Washtenaw, and Livingston Counties (Counties).

GOVERNMENTAL STRUCTURE, LOCAL ECONOMIC CONDITION, AND OUTLOOK

The Huron-Clinton Metropolitan Authority was sanctioned by Public Act 147 of Public Acts 1939. This Act provided for the incorporation of the Huron-Clinton Metropolitan Authority to permit the Counties to join in a metropolitan district for planning, promoting and/or acquiring, constructing, owning, developing, maintaining and operating, either within or without their limits, parks, connecting drives and/or limited access highways; to provide for the assessment, levy and collection of property taxes on both real and personal properties located within its boundaries. A referendum was held on November 5, 1940 and the citizens of the five-county district approved the creation of the Huron-Clinton Metropolitan Authority.

Delhi | Dexter-Huron | Hudson Mills | Huron Meadows | Indian Springs | Kensington Lake Erie | Lower Huron | Lake St. Clair | Oakwoods | Stony Creek | Willow | Wolcott Mill

| Kurt L. Heise Stevens E. Williams Bernard Parker Robert W. Marans John Paul Rea Timothy J. McCarthy Jaye | | E | Board of Commissioners | | |
|---|--|---|------------------------|--|----------------------------------|
| Governor Appointee Livingston County Wayne County Washtenaw County Macomb County Governor Appointee Oakla | | | | | Jaye Quadrozzi Oakland County |

The governing body of the Huron-Clinton Metropolitan Authority is a seven member Board of Commissioners. Two Commissioners serve as representatives at large and are appointed by the Governor of Michigan for four-year terms. The other five commissioners are appointed by their respective county Board of Commissioners and they serve a six-year staggered term. Public meetings of the Board of Commissioners are held on the second Thursday of each month. The Board of Commissioners is responsible for setting policy, adopting the budget, setting fees, approving contracts, land acquisition and expenditures, planning of new parks and facilities, and appointing the Director.

The Director is responsible for carrying out the policies of the Board of Commissioners, for overseeing the day-to-day operations of the park system, hiring all full time employees, and approving all purchase commitments of the Authority. The CFO is responsible for maintaining all financial accounting records, collecting all revenues due, investing all funds, issuing payment vouchers for goods, services and payrolls, maintaining property/casualty insurances and serves as the Pension Plan Trustee and Retiree Health Trust Plan Administrator.

The Authority's main endeavor is to provide a variety of quality recreational opportunities through the development of natural resources along the Huron and Clinton Rivers for the benefit of the 4.4 million citizens of the five-county park district located in southeastern Michigan. Since its inception, the Authority has created thirteen Metroparks covering nearly 25,000 acres within the 1,600 square mile watershed area of the Huron and Clinton Rivers. The Authority, named after the two longest rivers within its boundaries, is a dynamic and changing organization striving to provide its services while minimizing disruption to existing land use.

The characteristics of the Metroparks are different from recreation supplied by most other units of government or by the private sector. Generally, Metroparks are fairly large and offer a blend of natural resources such as lakes, rivers, woods, or wildlife area with constructed facilities that provide for more intensive recreational pursuits such as swimming, golfing, bicycling, cross-country skiing or other outdoor recreation. These Metroparks are within an hour's drive for most of the residents of the region and are generally considered "day use" parks.

The Metroparks range in size from 53 acres at Delhi Metropark to over 4,400 acres at Stony Creek Metropark. The larger Metroparks are designed to accommodate crowds of 35,000 or more on peak use days. In 2017, the Metropark system provided recreation for 7.3 million park visitors.

The Authority's centralized Administrative Office coordinates the development and operation of all thirteen Metroparks. The following departments are housed at the Administrative Office: (1) Executive; (2) Finance; (3) Fund Development; (4) Engineering; (5) Planning; (6) Natural Resources; (7) Human Resources; (8) Communications/Marketing; (9) Purchasing; (10) Information Systems; and (11) Police.

The day-to-day administration, operation, and maintenance of each Metropark is coordinated through three district park superintendents. These district park superintendents oversee all on-site park activities, operations and maintenance of buildings, roads and grounds.

The economic climate of the regions in Southeast Michigan continues to stabilize and regain strength in its 7th year of recovery. Unemployment levels are falling, but still holding on average above the national rate. Wages and salaries continue to trend growth at a rate faster than the national average. Southeast Michigan saw home rates rise and finally reach back to the 2007 levels, just slightly below prerecession levels. With growth continuing to be steady in the housing markets and values, we anticipate our tax base on property tax will continue to hold strong and see growth.

MAJOR INITIATIVES

The Authority's staff, following directions from the Board of Commissioners and the Director, has been involved in a variety of capital projects throughout the year. These projects reflect the Authority's ongoing commitment to providing quality public recreational facilities and services in a well-maintained and safe environment to the citizens of Southeast Michigan. The major activities and accomplishments during 2017 included:

- 1. At various locations throughout the Metroparks, fiber optic lines were installed to improve the IT infrastructure and connectivity. The cost for this improvement totaled \$1,029,000. Improved connectivity was essential for implementation of several management initiatives including a time and attendance system, merchant services functionality and point of sale equipment.
- 2. The west beach front at Lake St. Clair was enhanced through redevelopment of the children's play area. This project resulted in complete removal of the existing, outdated play equipment and installation of new equipment, walks and surfacing. In addition a shelter/gathering spot has been added enhancing the use of the area for families and groups.
- 3. Also at Lake St. Clair, \$800,000 was expended to develop open waterways through the Black Creek Marsh. This work will which was funded through NOAA (National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration) and GLC (Great Lakes Commission) is intended to improve fish spawning habitat in the Lake St. Clair watershed as well as enhancing water based recreation in the Black Creek March. This was primarily accomplished through dredging and development of small pond areas and channels within the existing marshlands.
- 4. Redevelopment of the boat launch facility at Stony Creek Metropark commenced during 2017. This work which is anticipated to cost in excess of \$4 million when completed encompasses two separate projects. The first will rework the boat launch ramps themselves including replacement of skid piers. \$281,000 was expended on this work in 2017. The other component will remove the existing comfort station which is not in compliance with current accessibility standards. This facility will be replaced by Stony Creek Landing. The Landing is an expanded facility which includes food service, enhanced restrooms with showers as well as a patio area overlooking Stony Creek Lake. \$417,000 was expended on the initial development of this project in the fall of 2017.

- 5. At Lake St. Clair the pool and squirt zone backwash connection revised to improve environmental impact and comply with current standards. This work re-routed the discharge which dates back to the original pool development in the 1950's to change the flow for these facilities from the existing storm drain connections to the sanitary sewer.
- 6. Lake Erie's Great Wave facility received an update with the installation of spray toys on the pool deck. This new features include a dump bucket, water cannons, and ground spray features and will improve the play value at the pool for users of all ages.
- 7. Outdated vault latrines were replaced with modern pre-fabricated units at some of the remoter areas of Kensington and Stony Creek. These facilities are a big improvement for areas that do not have easy access to utilities precluding development of class A type facilities. These projects totaled a combined \$302,000.
- 8. Lower Huron Maintenance building was the latest decommissioned and removed underground fuel storage tanks. The replacement tanks are above ground. The cost of this project totaled \$157,000.
- 9. 2017 saw the demolition of three facilities. Stony Creek Baypoint Beach Bathhouse/Food Service, Kensington Maple Beach Bathhouse/Food Service and Wolcott Golf Course Starter/Maintenance Building. The beach facilities were oversized/outdated and did not meet current needs. Wolcott Golf Course was closed as the cost to continue to operate the facility could no longer be supported. 2018 will see replacement comfort stations at both Kensington and Stony Creek beaches.

In total, the Authority invested in park facilities to the extent of nearly \$7.5 million, as work was performed on 54 individual projects. These capitalized projects will help ensure that Metropark facility offerings to our public are in good working order and relevant to today's recreational interests. The vast majority of the 2017 capital improvement expenditures continue to relate to the 3-R's (repair, renovate and replace). Due to the age of the Metropark facilities, it is essential that these types of projects continue to be the primary focus.

FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Management of the Authority is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal controls designed to ensure that the assets of the Authority are protected from loss, theft, or misuse and to ensure that adequate accounting data is compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Internal controls are designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that: (1) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived; and (2) the valuation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management. As management, we assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

FEDERAL FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE

The Authority received Federal financial assistance during 2017 related to the Black Creek Marsh restoration at Lake St. Clair Metropark and also the habitat restoration at Wolcott Mill Metropark. The receipt of these funds will require the independent auditor to issue a Single Audit Report.

BUDGET

The annual budget serves as the foundation for the Huron-Clinton Metropolitan Authority's financial planning and control. The Authority employs a Five-Year Plan for long-range financial planning, which provides general guidance for each year's annual budget. This Five-Year Plan is updated annually. The annual budget process is multi-faceted, involving all units of the Authority. The Authority's Planning, Engineering, and Natural Resources Departments, in conjunction with park operating units, develop capital improvement, equipment, major maintenance, and minor project listings that are reviewed and finalized by mid-September.

All park operating units are required to submit park operation budget requests to the CFO's office near the end of September. The CFO utilizes these requests, along with capital budget requests, as the starting point for developing a proposed General Fund budget. The CFO conducts budget review meetings and presents the proposed budget at a public hearing and then to the Board of Commissioners at the November Board meeting. The appropriated budget is a line item budget prepared by fund, category (i.e., capital improvements, park operations), department/park (i.e., Lake St. Clair, Kensington), sub-department/activity (i.e., golf course, regulatory), and object (i.e., full time wages, utilities). The Director is authorized to make budgetary transfers between line item appropriations. All General Fund budget amendments are approved by the Board of Commissioners on a monthly basis. The Authority maintains an encumbrance accounting system and a work order (project accounting) system for capital construction type projects to assist in maintaining budgetary control.

LONG-TERM FINANCIAL PLANNING

The Huron-Clinton Metropolitan Authority employs a Five-Year Community Recreation Plan as well as a rolling Five-Year Plan. The current Community Recreation Plan covers recreational development for the period from 2018 through 2022. Long term financial planning for the Metroparks system is provided by the rolling Five-Year Plan which is updated and approved by the Board annually. The development of the Five-Year Plan is a planning process that is a joint effort involving the general public, park staff, administrative office staff, planning staff, natural resource staff, engineering staff, interpretive staff, police staff, and the Board of Commissioners. Due to the continued fiscal constraints and the large amount of aging infrastructure within the Metropark system, an emphasis continues to be placed on renovation/redevelopment/restoration type projects rather than new park developments.

The Board of Commissioners and staff have developed the current Five-Year Plan in order to position the Authority to work towards a model of fiscal sustainability. Recognizing the paradigm shift in tax revenue as well as the capital need of aging facilities, roads and other infrastructure, the current five-year plan focuses on these issues:

- Continuation of high standards of maintenance and service levels for existing park operations.
- Increased funding for major maintenance projects at an average of \$ 2.32 million annually.
- Maintenance of a functional fleet of equipment plus equipping new facilities.
- Funding the redevelopment of major assets based on established criteria.
- Funding for the continuation of reconstructing/resurfacing of Authority roads, parking lots, and hike/bike trails.
- Maintaining contributions to the Authority's Retiree Health Care Trust Fund and Pension Trust Fund.

The current Five-Year Plan provides general guidance for the development of the Authority's annual budget each year. Adjustments are made to the Five-Year Plan as dictated by ongoing economic conditions.

DEBT

The Authority has not issued any bonded debt. The Authority's Enabling Act restricts debt issues to revenue bonds. Throughout the history of the Metroparks, it has never been felt beneficial to issue revenue bonds as a means of financing recreational facilities.

OTHER INFORMATION

Independent Audit

State statute requires an annual audit by an independent certified public accountant. The accounting firm of Yeo & Yeo was selected by the Board of Commissioners. The audit is conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and the standards for financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. The audit will meet the requirements set forth by State statute and will include tests of the accounting records of the Authority and other procedures necessary for Yeo & Yeo to express an opinion on the financial statements.

The auditor's report on the financial statements, required supplementary information, and supplemental schedules are included in the Financial Section of this report.

Awards

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the Huron-Clinton Metropolitan Authority for its comprehensive annual financial report for the year

ended December 31, 2016. This was the fourteenth consecutive year that the Authority has achieved this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it again to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for this award.

Acknowledgements

The preparation of this comprehensive annual financial report is a major undertaking and I want to acknowledge the extraordinary efforts of our Finance Department, and especially Chief Accountant Rebecca Baaki and Internal Auditor Molly Goike. Their assistance was absolutely essential and appreciated in submitting this report.

The input and guidance from our independent auditors, Yeo & Yeo, was also appreciated to direct us through the compilation of our comprehensive annual financial report.

Finally, without the support and leadership of the Board of Commissioners this report would not have been possible.

Respectfully submitted,

Rebecca Franchock



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

Huron-Clinton Metropolitan Authority

Michigan

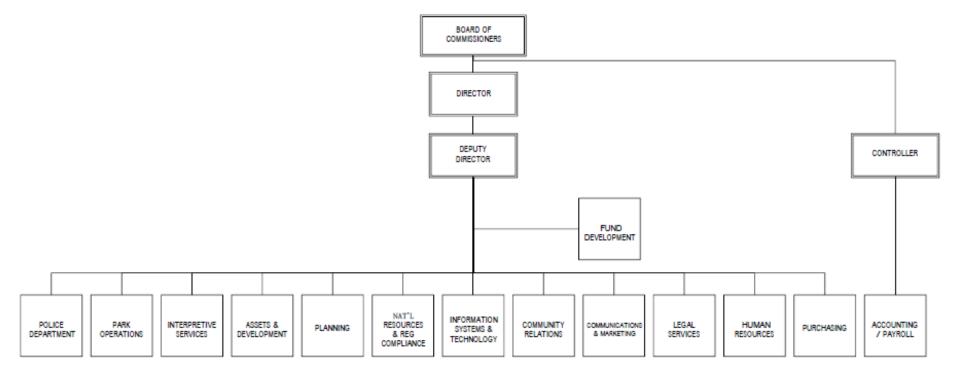
For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

December 31, 2016

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

HCMA FUNCTIONAL ORGANIZATION CHART



Huron-Clinton Metropolitan Authority List of Officials December 31, 2017

| Unit – Title | Name of Official |
|---|-------------------------|
| Administrative Staff | Michael Deser |
| Acting Director | Michael Reese |
| Deputy Director | David B. Kirbach |
| Chief Financial Officer | Vacant |
| Supervisor of Budget and Payroll | Rebecca L. Franchock |
| Supervisor of Accounting | Rebecca J. Baaki |
| Chief of Natural Resources | Ryan Cotton |
| Chief of Police | Michael Reese |
| Director of Development | Julie Hein |
| Information Technology Manager | Robert Rudolph |
| Interpretive Services Manager | Jennifer Hollenbeck |
| Manager of Engineering | Michael A. Brahm-Henkel |
| Manager of Human Resources | Randy Rossman |
| Manager of Planner | Nina Kelly |
| Supervising Field Engineer | Jim Soraghan |
| Supervising Design Engineer | Laura L. Martin |
| EASTERN DISTRICT | |
| District Park Superintendent | Michael G. Lyons |
| District Maintenance Supervisor | Mark V. Lietaert |
| District Interpretive Supervisor | Julie C. Champion |
| Park Operations Manager - Stony Creek, Wolcott Mill Metroparks | Gary G. Hopp |
| Park Operations Manager - Lake St. Clair Metropark | Joseph Hall |
| WESTERN DISTRICT | |
| District Park Superintendent | Jeff Brown |
| District Maintenance Supervisor | Adam Haberkorn |
| District Interpretive Supervisor | Victoria Sluder |
| Park Operations Manager - Kensington, Indian Springs Metroparks | Eric J. Koppin |
| Park Operations Manager - Hudson Mills, Dexter-Huron, Delhi and | |
| Huron Meadows Metroparks | Jerome M. Cyr |
| SOUTHERN DISTRICT | |
| District Park Superintendent | James W. Pershing |
| District Maintenance Supervisor | Joseph B. Jolly |
| District Interpretive Supervisor | Kevin J. Arnold |
| Park Operations Manager - Lower Huron, Willow, Oakwoods | |
| Metroparks | Jeffrey W. Schuman |
| Park Operations Manager - Lake Erie Metropark | Jeffrey D. Linn |
| | - |
| | |

FINANCIAL SECTION



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Independent Auditors' Report

To the Board of Commissioners Huron-Clinton Metropolitan Authority Brighton, Michigan

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Huron-Clinton Metropolitan Authority, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Huron-Clinton Metropolitan Authority's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Huron-Clinton Metropolitan Authority, as of December 31, 2017, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, pension schedules and other post-employment benefit schedules, as identified in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information, because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Huron-Clinton Metropolitan Authority's basic financial statements. The introductory section, statistical section, and other supplementary information, as identified in the table of contents, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not required parts of the basic financial statements.

The other supplementary information, as identified in the table of contents, is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The other supplementary information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the other supplementary information, as identified in the table of contents, is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory section and statistical section, which are the responsibility of management, have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 1, 2018 on our consideration of the Huron-Clinton Metropolitan Authority's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Huron-Clinton Metropolitan Authority's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Huron-Clinton Metropolitan Authority's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

yeo & yeo, P.C.

Auburn Hills, MI June 1, 2018



As management of the Huron-Clinton Metropolitan Authority, we offer the readers of the Authority's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Huron-Clinton Metropolitan Authority for the year ended December 31, 2017. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal, the financial statements, and the notes to the financial statements.

Financial Highlights

The assets of the Authority exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows at the end of 2017 by \$224,200,247 (net position). Of this amount, \$26,607,090 (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the Authority's ongoing obligations to provide park and recreation services to the citizens of the five-county Metropark system.

The Authority's total net position increased by \$427,356.

Authority General Fund revenues of approximately \$52 million were less than the expected 2017 final budget targets by \$763,276 (1.5 percent).

Authority General Fund operating expenditures of approximately \$55 million were under amended 2017 budget amounts by \$14,791,964 (21.2 percent).

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Authority's basic financial statements. The Authority's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: (1) government-wide financial statements, (2) fund financial statements, and (3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-Wide Financial Statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Authority's finances in a manner like private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all the Authority's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference between the assets and deferred outflows and the liabilities and deferred inflows reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Authority is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the Authority's net position changed during the most recent year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, *regardless of the timing of related cash flows*. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future years (i.e., earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the Authority that are principally supported by taxes and program revenues. The sole governmental activity of the Authority consists of providing regional park and recreation services in the five-county metropolitan Detroit area. The Authority is a single purpose governmental agency.

Fund financial statements. A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Authority, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the Authority can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, government fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The Authority maintains two individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for the General and Capital Projects funds, each of which are considered to be major funds.

The Authority adopts an annual appropriated budget for its General Fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided herein to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

Fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are *not* reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are *not* available to support the Authority's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds. The Authority uses a fiduciary fund to account for (1) its single employer, defined benefit pension plan, which accumulates resources for pension benefit payments to qualified Authority retirees. These funds are based on the Plan's December 31 fiscal year ends.

The Defined Benefit Pension Plan is administrated by a third party. An actuarial valuation determines the funding required annually. Under GASB Statement No. 68, the net pension liability as of December 31, 2017 totaled \$18,946,852, which was a decrease of \$4,266,472 from December 31, 2016. The Authority contributed \$2,996,209 for this period.

The Authority established the Retiree Health Care Plan Trust in October 2005 for the exclusive purpose of prefunding retiree healthcare benefits for eligible retirees and spouses.

The Retiree Health Care Plan and Trust was established October 1, 2005 pursuant to Section 115 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 and under the authority of the Public Employee Health Care Fund Investment Act, Public Act 149 of 1999. It provides funding for eligible retiree and spousal health care, life and dental benefits. An actuarial valuation is required every two years and the last valuation was done as of December 31, 2016. Additional work was performed as of December 31, 2017 in accordance with GASB 74 which determined other post-employment benefits (OPEB) liability to be \$38,621,826. At the end of the Plan's twelfth fiscal year, the actuarial value of Trust assets totaled \$28,911,807 (74.9 percent) and net OPEB liability totaled \$9,710,019. The Authority exceeded the funding required by the Annual Required Contribution (ARC) by transferring \$2,149,330 from the General Fund to the Retiree Health Care Trust for the Plan year ended December 31, 2017. This created an asset of \$4,958,576.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Other information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information. This information is limited to schedules concerning the Authority's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension and other post-employment benefits to its employees.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the Huron-Clinton Metropolitan Authority, assets exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows by \$224,200,247 at the close of the year.

By far the largest portion of the Authority's net position (88 percent) reflects its investment in capital assets (i.e., land, buildings, infrastructure, roads, park improvements, vehicles, and equipment). The Authority uses these capital assets to provide park and recreation services to citizens; consequently, these assets are *not* available for future spending.

The Authority does not have any bonded debt.

| | Net Position | | | |
|--|------------------------------|------------------------------|--|--|
| | Governmental Activities | | | |
| | 2017 | 2016 | | |
| Current and other assets Capital assets, net | \$ 81,258,752 197,243,195 | \$ 81,383,372 194,722,125 | | |
| Total assets | 278,501,947 | 276,105,497 | | |
| Deferred outflows of resources | 5,008,332 | 7,280,957 | | |
| Long-term liabilities Other liabilities | 21,688,045 3,805,727 | 26,018,454 3,244,216 | | |
| | 0,000,121 | 0,211,210 | | |
| Total liabilities | 25,493,772 | 29,262,670 | | |
| Deferred inflows of resources | 33,816,260 | 30,350,893 | | |
| Net position | | | | |
| Net investment in capital assets | 197,243,195 | 194,722,125 | | |
| Restricted | 349,962 | 311,705 | | |
| Unrestricted | 26,607,090 | 28,739,061 | | |
| Total net position | \$ 224,200,247 | \$ 223,772,891 | | |

A portion of the Authority's net position is restricted. Amounts have been restricted for future maintenance or construction of the Lake St. Clair Marina facility, per grant requirements. In addition, per contract requirements with an outside party, amounts have been restricted related to the Hudson Mills canoe livery. The unrestricted net position may be used to meet the Authority's ongoing obligations for park and recreation facilities and services to citizens and creditors.

At the end of the current year, the Authority is able to report a positive balance in net position. The same situation held true for the prior fiscal year.

The Authority's net position increased by \$427,356 during the current year.

| | Change in Net Position | | | | | |
|--------------------------------|------------------------------|---------------|--|--|--|--|
| | Governmental Activities | | | | | |
| | 2017 | 2016 | | | | |
| Program revenues | | | | | | |
| Park charges for services | \$ 19,692,340 | \$ 20,130,849 | | | | |
| Operating grants | 1,377,190 | 162,112 | | | | |
| General revenues | | | | | | |
| Property taxes | 30,645,350 | 29,249,583 | | | | |
| Oil and gas royalties | 93,838 | 111,839 | | | | |
| Donations | 32,483 | 44,744 | | | | |
| Interest | 484,795 | 307,934 | | | | |
| Gain on sale of capital assets | - | 240,325 | | | | |
| Miscellaneous | - | 339,905 | | | | |
| Total revenues | 52,325,996 | 50,587,291 | | | | |
| Expenses | | | | | | |
| Recreation and culture | 51,898,640 | 49,554,752 | | | | |
| Change in net position | 427,356 | 1,032,539 | | | | |
| Net position | | | | | | |
| Beginning of year | 223,772,891 | 222,740,352 | | | | |
| End of year | \$ 224,200,247 \$ 223,772,89 | | | | | |

Governmental Activities

Governmental activities increased the Authority's net position by \$427,356, as total 2017 operating revenues of \$52.3 million exceeded total expenditures of \$51.9 million.

Change in Net Position

The change in net position for 2017 is approximately \$0.6 million less than the change in net position for 2016.

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the Authority uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the Authority's *governmental funds* is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of *spendable* resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Authority's financing requirements. In particular, *unassigned fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the year.

As of the end of the current year, the Authority's governmental funds reported a combined ending fund balance of \$42,603,228, a decrease of \$2,923,634 compared to 2016. Approximately 43 percent of this total amount (\$18.3 million) constitutes "unassigned" fund balance. Approximately 2 percent of this total amount (\$1.0 million) is considered nonspendable. Approximately 1 percent of the total amount (\$0.3 million) is considered restricted. Approximately 28 percent of this total amount (\$12.1 million) is considered assigned. The remainder of fund balance (\$10.8 million) is "committed" to indicate that it is not available for new spending because it has already been committed for: (1) capital improvement projects-\$4.7 million, (2) future land purchases-\$5.4 million, and (3) health insurance rate stabilization funds-\$0.7 million.

The general fund is the primary operating fund of the Authority. At the end of the current year, unassigned fund balance of the general fund was \$18,280,129 while total fund balance was \$37,878,390. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare unassigned fund balance to expenditures. The Authority's goal is to maintain the unassigned fund balance at a minimum of 5% of general fund expenditures, and at year end the unassigned fund balance was 33.2% of general fund operating expenditures of \$55 million. The Board of Commissioners has approved a systematic buildup of fund balance with the knowledge of our declining tax revenue.

The fund balance of the Authority's general fund decreased by \$3,053,071.

The following paragraphs present a summary of general fund revenues, which totaled \$51,973,889 for 2017, an overall increase of \$1,442,687 from 2016. Revenues by source were as follows:

| Revenues | 2017 Amount | Percent of Total | 2016 Amount | Amount of Increase (Decrease) | Percent of Increase (Decrease) |
|--------------------------------------|----------------|---------------------|----------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| | | | | | |
| Property taxes | \$30,658,374 | 59.0% | \$29,246,499 | \$1,411,875 | 4.8% |
| Park charges for services | 19,340,845 | 37.2% | 20,130,849 | (790,004) | -3.9% |
| Interest | 449,196 | 0.9% | 287,928 | 161,268 | 56.0% |
| Grants | 284,871 | 0.5% | 76,182 | 208,689 | 273.9% |
| Donations | 245,687 | 0.5% | 130,674 | 115,013 | 88.0% |
| Proceeds from sale of capital assets | 643,421 | 1.2% | 319,165 | 324,256 | 101.6% |
| Other revenue | 351,495 | 0.7% | 339,905 | 11,590 | 3.4% |
| | | | | | |
| Totals | \$51,973,889 | 100.0% | \$50,531,202 | \$1,442,687 | 2.9% |

The Authority's millage rate remained 0.2146 mills in 2017. Taxable values increased marginally from the prior year which contributed to the \$1.4 million (4.8 percent) increase in 2017 property tax collections. We expect "taxable values" to continue to moderately rise as the real estate market stabilizes.

The \$19,340,845 of 2017 park operating revenues were under the 2017 budget goal of \$19,798,139 by \$457,294 (2.3 percent). This represented a \$790,004 (3.9 percent) decrease from 2016 revenues. The Authority's two leading sources of revenue are tolling and golf.

Interest income derived from investments in Certificates of Deposits and U.S. Agency issues increased to \$449,196 in 2017. This was a 56 percent increase from 2016 interest income.

The Authority recognized \$284,871 in grant revenue in 2017. This amount increased \$208,689 from 2016.

Other revenues increased \$11,590 from 2016.

General fund expenditures were \$55,026,960 for 2017, an increase of \$5,852,383 from 2016's expenditures. A detailed breakdown of expenditures by major category is as follows:

| Expenditures | 2017 Amount | Percent of Total | 2016 Amount | Amount of Increase (Decrease) | Percent of Increase (Decrease) |
|-----------------------|----------------|---------------------|----------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Capital improvements | \$ 7,523,357 | 13.7% | \$ 4,159,886 | \$ 3,363,471 | 80.9% |
| Equipment | 2,801,066 | 5.1% | 3,089,427 | (288,361) | -9.3% |
| Land acquisition | 10,900 | 0.0% | 5,056 | 5,844 | 115.6% |
| Major maintenance | 2,270,033 | 4.1% | 1,926,210 | 343,823 | 17.8% |
| Administrative office | 9,122,348 | 16.6% | 7,371,706 | 1,750,642 | 23.7% |
| Park operations | 33,299,256 | 60.5% | 32,622,292 | 676,964 | 2.1% |
| Totals | \$ 55,026,960 | 100.0% | \$ 49,174,577 | \$ 5,852,383 | 11.9% |

Capital improvement outlays cover both the design and construction costs associated with capital improvement projects that exceed the Authority's \$10,000 capitalization limit and develop or add to a capital asset. Engineering, Planning and other staff time that is directly related to the design or construction of these projects is included in the cost of the capital improvement. Throughout 2017, the Authority spent nearly \$7.5 million on capital improvement projects within the Metropark system. This was a 3.4 million dollar increase compared with the amount spent in 2016. The vast majority of 2017 projects continue to relate to the 3-R's type projects (repair, renovate and replace) in accordance with the Board of Commissioner approved revised Five-Year Plan. These projects enhanced the Authority's recreational facilities offered the public in terms of park roads, hike/bike trails, parking lots, buildings, utilities, landscaping, golf courses, and other improvements. Many of the more significant 2017 capital improvement projects have been previously highlighted under the MAJOR INITIATIVES section of this report.

Equipment having an individual value in excess of \$5,000 is capitalized. During 2017, a total of \$2,801,066 was spent equipping the Metroparks system, down from the 2016 amount of \$3,089,427. Auto and truck acquisitions totaled approximately \$885,000. Heavy equipment (mowers, tractors, golf cars, etc.) purchases accounted for approximately \$1,795,000. \$88,000 of purchases related to other equipment such as a two snowmakers, a voyageur canoe and inflatable aquatic equipment.

The final area of capital expenditures relates to land acquisition in which \$10,900 was spent in 2017.

The Authority classifies all non-recurring repair/maintenance-type projects that exceed \$10,000 as Major Maintenance expenses. These projects do not substantially improve or alter an existing facility and, therefore, are not capitalized. During 2017, Metropark facilities were renovated with 95 separate projects at a cost of \$2,270,033.

Administration Office expenses reflect the cost of running the Authority's centralized Administrative Office, which ran \$9,122,348 in 2017, up 23.7 percent from 2016. This covers the cost of 67 full time equivalent employees, materials, supplies and outside consultants utilized in managing the entire Metroparks system.

The direct operating costs associated with operating and maintaining the 13 Metroparks to serve 7.3 million visitors consumed \$33.3 million of Authority funds. Comparing this \$33.3 million of park operating costs to 2016 expenditures of \$32.6 million shows that overall park operating costs increased by \$676,964 (2.1 percent). Personnel related costs, which comprise 74 percent of park operating expenses, increased from \$22,684,000 to \$24,484,000 - up \$1,800,000 (7.9 percent). As discussed earlier, an increase in full time equivalents is the primary cause of the increase. The other 27 percent of park operating expenditures relate to material/supply/outside contractual services, which incurred \$8,814,000 of expenses, down \$407,000 (4.8 percent). Some areas of operations that incurred decreases include: operating supplies and utilities.

The capital projects fund is utilized by the Authority to record supplemental major maintenance projects that are non-recurring expenditures to repair/replace existing Metropark infrastructure that is deemed critical to park operations. Funds for these projects are provided from oil/gas revenue. During 2017, \$93,838 of royalty payments were received, with generated investment income totaling \$35,599. At the end of the current year, total fund balance committed in the capital projects fund was \$4,724,838.

The fund balance of the Authority's capital projects fund increased by \$129,437.

The following paragraph presents a summary of capital projects fund revenues, which totaled \$129,437 for 2017, an overall decrease of \$2,408 from 2016. Revenues by source were as follows:

| Revenues | 2017 Percen Amount of Tota | | | | Amount of Increase (Decrease) | | Percent of Increase (Decrease) |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|----------------|----|-------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Oil and gas royalties Interest | \$ 93,838 35,599 | 72.5% 27.5% | \$ | 111,839 20,006 | \$ | (18,001) 15,593 | 747.5% -647.5% |
| Totals | \$ 129,437 | 100.0% | \$ | 131,845 | \$ | (2,408) | 100.0% |

The revenues from oil and gas royalty payments at Kensington Metropark decreased by \$18,001 from 2016 levels. Interest income derived from investments in money market funds and U.S. Agency issues increased, rising from \$20,006 to \$35,599 in 2017 as interest rates began to rise slightly.

Capital Project fund expenditures were \$0 for 2017, the same as 2016.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Over the course of the year, the Authority's Board of Commissioners amended the budget to account for changes made necessary due to unanticipated events or situations requiring increased expenditures for operations or capital activities.

The original General Fund budget anticipated a \$10,810,796 use of fund balance, while the final amended budget increased this to \$17,455,180. The actual change in fund balance for the 2017 fiscal year was a decrease of \$3,053,071.

During the year, general fund revenues were under final budgetary estimates in total by \$763,276. Park operating revenues fell short of the budgeted target of \$19,798,139 by \$457,294. This was offset by \$530,191 more of interest and other revenues then the budget anticipated.

Park operation and administrative expenditures were significantly less than anticipated by approximately \$3,405,663. Major maintenance expenditures were less than projected, coming in approximately \$2,228,888 under final budget projections. This is due to some projects being delayed or deemed not necessary at this time. Capital expenditures were under budget by approximately \$9,157,413, resulting mainly from capital improvement projects that were in progress or carried over and re-budgeted at year end.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital assets. The Authority's investment in capital assets for its governmental-type activities as of December 31, 2017 amounted to \$197,243,195 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, land improvements (golf courses, etc.), buildings, roads, bridges, sewer/water systems, park facilities, and equipment. The total increase in the Authority's investment in capital assets (net of depreciation) for the year totaled \$2,521,070 (1.3 percent).

Major capital asset events during the current year included the following:

| Spray Pad Surfacing | Lake St. Clair | \$ 352,279 |
|--|----------------|------------|
| Spray Pad Revisions | Indian Springs | 289,427 |
| Bank Stabilization (Rip Rap) | Willow | 149,968 |
| Dryvit Building Surface Replacement | Lake St. Clair | 106,282 |
| Emergency Culvert Repairs-Front Nine | Willow Golf | 88,178 |
| Epoxy Paint Pool | Lake St. Clair | 87,557 |

| | (Net of De | Capital Assets (Net of Depreciation) Governmental Activities 2017 2016 | | | | |
|---|---|---|--|--|--|--|
| Land Land improvements Construction in progress Buildings Equipment Other improvements Infrastructure | \$ 46,961,099 34,087,411 6,072,246 33,795,716 9,386,632 37,120,900 29,819,191 | \$ 46,950,199 34,778,070 2,327,832 34,899,831 8,140,313 36,618,685 31,007,195 | | | | |
| Total capital assets, net | \$ 197,243,195 | \$ 194,722,125 | | | | |

Additional information on the Authority's capital assets can be found in Note 6 in the Notes to Financial Statements.

Long-term debt. The Authority has recognized \$3,768,959 in accrued compensated absences.

The Authority has no bonded debt or capital leases.

Additional information on the Authority's long-term debt can be found in Note 7 in the Notes to the Financial Statements.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget and Rates

The following factors guided the preparation of the Authority's 2018 Budget:

- Property tax revenues were based on a rolled back millage rate of .2140 mills. The 2018 Budget was based on "net" tax levy revenues of \$31.1 million after factoring out estimated captured tax revenues from tax abatement programs and adding in an anticipated reimbursement for Personal Property Taxes from the State. This represents a 4.1 percent increase from the 2017 original budget.
- Fees and charges rates were held stable. Increases in grant revenues is expected to finance three specific projects.
- Increase spending in capital equipment and major maintenance, several new administrative positions, as well as 2017 updates to the 2016-2020 Five-Year Capital Project Plan.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Huron-Clinton Metropolitan Authority's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Supervisor of Budget and Payroll, Huron-Clinton Metropolitan Authority, 13000 High Ridge Drive, Brighton, Michigan, 48114-9058.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Huron-Clinton Metropolitan Authority Statement of Net Position December 31, 2017

| | Governmental Activities | |
|---|----------------------------|--|
| Assets | | |
| Current assets | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ 8,442,303 | |
| Investments | 23,010,386 | |
| Receivables, net | 29,993,129 | |
| Due from other units of government | 879,115 | |
| Inventories | 380,926 | |
| Prepaid items | 674,947 | |
| Total current assets | 63,380,806 | |
| Noncurrent assets | | |
| Investments | 12,919,370 | |
| Net other post-employment benefit asset | 4,958,576 | |
| Capital assets not being depreciated | 87,120,756 | |
| Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation | 110,122,439 | |
| Total noncurrent assets | 215,121,141 | |
| Total assets | 278,501,947 | |
| Deferred Outflows of Resources | | |
| Deferred amount relating to net pension liability | 5,008,332 | |
| Total assets and deferred outflows of resources | 283,510,279 | |

Huron-Clinton Metropolitan Authority Statement of Net Position December 31, 2017

| Liabilities | G | overnmental Activities |
|---|----|---------------------------|
| Current | | |
| Accounts payable | \$ | 1,859,161 |
| Accounts payable Accrued and other liabilities | φ | 644,468 |
| Unearned revenue | | 274,332 |
| Compensated absences due within one year | | 1,027,766 |
| Total current liabilities | | 3,805,727 |
| Total current habilities | | 0,000,727 |
| Noncurrent liabilities | | |
| Compensated absences due in more than one year | | 2,741,193 |
| Net pension liability | | 18,946,852 |
| Total noncurrent liabilities | | 21,688,045 |
| | | |
| Total liabilities | | 25,493,772 |
| Deferred Inflows of Resources | | |
| Property taxes levied for a subsequent period | | 29,946,151 |
| Deferred amount relating to net pension liability | | 3,870,109 |
| Delened amount relating to het pension hability | | 3,070,105 |
| Total deferred inflows of resources | | 33,816,260 |
| | | |
| Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources | | 59,310,032 |
| Net Position | | |
| Investment in capital assets | | 197,243,195 |
| Restricted for | | 197,243,195 |
| Lake St. Clair Marina | | 342,563 |
| Hudson Mills Canoe Livery | | 342,563 7,399 |
| Unrestricted | | 26,607,090 |
| | | 20,007,030 |
| Total net position | \$ | 224,200,247 |
| | Ŧ | , , |

Huron-Clinton Metropolitan Authority Statement of Activities For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

| | | Program | Revenues | Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in | | |
|--|---|-------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Functions/Programs | Expenses | Charges for Services | Operating Grants and Contributions | Net Position Governmental Activities | | |
| Primary government Governmental activities Recreation and culture | <u>\$51,898,640</u> | <u>\$ 19,692,340</u> | <u>\$ 1,377,190</u> | \$ (30,829,110) | | |
| | General revenues Property taxes Investment earnings Donations Oil and gas royalties | | | 30,645,350 484,795 32,483 93,838 | | |
| | Total general revenues | | | 31,256,466 | | |
| | Change in net position | | | 427,356 | | |
| | Net position - beginning | of year | | 223,772,891 | | |
| | Net position - end of yea | ır | | \$ 224,200,247 | | |

Huron-Clinton Metropolitan Authority Governmental Funds Balance Sheet December 31, 2017

| | General | | Capital Projects | | Total | |
|------------------------------------|-----------|------------|---------------------|-----------|-------|------------|
| Assets | | | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ | 3,732,141 | \$ | 4,710,162 | \$ | 8,442,303 |
| Investments | | 35,929,756 | | - | | 35,929,756 |
| Receivables | | | | | | |
| Property taxes, net | | 29,752,631 | | - | | 29,752,631 |
| Accounts receivable | | 225,822 | | 14,676 | | 240,498 |
| Due from other units of government | | 879,115 | | - | | 879,115 |
| Inventories | | 380,926 | | - | | 380,926 |
| Prepaid items | | 674,947 | | - | | 674,947 |
| Total assets | <u>\$</u> | 71,575,338 | \$ | 4,724,838 | \$ | 76,300,176 |

Huron-Clinton Metropolitan Authority Governmental Funds Balance Sheet December 31, 2017

| | | General | Capital Projects | Total |
|--|-----------|---|--|--|
| Liabilities Accounts payable Accrued and other liabilities Unearned revenue | \$ | 1,859,161 644,468 274,332 | \$ - - | \$ 1,859,161 644,468 274,332 |
| Total liabilities | | 2,777,961 | _ | 2,777,961 |
| Deferred Inflows of Resources Unavailable revenue Property taxes levied for a subsequent period | | 972,836 29,946,151 | - | 972,836 29,946,151 |
| Total deferred inflows of resources | | 30,918,987 | - | 30,918,987 |
| Fund Balances Non-spendable | | | | |
| Inventories | | 380,926 | - | 380,926 |
| Prepaid items Restricted Committed Assigned Unassigned | | 674,947 349,962 6,083,467 12,108,959 18,280,129 | - - 4,724,838 - - - | 674,947 349,962 10,808,305 12,108,959 18,280,129 |
| Total fund balances | | 37,878,390 | 4,724,838 | 42,603,228 |
| Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances | <u>\$</u> | 71,575,338 | \$ 4,724,838 | \$ 76,300,176 |

See Accompanying Notes to the Financial Statements

Huron-Clinton Metropolitan Authority Governmental Funds Reconciliation of Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to Net Position of Governmental Activities December 31, 2017

| Total fund balances for governmental funds | \$ | 42,603,228 |
|--|-----------|-----------------------------|
| Total net position for governmental activities in the statement of net position is different because: | | |
| Capital assets net of accumulated depreciation used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds. | | 110,122,439 |
| Capital assets not being depreciated used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds. | | 87,120,756 |
| Long-term receivables are not available to pay for current period expenditures and are therefore deferred inflows of resources in the governmental funds. | | 972,836 |
| Long-term assets are not applicable to the current period and are not reported in the funds. Net other post employment asset | | 4,958,576 |
| Deferred outflows (inflows) of resources. Deferred inflows of resources resulting from net pension liability Deferred outflow of resources resulting from net pension liability | | (3,870,109) 5,008,332 |
| Long-term liabilities applicable to governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and, accordingly, are not reported as fund liabilities. Compensated absences Net pension liability | | (3,768,959) (18,946,852) |
| Net position of governmental activities | <u>\$</u> | 224,200,247 |

Huron-Clinton Metropolitan Authority Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

| Revenues | | General | Capital Projects | | Total |
|---|-----------|---------------------|---------------------|-----------|---------------------|
| Property taxes | \$ | 30,658,374 | | \$ | 30,658,374 |
| Oil and gas royalties Operating grants | | - 284,871 | 93,838 | | 93,838 284,871 |
| Donations | | 245,687 | - | | 245,687 |
| Charges for services | | 19,340,845 | - | | 19,340,845 |
| Interest income Other revenue | | 449,196 351,495 | 35,599 | | 484,795 351,495 |
| | | | | | |
| Total revenues | | 51,330,468 | 129,437 | | 51,459,905 |
| Expenditures | | | | | |
| Current Operating | | | | | |
| Park operations | | 33,299,256 | - | | 33,299,256 |
| Major maintenance | | 2,270,033 | - | | 2,270,033 |
| Administrative offices | | 9,122,348 | - | | 9,122,348 |
| Total operating | | 44,691,637 | - | | 44,691,637 |
| Capital outlay | | | | | |
| Capital improvements Equipment | | 7,523,357 | - | | 7,523,357 |
| Land acquisition | | 2,801,066 10,900 | - | | 2,801,066 10,900 |
| Total capital outlay | | 10,335,323 | _ | | 10,335,323 |
| Total expenditures | | 55,026,960 | - | | 55,026,960 |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures | | (3,696,492) | 129,437 | | (3,567,055) |
| Other financing sources | | | | | |
| Proceeds from sale of capital assets | | 643,421 | - | | 643,421 |
| Net change in fund balance | | (3,053,071) | 129,437 | | (2,923,634) |
| Fund balance - beginning of year | | 40,931,461 | 4,595,401 | | 45,526,862 |
| Fund balance - end of year | <u>\$</u> | 37,878,390 | <u>\$ 4,724,838</u> | <u>\$</u> | 42,603,228 |

See Accompanying Notes to the Financial Statements

Huron-Clinton Metropolitan Authority Governmental Funds Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

| Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds | \$ (2,923,634) |
|--|---|
| Total change in net position reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities is different because: | |
| Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. Depreciation expense Capital outlay Net book value of disposed capital assets | (6,174,844) 9,504,904 (808,990) |
| Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenue in the funds. Change in unavailable revenue | 866,091 |
| Expenses are recorded when incurred in the statement of activities. Net change in compensated absences Net other post employment benefit asset | 48,252 673,670 |
| The statement of net position reports the net pension liability and related deferred outflows and inflows of resources. However, the amount recorded on the governmental funds equals actual pension contributions. Change in net pension liability Net change in the deferred inflows of resources related to the net pension liability Net change in the deferred outflows of resources related to the net pension liability | 4,266,472 (2,751,940) (2,272,625) |
| Change in net position of governmental activities | \$ 427,356 |

Huron-Clinton Metropolitan Authority Fiduciary Funds Statement of Net Position December 31, 2017

| Assets | |
|---|----------------------|
| Investments | |
| Equity mutual funds | \$ 45,072,458 |
| Fixed income mutual funds | 37,698,137 |
| Collective investment trust | 5,854,543 |
| Receivables | 154,695 |
| Prepaids | 123,469 |
| Total assets | 88,903,302 |
| Liabilities | |
| Vouchers payable | 94,155 |
| Net Position | |
| Restricted for pension benefits | 59,897,339 |
| Restricted for other post-employment benefits | 28,911,808 |
| | 20,311,000 |
| Total net position | <u>\$ 88,809,147</u> |
| | |

Huron-Clinton Metropolitan Authority Fiduciary Funds Statement of Changes in Net Position For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

| Additions Investment earnings Interest Net increase in fair value of investments | \$ |
|---|----------------------|
| Total investment earnings | 10,968,627 |
| Contributions Employer Plan members | 5,145,539 88,895 |
| Total contributions | 5,234,434 |
| Total additions | 16,203,061 |
| Deductions Benefits Administrative expenses | 5,844,169 357,836 |
| Total deductions | 6,202,005 |
| Change in net position | 10,001,056 |
| Net position - beginning of year | 78,808,091 |
| Net position - end of year | \$ 88,809,147 |

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Reporting entity

The Huron-Clinton Metropolitan Authority (the Authority) was created in 1939 as a special district form of government to provide recreational facilities and services to residents of Livingston, Macomb, Oakland, Washtenaw, and Wayne Counties. The Authority is governed by a Board of Commissioners, which consists of a Commissioner appointed by the Board of Commissioners from each of the five participating counties, and two Commissioners appointed by the Governor of Michigan. Principal funding for the Authority is derived from a property tax levy assessed in each of the five participating counties.

The financial statements of the Authority have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governments. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board is the accepted standardsetting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The Authority's more significant accounting policies are described below.

The Authority has determined that no entities should be consolidated into its basic financial statements as component units. The criteria for including a component unit include entries for which the government is considered to be financially accountable. Therefore, the reporting entity consists only of the primary government.

Government-wide and fund financial statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of changes in activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segments are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with

a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*. This includes all taxes, contributions, and oil and gas royalties and shows how governmental functions are either self-financing or supported by *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting,* as are the fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting.* Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be *available* when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they

are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

The Authority reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the Authority's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Capital Projects Fund is use to record supplemental major maintenance projects of the Authority, which are nonrecurring expenditures to repair or replace existing park facilities. As designated by the Authority, oil and gas revenues received are earmarked to fund these projects.

In addition, the Authority reports pension and other post-employment benefit trust funds, which account for the Authority's single employer, defined benefit pension plan and other post-employment benefits plan. These plans accumulate resources for pension benefit and other post-employment benefit payments to qualified Authority employees. The funds are based on the Plans' December 31 fiscal year ends.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

Assets, liabilities, and net position or equity

Deposits and investments – Cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with a maturity of three months or less when acquired. Investments are stated at fair value based. Certificate of deposits are stated at cost which approximates fair value.

Receivables and payables – In general, outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Activity between funds that is representative of a lending/borrowing arrangement outstanding at the end of the fiscal year is referred to as "advances to/from other funds."

Property tax receivables are shown as net of allowance for uncollectible amounts. The Authority considers all accounts receivable to be fully collectible; accordingly, no allowance for uncollectible amounts is recorded. Property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible amounts of \$85,000. Property taxes are levied on each December 1st on the taxable valuation of property as of the preceding December 31st. Taxes are considered delinquent on March 1st of the following year, at which time penalties and interest are assessed.

The 2016 taxable valuation of the Authority totaled \$139,807,659,201, on which ad valorem taxes consisted of 0.2146 mills for operating purposes. This resulted in \$30,658,374 for operating expenses, exclusive of any Michigan Tax Tribunal or Board of Review adjustments.

Inventories and prepaid items – Inventories are valued at average cost. Inventories of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future fiscal years. For such payments in governmental funds the Authority follows the consumption method, and they therefore are presented as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

Unearned revenue – The Authority has recorded unearned revenue in the fund financial statements and government-wide financial statements equaling the amount of pledged revenue from park patrons and cash received in advance of being earned/used for the subsequent year's activities.

Capital assets – Capital assets, which include property, buildings, equipment, other improvements and infrastructure (roads, bridges, paved pathways, and water/sewer lines), are reported in the applicable governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$5,000 for equipment and \$10,000 for all other assets, and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost, if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are reported at acquisition value.

The reported value excludes normal maintenance and repairs which are essentially amounts spent in relation to capital assets that do not increase the capacity or efficiency of the item or extend its useful life beyond the original estimate. In the case of donations the government values these capital assets at the estimated fair value of the item at the date of its donation.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

| Buildings | 30 to 50 years |
|--------------------|----------------|
| Equipment | 3 to 25 years |
| Other improvements | 15 to 60 years |
| Infrastructure | 15 to 50 years |

Compensated absences – The Authority allows employees to earn annual leave benefits and sick leave termination bonuses based, in part, on length of service. Annual leave is fully vested when earned and sick leave termination bonuses vest upon completion of ten years of service. Upon termination, employees are paid their accumulated sick leave termination bonuses and annual leave depending upon the nature of separation (death, retirement, or termination). All vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

Pensions and other post-employment benefit (OPEB) costs - For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net positon of the Plan and additions to/deductions from Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported to the Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value. The Authority receives actuarially-based calculations to compute the annual required contributions (ARC) necessary to fund the obligations over the remaining amortization periods. In the governmental funds, pension and OPEB costs are recognized as contributions are made. For government-wide statements, the Authority reports the full accrual cost equal to the current year contributions, adjusted for interest and "adjustment to the ARC" on the beginning of the year underpaid amount, if any.

Deferred outflows of resources – A deferred outflow of resources is a consumption of net position by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period. The Authority reports deferred outflows of resources as a result of pension earnings. This amount is the result of a difference between what the plan expected to earn from plan investments and what is actually earned. This amount will be amortized over the next five years and included in pension expense. Changes in assumptions and experience differences relating to the net pension liability are deferred and amortized over the expected remaining services lives of the employees and retirees in the plan.

Deferred inflows of resources – A deferred inflow of resources is an acquisition of net position by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period. For governmental funds this includes unavailable revenue in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. The Authority reports deferred inflows of resources as a result of pension earnings. This amount is the result of a difference between what the plan expected to earn from the plan investments and what the plan actually earned. This amount will be amortized over the next five years and included in pension expense. Changes in assumptions and experience differences relating to the net pension liability are deferred and amortized over the expected remaining services lives of the employees and retirees in the plan.

Fund Balance – In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund balance in the following categories:

Non-spendable – assets that are not available in a spendable form.

Restricted – amounts that are legally imposed or otherwise required by external parties to be used for a specific purpose.

Committed – amounts constrained on use imposed by the government's highest level of decision-making, its Board of Commissioners. A fund balance commitment may be established, modified, or rescinded by a resolution of the Board of Commissioners.

Assigned – amounts intended to be used for specific purposes, as determined by Board of Commissioners. Residual amounts in governmental funds other than the general fund are automatically assigned by their nature.

Unassigned – all other resources; the remaining fund balances

after non-spendable, restrictions, commitments and assignments.

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the government's policy is to consider restricted funds spent first.

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which committed, assigned, or unassigned amounts could be used, the government's policy is to consider the funds to be spent in the following order: (1) committed, (2) assigned, (3) unassigned.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, deferred inflows and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Adoption of New Accounting Standards

Statement No. 74, *Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans* addresses the other postemployment benefit plans (OPEB) – defined benefit and defined contribution – administered through trusts. This Statement will improve the financial reporting primarily through enhanced note disclosures and schedules of required supplementary information that will be presented by OPEB plans that are administered through trusts. This information will enhance the transparency by providing information about measures of net OPEB liabilities and explanations of how and why those liabilities changed from year to year. Statement No. 74 is effective for the fiscal year ending December 31, 2017.

Upcoming Accounting and Reporting Changes

In addition, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board has released the following Statements.

Statement No. 75 Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions establishes standards for recognizing and measuring liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and expense/expenditures. For defined OPEB plans, this Statement identifies the methods and assumptions that are required to be used to project benefit payments, discount projected benefit payments to their actuarial present value, and attribute that present value to periods of employee services. It also requires additional note disclosures and required supplementary information. Statement No. 75 is effective for the fiscal year ending December 31, 2018.

Statement No. 84, Fiduciary Activities improves the guidance regarding the identification of fiduciary activities for accounting and financial reporting purposes and how those activities should be reported. The criteria generally is on (1) is the government controlling the assets of the fiduciary activity and (2) the beneficiaries with whom a fiduciary relationship exists. The four fiduciary funds that should be reported, if applicable: (1) pension (and other employee benefit) trust funds, (2) investment trust funds, (3) private-purpose trust funds, and (4) custodial funds. Custodial funds generally will report fiduciary activities that are not held in a trust or similar arrangement that meets specific criteria. The requirements of this Statement are effective for the fiscal year ending December 31, 2020.

Statement No. 85, Omnibus 2017 addresses practice issues that were identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements. This statement covers issues related to blending component units, goodwill, fair value measurement and application, and postemployment benefits (pensions and other postemployment benefits), which is effective for the fiscal year ending March 31, 2018.

The Authority is evaluating the impact that the above GASBs will have on its financial reporting.

Note 2 - Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

Budgetary information

The Authority is subject to the budgetary control requirements of the Uniform Budgeting Act (P.A. 621 of 1978, as amended). A budget for the general fund is adopted, on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), and is adopted on a category level. An operating budget including major maintenance, park operations, and general administration categories lapses at year end. Capital outlay budgets including engineering and general planning, capital improvements, equipment, and land acquisition categories do not lapse at year-end.

No later than the December regular meeting, the Director submits to the Board of Commissioners a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following January 1. Public hearings are held to obtain taxpayer comments and the budget is legally enacted through passage of an ordinance prior to January 1.

The governing body must approve the budget and amendments, including supplemental appropriations at the category level. The Authority's management can transfer appropriations between line items within a category without governing body approval.

Note 3 - Deposits and Investments

In accordance with Michigan Compiled Laws, the Authority's general fund and capital project funds are authorized to invest in the following investment vehicles:

- a) Bonds, securities, and other obligations of the United States or an agency or instrumentality of the United States.
- b) Certificates of deposit, savings accounts, deposit accounts, or depository receipts of a bank which is a member of the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) or a savings and Ioan association which is a member of the Federal Savings and Loan Insurance Corporation (FSLIC) or a credit union which is insured by the National Credit Union Administration (NCUA), but only if the bank, savings and Ioan association, or credit union is eligible to be a depository of surplus funds belonging to the State under section 5 or 6 of Act No. 105 of the Public Acts of 1855, as amended, being Section 21.145 and 21.146 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.
- c) Commercial paper rated at the time of purchase within the three (3) highest classifications established by not less than two (2) standard rating services and which matures not more than 270 days after the date of purchase.
- d) The United States government or federal agency obligations repurchase agreements.
- e) Bankers' acceptances of United States banks.
- f) Mutual funds composed of investment vehicles, which are legal for direct investment by local units of government in Michigan.

In addition, the Michigan Public Employees Retirement Systems' Investment Act, Public Act 314 of 1965, as amended, authorizes the Authority's Pension Trust Fund and Other Post-Employment Benefit Trust Fund to invest in stocks, government and corporate securities, mortgages, real estate, and various other investment instruments, subject to certain limitations. The Authority's Board of Commissioners is responsible for recommending to the Authority the investment policies and strategies, and retaining/monitoring the various investment managers, trustees, advisors, actuaries and other fiduciaries utilized by the Funds. The Authority is responsible for approving the recommendations of the Board of Commissioners. All investment decisions are subject to Michigan law and the investment policy established by the Authority's Board of Commissioners.

At year end the government's deposits and investments were reported in the financial statements in the following categories:

| | Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments | | | | | | | | Total |
|-------------------------|--|-----------|----|-------------|----|-------------|--|--|-------|
| Governmental activities | \$ | 8,442,303 | \$ | 35,929,756 | \$ | 44,372,059 | | | |
| Fiduciary funds | | - | | 88,625,138 | | 88,625,138 | | | |
| Total | \$ | 8,442,303 | \$ | 124,554,894 | \$ | 132,997,197 | | | |

The breakdown between deposits and investments is as follows:

| | Primary Government | Fiduciary Funds | Total |
|---|-----------------------|----------------------|----------------|
| Bank deposits (checking, savings accounts, and money markets) | \$ 8,406,053 | \$ - | \$ 8,406,053 |
| Investments in securities, mutual funds, and similar vehicles | 35,929,756 | 88,625,138 | 124,554,894 |
| Petty cash and cash on hand | 36,250 | | 36,250 |
| | <u>\$ 44,372,059</u> | <u>\$ 88,625,138</u> | \$ 132,997,197 |

As of year end, the Authority had the following investments:

| Investment | Fair Value | Average S & P Rating | Weighted Average Maturity |
|---|--|---|-------------------------------------|
| U.S. agencies Certificates of deposit Equity mutual funds Fixed income mutual funds Collective investment funds | \$ 12,919,370 23,010,386 45,072,459 37,698,137 5,854,542 124,554,894 | AA+ Not rated Not rated B+ to AA- Not rated | 0.96 0.90 N/A 13.79 N/A |

Interest rate risk – State law limits the allowable investments and the maturities of some of the allowable investments as identified in the above list of authorized investments. The Authority's investment policy does not have specific limits in excess of State law on investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit risk - State law limits investments to specific government

securities, certificates of deposit and bank accounts with qualified institutions, commercial paper with specific maximum maturities and ratings when purchased, bankers acceptances of specific financial institutions, qualified mutual funds and qualified external investment pools as identified in the list of authorized investments above. Incompliance with State law, the Authority's investment policy limits investments to the top two ratings issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations. As of December 31, 2017, the Authority's investments were within these guidelines.

The investment policy adopted by the Board of Commissioners, in accordance with Public Act 196 of 1997, is in accordance with statutory authority.

Concentration of credit risk – State law limits allowable investments but does not limit concentration of credit risk as identified in the list of authorized investments above. The Authority's investment policy does not have specific limits in excess of state law on concentration of credit risk. The investments that exceed 5 percent of the Authority's total investments are in mutual funds, investment pools, and U.S. agencies securities. All investments held at year-end are reported above.

Custodial credit risk - deposits – In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned to it. The government does not have a policy for custodial credit risk. As of year end, \$8,879,882 was exposed to custodial credit risk because it was uninsured and uncollateralized.

Custodial credit risk – For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Authority will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. State law does not require and the Authority does not have a policy for investment custodial credit risk. On the investments listed above, there is no custodial credit risk, as these investments are either uninsured, unregistered, or held by a counterparty in the Authority's name or are uncategorized as to credit risk.

Note 4 - Fair Value Measurements

The Authority categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; and Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The Authority has the following recurring fair value measurements as of December 31, 2017:

- Equity and fixed income mutual funds of \$82.77 million are valued using quoted market prices (Level 1 inputs)
- U.S. agency securities and collective investment funds of \$18.77 million are valued as described below (Level 2 inputs).

Following is a description of the valuation methodologies used for

instruments measured at fair value on a recurring basis and recognized in the accompanying financial statements, as well as the general classification of such instruments pursuant to the valuation hierarchy.

The investments in U.S. agencies are valued based on prices obtained by the investment custodian from independent quotation bureaus that use computerized valuation formulas to calculate current values. The collective investment funds are valued based on a net asset value that is obtained by the investment advisor from the funds.

The collective investment funds are subject to a quarterly redemption process that requires 65 days pre-notification. Funds are redeemable at NAV. There is also a 10% holdback on final payments under which the amount is held in escrow until completion of the fund's audit.

Note 5 - Receivables

Receivables as of year-end for the governmental activities in the aggregate are as follows:

| Primary government | |
|----------------------------|------------------|
| Taxes | \$ 29,752,631 |
| Accrued interest and other | 240,498 |
| | |
| | \$ 29,993,129 |

Note 6 - Capital Assets

Capital assets activity of the governmental activities for the current year is as follows:

| | Beginning Balance | Increases | Increases Decreases | |
|---|----------------------|--------------|---------------------|----------------|
| Governmental activities | | | | |
| Capital assets not being depreciated | | | | |
| Land | \$ 46,950,199 | | • | \$ 46,961,099 |
| Land improvements | 34,778,070 | 65,455 | 756,114 | 34,087,411 |
| Construction-in-progress | 2,327,832 | 5,635,156 | 1,890,742 | 6,072,246 |
| Total capital assets not being depreciated | 84,056,101 | 5,711,511 | 2,646,856 | 87,120,756 |
| Capital assets being depreciated | | | | |
| Buildings | 58,029,009 | 512,240 | 1,243,381 | 57,297,868 |
| Equipment | 23,173,933 | 2,801,065 | 1,745,421 | 24,229,577 |
| Other improvements | 61,033,256 | 2,397,776 | 1,003,621 | 62,427,411 |
| Infrastructure | 60,286,454 | 729,168 | 192,986 | 60,822,636 |
| Total capital assets being depreciated | 202,522,652 | 6,440,249 | 4,185,409 | 204,777,492 |
| Less accumulated depreciation for | | | | |
| Buildings | 23,129,178 | 1,133,224 | 760,250 | 23,502,152 |
| Equipment | 15,033,620 | 1,471,181 | 1,661,856 | 14,842,945 |
| Other improvements | 24,414,571 | 1,692,454 | 800,514 | 25,306,511 |
| Infrastructure | 29,279,259 | 1,877,985 | 153,799 | 31,003,445 |
| Total accumulated depreciation | 91,856,628 | 6,174,844 | 3,376,419 | 94,655,053 |
| Net capital assets being depreciated | 110,666,024 | 265,405 | 808,990 | 110,122,439 |
| Governmental activities capital assets, net | \$ 194,722,125 | \$ 5,976,916 | \$ 3,455,846 | \$ 197,243,195 |

All depreciation expense is charged to recreation and culture on the statement of activities.

Note 7 - Long-Term Debt

Accrued compensated absences amounted to \$3,768,959 at yearend. Of this amount, \$1,027,766 is expected to be paid in the following year.

| | Beginning Balance Additions Reductions | | | Ending Balance | | Due Within One Year | | |
|----------------------|---|----|---------|-----------------------|-----------|------------------------|----|-----------|
| Compensated absences | \$ 3,817,211 | \$ | 995,108 | \$ | 1,043,360 | \$ 3,768,959 | \$ | 1,027,766 |

Note 8 - Risk Management

The Authority is exposed to various risks of loss related to property loss, torts, errors and omissions and employee injuries (workers' compensation), as well as medical benefits provided to employees. The Authority has purchased commercial insurance for all claims. Settled claims relating to the commercial insurance have not exceeded the amount of insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Note 9 - Employee Retirement System

Defined benefit pension plan

Plan description – The Plan is a single-employer contributing defined benefit pension plan covering all of the Authority's full-time employees hired prior to January 1, 2013. Plan members are required to contribute 1% to the Plan. The Plan's fiscal year end is December 31. The Plan is included as a pension trust fund in the Authority's primary government financial statements and a stand-alone financial report of the Plan has not been issued. The Plan is administered by the Authority's Pension Committee as appointed by the Authority's Board of Commissioners. Benefit provisions and contribution requirements are established and may be amended by the Board of Commissioners. Benefits provided – The Plan provides eligible participants with retirement benefits as well as disability benefits. All retirement benefits fully vest after ten years of credited service, with partial vesting granted for service less than ten years. Employees who retire at age 65 are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly in an amount equal to 2% of the highest consecutive five year average monthly earnings in the last ten years of service, with a maximum monthly benefit of 71% of the final average monthly earnings. Employees may retire at age 60 with an unreduced benefit only if they have 25 or more years of service at early retirement. Employees retiring at age 55 with ten years credited service are entitled to receive a reduced monthly retirement benefit.

The Plan's financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. The Authority's contributions to the Plan are recognized when due and the employer has made a formal commitment to provide the contributions. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan. The administrative costs are financed through investment earnings.

Employees covered by benefit terms – At the December 31, 2017 valuation date, the following employees, which is closed to new members, were covered by benefit terms:

| Inactive employees or beneficiaries | |
|---|-----|
| currently receiving benefits | 165 |
| Inactive employees entitled to, but not | |
| yet receiving benefits | 18 |
| Active employees | 135 |
| | 318 |

Investment Policy – The Authority maintains an investment policy for the Plan which permits 5% to 40% of Pension Trust Fund assets to be invested in high quality fixed income securities, 15% to 50% in equity

type securities and 25% to 60% in guaranteed rate of return contracts.

Equity investments and bonds are reported at fair value. Investments for which market quotations are not readily available are valued at their fair values as determined by the custodian under the direction of the Authority's Pension Committee. The investments of the pension trust fund are not federally insured.

Contributions – The annual required contribution for the current period was determined as part of the December 31, 2016 actuarial valuation using the individual entry age actuarial cost method. Benefits are funded on a level percentage of earnings from each participant's date of participation to assumed retirement date. The effects of plan amendments and changes in assumptions are amortized over 30 years. Smoothed asset value spreads the difference between the assumed return and the actual investment return over a five (5) year period and was used to determine the actuarial value of assets. The amortization methods used are either 30-year, level percent of payroll dollar method or a 5-year level dollar method depending on participation in the 2013 early retirement window or not, where the effect of plan amendment and changes in assumptions are amortized over 30 years on a closed basis. The remaining amortization periods as of December 31, 2017 were 23.75 and 0.75 years. Gains and losses are not separately amortized but reduce or increase the amortization balances and payments.

Net pension liability – The employer's net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2017, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an annual actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial assumptions – The total pension liability in the December 31, 2017, annual actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation: 3.50%

Salary increases: 3.69% - 7.25% including inflation. Investment rate of return: 6.75%

Mortality: RP-2014 Generational Mortality Table for males and females, extended via cubic spline. This table is adjusted backwards to 2006 with the MP-2014 scale, resulting in a base year of 2006 with future mortality improvements assumed each year using scale MP-2015.

The actuarial assumptions used in December 31, 2017 valuation were based on results of an actuarial experience study dated September 26, 2016.

The actuarial assumptions used in valuation were based on the results of the most recent actuarial experience study.

Projected Cash Flows – Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to pay all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability. The longterm expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a model method in which the best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of investment and administrative expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

| Asset class US Large Cap Fundamental Equity | Target <u>Allocation</u> 5.00% | Long-term expected real rate of return 9.13% |
|---|--------------------------------------|---|
| US Large Cap Index | 14.00% | 8.00% |
| US Small Cap Equity | 2.00% | 10.15% |
| US Small/Mid Cap Equity Index | 4.00% | 8.00% |
| World Equity ex-US | 15.00% | 9.33% |
| Emerging Markets Equity | 2.00% | 9.67% |
| Core Fixed Income | 20.00% | 6.54% |
| Limited Duration Bonds | 12.00% | 5.65% |
| US High Yield | 2.00% | 7.82% |
| Emerging Markets Debt | 3.00% | 8.75% |
| Diversified Short Term Fixed Income | 4.00% | 5.89% |
| Dynamic Asset Allocation | 6.00% | 10.32% |
| Multi-Asset | 3.00% | 6.50% |
| Structured Credit | 3.00% | 10.52% |
| Private Real Estate | 5.00% | 7.30% |
| | 100.00% | |

Discount rate – The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability is 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that employer and employee contributions will be made at the rates agreed upon for employees and the actuarially determined rates for employers.

Changes in Net Pension Liability

| Total Pension Liability | |
|--|------------------|
| Service cost | \$ 966,866 |
| Interest on the total pension liability | 5,089,192 |
| Difference between expected and actual experience | (6,338) |
| Benefit payments and refunds | (4,235,075) |
| Net change in total pension liability | 1,814,645 |
| Total pension liability - beginning | 77,029,545 |
| Total pension liability - ending (a) | \$ 78,844,190 |
| Plan Fiduciary Net Position | |
| Employer contributions | \$ 2,996,209 |
| Employee contributions | 88,475 |
| Pension plan net investment income (loss) | 7,487,987 |
| Benefit payments and refunds | (4,235,075) |
| Pension plan administrative expense | (256,479) |
| Net change in plan fiduciary net position | 6,081,117 |
| Plan fiduciary net position - beginning | 53,816,221 |
| Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b) | 59,897,338 |
| Net pension liability (a-b) | \$ 18,946,852 |
| Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability | 75.97% |
| Covered employee payroll | \$ 9,259,465 |
| Net pension liability as a percentage of covered employee payroll | 204.62% |

Sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate – The following presents the net pension liability of the employer, calculated using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the

employer's net pension liability would be using a discount rate that is 1% point lower (5.75%) or 1% higher (7.75%) than the current rate.

| | 1% Increase | Current discount rate | 1% Decrease |
|-----------------------|----------------------|--------------------------|----------------------|
| Net pension liability | <u>\$ 28,002,490</u> | <u>\$ 18,946,852</u> | <u>\$ 11,273,431</u> |

Pension expense and deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions – For the year ended December 31, 2017 the employer recognized pension expense of \$3,754,301. The employer reported deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

| | c | Deferred outflows of resources | Deferred inflows of resources | Total to amortize |
|---|----|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------|
| Differences in experience | \$ | - | \$ 540,377 | \$ (540,377) |
| Differences in assumptions Net difference between projected and actual | | 3,244,375 | - | 3,244,375 |
| earnings on pension plan investments | | 1,763,957 | 3,329,732 | (1,565,775) |
| Total | \$ | 5,008,332 | \$ 3,870,109 | \$ 1,138,223 |

Amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

| Year ended, | |
|-------------|-----------------|
| 2018 | \$ 1,115,353 |
| 2019 | 1,192,416 |
| 2020 | (388,622 |
| 2021 | (780,924 |
| | \$ 1,138,223 |

Note 10 - Other Post-employment Benefits

Plan description – On October 1, 2005, the Authority established the Retiree Health Care Plan & Trust (the "Plan and Trust") with a fiscal vear ending December 31. This Plan and Trust was created under the authority of the Public Employee Health Care Fund Investment Act, Public Act 149 of 1999 (MCL 38.1211 et seq.), and constitutes a governmental trust pursuant to Section 115 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended. The activity of the Plan and Trust has been recorded in the Authority's Other Post-Employment Benefit Trust Fund in the Authority's primary government financial statements and a stand-alone financial report of the Plan has not been issued. The Plan is a single-employer defined benefit plan and is administered by the Authority's Retiree Health Care Plan & Trust Committee as appointed by the Authority's Board of Commissioners. Benefit provisions and contribution requirements are established and may be amended by the Board of Commissioners. The Plan and Trust was established to allow for the Authority's funding of retiree health care benefits, an essential governmental function. The Plan and Trust was created for the exclusive purpose of providing health care, dental, and optical insurance benefits or such other benefits approved by the Authority for the welfare of certain retirees and spouses eligible to receive a retirement benefit. Substantially all of the Authority's employees hired prior to January 1, 2009 may become eligible for these benefits when they retire, after attaining 10 years of credited service. Effective January 1, 2009, employees hired on or after January 1, 2009 are not covered under the Retiree Health Care Plan and Trust, but are covered under the Retirement Health Savings Plan.

The Authority maintains an investment policy for the Plan and Trust which permits 5% to 40% of Plan and Trust assets to be invested in high quality fixed income securities, 15% to 50% in equity type securities and 25% to 60% in guaranteed rate of return contracts.

The Plan and Trust's financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. The Authority's contributions to the Plan

and Trust are recognized in the period that the contributions are due. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan.

Investments are reported at fair value, as indicated by quoted market prices as of December 31, 2017. Shares of mutual funds are valued at the net asset value of the shares held by the Plan and Trust at December 31, 2017.

The Authority's annual cost of providing other post-employment benefits (OPEB) is calculated based on the annual required contribution (ARC) to the employer. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover the normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities or funding excess over a period not to exceed 30 years.

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions regarding the probability of the occurrence of events in the future. Examples of such assumptions include future employment and retirement patterns, mortality, investment rate returns, and health care inflation. These assumptions are subject to continual revision as actual results are measured against past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedules of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, present multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial values of plan assets are increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

The entry age actuarial cost method was used to prepare the most recent actuarial valuation dated December 31, 2017. Other significant assumptions were as follows: (a) investments are assumed to earn 6.75% per year, (b) health care costs are assumed to increase at an annual rate of 9% in year 1, reduced by 0.75% each year for the next three years and 0.50%-0.75% each year for the following six years

Huron-Clinton Metropolitan Authority Notes to the Financial Statements December 31, 2017

until an ultimate rate of 3.50% is reached in the tenth year and beyond of which the rates include a 3.50% inflation assumption, (c) compensation is assumed to increase 3.50% per year and (d) active member population was assumed to remain constant. The unfunded liability is being amortized as a level dollar over a closed period of 24.75 years.

Effective January 1, 2009 the Retiree Health Care Plan and Trust was closed to new entrants; therefore, the annual required contribution is no longer allowed to be calculated assuming an increasing active payroll.

Funding Policy – The Authority contributes to the Plan and Trust an amount consistent with the actuarial valuations and calculations made by the Actuary for the Plan and Trust to result in a pre-funded plan. The Authority reserves the right to fund these health care benefits on a pay-as-you-go basis and the right to provide such lesser amount as the Authority determines. Qualified beneficiaries shall contribute those amounts required for additional coverage as optioned by such qualified beneficiaries, required by an applicable collective bargaining agreement, and otherwise determined by the Trustees.

Funding Progress – The accompanying schedules of employer contributions present trend information about the amounts contributed to the plan by employers in comparison to the ARC, an amount that is actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 43. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost for each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty (30) years.

The Authority's computed contribution and actual funding is summarized as follows:

| Annual required contribution | \$ 1,415,660 |
|--|----------------------|
| Interest on net OPEB asset Adjustment to annual required contribution | (289,231) 349,232 |
| Annual OPEB cost | 1,475,661 |
| Contribution made | (2,149,330) |
| Change in net OPEB asset | (673,669) |
| Net OPEB (asset), beginning of year | (4,284,907) |
| Net OPEB (asset), end of year | \$ (4,958,576) |

The Authority's annual OPEB cost, percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed and the net OPEB obligation (asset) for the last three (3) years were as follows:

| Fiscal year ending | Annual OPEB cost | Actual contribution | Percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed | Net OPEB (asset) |
|-----------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---|---------------------|
| 12/31/2015 | \$ 958,049 | \$ 1,200,000 | 125.2% | \$ (4,333,946) |
| 12/31/2016 | 953,063 | 904,023 | 94.9% | (4,284,907) |
| 12/31/2017 | 1,475,661 | 2,149,330 | 145.7% | (4,958,576) |

The current funding progress of the plan as of December 31, 2017, the date of the most recent actuarial valuation, is as follows:

| Actuarial accrued liabilities (AAL) Actuarial value of plan assets Unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) Funded ratio | \$ \$ | 36,819,142 25,072,686 11,746,456 68.1% |
|--|----------|---|
| Covered payroll (active plan members) | \$ | 9,252,828 |
| UAAL as a percentage of covered payroll | | 126.95% |

Plan membership – At December 31, 2017, the plan membership, which is closed to new members, consisted of the following:

| Inactive plan members or beneficiaries | |
|--|-----|
| currently receiving benefit payments | 154 |
| Inactive plan members entitled to, but not | |
| yet receiving benefit payments | - |
| Active plan members | 144 |
| | 298 |

Asset allocation targets for investments in the trust are:

| | | Long-term |
|---------------------------------------|------------|----------------|
| | Target | expected real |
| Asset class | Allocation | rate of return |
| U.S. Large Cap Fundamental Equity | 4.00% | 9.13% |
| U.S. Large Cap Index | 15.00% | 8.00% |
| U.S. Small/Mid Cap Equity Index | 6.00% | 8.00% |
| World Equity ex-U.S. | 15.00% | 9.33% |
| Emerging Markets Equity | 2.00% | 9.67% |
| Core Fixed Income | 20.00% | 6.54% |
| Limited Duration Bonds | 13.00% | 5.65% |
| U.S. High Yield | 2.00% | 7.82% |
| Emerging Markets Debt | 4.00% | 8.75% |
| Diversified Short Term Fixed Income | 7.00% | 5.89% |
| Dynamic Asset Allocation | 6.00% | 10.32% |
| Multi-Asset | 3.00% | 6.50% |
| Private Real Estate | 3.00% | 7.30% |
| · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | 100.0% | |

Rate of return – For the year ended December 31, 2017, the annual money-weighted rate of return on investments, net of investment expense, was 13.31%. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expenses, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

Net OPEB liability – the components of the net OPEB liability as of December 31, 2017 were as follows:

| Total OPEB liability | \$ 38,621,826 |
|-----------------------------|------------------|
| Plan fiduciary net position | (28,911,807) |
| Net OPEB liability | \$ 9,710,019 |

Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability is 74.86%.

Huron-Clinton Metropolitan Authority Notes to the Financial Statements December 31, 2017

Actuarial assumptions – The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2017, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement.

| Inflation | 3.50% |
|-----------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Salary increases | 3.69% to 7.25%, average, including |
| | inflation |
| Investment rate of return | 6.75%, net of OPEB plan investment |
| | expense, including inflation |
| Healthcare cost trend rates | 9.0%, decreasing .55% per year to a |
| | rate of 3.5% in year 10 |

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Generational Mortality Table for males and females, extended via cubic spline. This table is adjusted backwards to 2006 with the MP-2014 scale, resulting in a base year of 2006 with future mortality improvements assumed each year using scale MP-2015.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period September 28, 2016.

Discount rate – The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that Authority contributions will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

Sensitivity of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate – The following presents the net OPEB liability of the Authority, as well as what the Authority's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1% lower (5.75%) or 1% higher (7.75%) than the current discount rate.

| | Current | | | | | | |
|--------------------|---------------|---------------|--------------|--|--|--|--|
| | 1% decrease | discount rate | 1% increase | | | | |
| Net OPEB liability | \$ 14,696,870 | \$ 9,710,019 | \$ 5,576,089 | | | | |

Sensitivity of the net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates – The following presents the net OPEB liability of the Authority, as well as what the Authority's net OPEB liability would be if were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1% lower or 1% higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

| | | Healthcare | |
|--------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------|
| | 1% decrease | cost trend rates | 1% increase |
| Net OPEB liability | <u>\$ 5,496,359</u> | <u>\$ 9,710,019</u> | \$ 14,621,265 |

Huron-Clinton Metropolitan Authority Notes to the Financial Statements December 31, 2017

Note 11 - Financial Statements for Individual Pension and Other Post-employment Benefits

Combining Financial Information - The combining financial information of the Authority's pension trust fund and the post-employment benefit trust fund, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2017, is as follows:

| | Pension Trust Fund | Other ost-Employment Benefit Trust Fund | Total | |
|---|---------------------------|--|------------|------------------|
| Assets | | | | |
| Investments | ~~~~~~~~~ | | | |
| Equity mutual funds | \$ 30,807,390 | \$ | 14,265,068 | \$ 45,072,458 |
| Fixed income mutual funds | 24,055,704 | | 13,642,433 | 37,698,137 |
| Collective investment trust | 5,004,543 | | 850,000 | 5,854,543 |
| Receivables | 97,419 | | 57,276 | 154,695 |
| Prepaids | - | | 123,469 | 123,469 |
| Total assets | 59,965,056 | | 28,938,246 | 88,903,302 |
| Liabilities | | | | |
| Vouchers payable | 67,717 | | 26,438 | 94,155 |
| Net Position | | | | |
| Restricted for pension benefits | 59,897,339 | | - | 59,897,339 |
| Restricted for other post-employment benefits | - | | 28,911,808 | 28,911,808 |
| Total net position | \$ 59,897,339 | \$ | 28,911,808 | \$ 88,809,147 |

| Additions | Pension Trust Fund | Post-Employment Benefit Trust Fund | Total |
|---|-----------------------|--|---------------|
| Investment earnings | | | |
| Interest and dividends | \$ 1,198,032 | \$ 624,309 | \$ 1,822,341 |
| Net increase in fair value of investments | 6,289,955 | 2,856,331 | 9,146,286 |
| | · · · · · · | | · · · · · |
| Total investment earnings | 7,487,987 | 3,480,640 | 10,968,627 |
| | | | |
| Contributions | 0.000.000 | 0.440.000 | E 445 500 |
| Employer | 2,996,209 | 2,149,330 | 5,145,539 |
| Plan members | 88,475 | 420 | 88,895 |
| Total contributions | 3,084,684 | 2,149,750 | 5,234,434 |
| | | | |
| Total additions | 10,572,671 | 5,630,390 | 16,203,061 |
| Deductions | | | |
| Benefit payments | 4,235,075 | 1,609,094 | 5,844,169 |
| Administrative expenses | 256,478 | 101,358 | 357,836 |
| Administrative expenses | 200,470 | 101,000 | 337,030 |
| Total deductions | 4,491,553 | 1,710,452 | 6,202,005 |
| Change in net position | 6,081,118 | 3,919,938 | 10,001,056 |
| change in her position | 0,001,110 | 0,010,000 | 10,001,000 |
| Net position - beginning of year | 53,816,221 | 24,991,870 | 78,808,091 |
| Net position - end of year | <u> </u> | \$ 28,911,808 | \$ 88,809,147 |

Note 12 - Retirement Health Savings Plan

On August 1, 2005, the Huron-Clinton Metropolitan Authority Board of Commissioners established the Huron-Clinton Retirement Health Savings Plan (Savings Plan) by resolution. Employees hired after January 1, 2009, who are covered under a collective bargaining agreement with the Authority, must contribute 1.0% of their base wage. The Authority contributes a 1.0% match on behalf of these employees. Employees who are not covered under a collective bargaining agreement with the Authority must contribute 1.5% of their base wage. There is no matching contribution provided on behalf of these employees. Total contributions for 2017 by participants and the

Authority amounted to \$45,161 and \$45,087, respectively.

The savings plan is a defined contribution plan administered by the International City/County Management Association - Retirement Corporation (ICMA-RC). The legal basis for the Savings plan comes from several private letter rulings obtained by ICMA-RC from the Internal Revenue Service and Treasury regulation 301.7701-1[a][3]. Employees must be over the age of 21 to participate in the Savings Plan.

Note 13 - Retirement Plans

The Huron-Clinton Metropolitan Authority Board of Commissioners has established the Huron-Clinton 401 Governmental Money Purchase Plan & Trust (401 Plan) for full time employees hired after December 31, 2012. Eligible employees must contribute 1.0% of their base wage, and the Authority contributes a 6.0% match. Total contributions for 2017 by participants and the Authority amounted to \$40,490 and \$242,942, respectively.

On December 5, 2013, the Huron-Clinton Metropolitan Authority Board of Commissioners established the Huron-Clinton Alternative Pension Program (Alternative Plan) by resolution, which became effective January 1, 2014 for part-time and seasonal employees working 600 hours or less per year. These seasonal employees must contribute 6.0% of their base wage. The Authority contributes a 1.5% match on behalf of these employees. Total contributions for 2017 by participants and the Authority amounted to \$121,249 and \$30,312, respectively.

The 401 Plan and Alternative Plan are defined contribution plans administered by the International City/County Management Association - Retirement Corporation (ICMA-RC). The legal basis for the Alternative Plan comes from several private letter rulings obtained by ICMA-RC from the Internal Revenue Service and Treasury regulation 301.7701-1[a][3].

Note 14 - Fund Balances – Governmental Funds

In the fund financial statements, the governmental funds report fund balances as follows:

| | General Fund | Capital Projects | Total | | |
|---|---------------------|-------------------------|-------|------------|--|
| Nonspendable | | | | | |
| Inventories | \$ 380,926 | \$ - | \$ | 380,926 | |
| Prepaids | 674,947 | - | | 674,947 | |
| Restricted | | | | | |
| Lake St. Clair Marina | 342,563 | - | | 342,563 | |
| Hudson Mills Canoe Livery | 7,399 | - | | 7,399 | |
| Committed | | | | | |
| Land | 5,395,244 | - | | 5,395,244 | |
| Capital projects | - | 4,724,838 | | 4,724,838 | |
| Rate stabilization fund | 688,223 | - | | 688,223 | |
| Assigned | | | | | |
| Compensated absences | 3,768,959 | - | | 3,768,959 | |
| Black creek marsh restoration encumbrances | 184,000 | - | | 184,000 | |
| Boat launch site redevelopment encumbrances | 956,000 | - | | 956,000 | |
| Subsequent budgeted use of fund balance | 7,200,000 | - | | 7,200,000 | |
| Unassigned | 18,280,129 | - | | 18,280,129 | |
| Total Fund Balances | \$ 37,878,390 | \$ 4,724,838 | \$ | 42,603,228 | |

Note 15 - Tax Abatements

Municipalities within the Authority's boundaries entered into property tax abatement agreements with local businesses under several programs as authorized under Public Act 381 of 1996, as amended (PA 381), and Public Act 198 of 1974, as amended (PA 198).

PA 381 (Brownfield Redevelopment Abatement) allows abatements to encourage the purchase and revitalization of properties in which redevelopment or reuse may be complicated by the presence or perception of contamination. Revitalizing and redeveloping these properties protects the environment, reuses existing infrastructure, minimizes urban sprawl and creates economic opportunities. PA198 (Industrial Property Tax Abatement) allows abatements to encourage Michigan manufacturers to build new plans, expand existing plans, renovate aging plants, or add new machinery and equipment. High technology operations are also eligible for the abatement. Once approved the firm pays an Industrial Facilities Tax (IFT), instead of property taxes, which reflects the abatement savings. The exemption covers only the specific project that is the subject of the application. Any buildings and equipment that existed prior to the construction of a new facility are not exempt. Likewise, any structures or equipment added after completion of the project are fully taxable. The IFT on new plant and non-industrial personal property is computed at half the local property mileage rate, resulting in a reduction of property taxes of approximately 50%. For an obsolete plant or machinery that is being replaced or restored, the IFT is frozen at the assessed value of the plant prior to improvement, resulting in a 100% exemption from property tax on the value of the improvements. A speculative building would be eligible for a reduction in property taxes of approximately 50%. Commercial personal property will receive an automatic reduction of 12 mills for local school on their property tax bill.

PA 328 (Personal Property Tax Relief in Distressed Communities) allows eligible distressed communities to abate taxes on new investments made by eligible commercial businesses that reduce unemployment, promote economic growth, and increase capital investment. Neighborhood Enterprise Zone designation would qualify a community as eligible for the PA 328 exemption. Eligible projects include manufacturing, mining, research and development, wholesale trade, and office operations. Retail businesses and casinos are not eligible. Abatements reduce property taxes by the full millage rate. The law does not specify a maximum or a minimum number of years to be abated.

A PILOT is a payment in lieu of taxes (also sometimes abbreviated

"PILT"), made to compensate a local government for some or all of the tax revenue that it loses because of the nature of the ownership or use of a particular piece of real property.

For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2017, the Authority experienced reduced property taxes totaling \$1,010,023 under these programs.

Note 16 - Contingent Liabilities

The Authority is a defendant in various lawsuits. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, in the opinion of management and its attorney, the resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the Authority.

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, such as the Federal and State governments. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures, which may be disallowed by the grantor, cannot be determined at this time although the Authority expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Huron-Clinton Metropolitan Authority Required Supplementary Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

| | Budgeted Original | Amounts Final | Actual | Actual Over (Under) Final Budget | | |
|---|--|--|---|---|--|--|
| Revenues Property taxes Operating grants Donations Charges for services Interest income Other revenue | \$ 29,932,724 802,990 229,475 19,781,593 250,000 20,500 | \$ 30,658,374 1,133,805 232,926 19,798,139 250,000 20,500 | \$ 30,658,374 284,871 245,687 19,340,845 449,196 351,495 | \$- (848,934) 12,761 (457,294) 199,196 330,995 | | |
| Total revenues | 51,017,282 | 52,093,744 | 51,330,468 | (763,276) | | |
| Expenditures Current Operating Park operations Major maintenance Administrative offices | 34,265,859 4,082,813 9,317,387 | 35,360,471 4,498,921 10,466,796 | 33,299,256 2,270,033 9,122,348 | (2,061,215) (2,228,888) (1,344,448) | | |
| Total operating | 47,666,059 | 50,326,188 | 44,691,637 | (5,634,551) | | |
| Capital outlay Capital improvements Equipment Land acquisitions | 11,017,919 3,414,100 - | 16,005,520 3,476,316 10,900 | 7,523,357 2,801,066 10,900 | (8,482,163) (675,250) | | |
| Total capital outlay | 14,432,019 | 19,492,736 | 10,335,323 | (9,157,413) | | |
| Total expenditures | 62,098,078 | 69,818,924 | 55,026,960 | (14,791,964) | | |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures | (11,080,796) | (17,725,180) | (3,696,492) | 14,028,688 | | |
| Other financing sources Proceeds from sale of capital assets | 270,000 | 270,000 | 643,421 | 373,421 | | |
| Net change in fund balance | (10,810,796) | (17,455,180) | (3,053,071) | 14,402,109 | | |
| Fund balance - beginning of year | 40,931,461 | 40,931,461 | 40,931,461 | | | |
| Fund balance - end of year | \$ 30,120,665 | \$ 23,476,281 | \$ 37,878,390 | \$ 14,402,109 | | |

Huron-Clinton Metropolitan Authority Required Supplementary Information Retirement System Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios

| Fiscal year ended December 31, | 2017 | 2016 | | 2015 | 2014 |
|--|--|---|-----------|---|--|
| Total Pension Liability Service cost Interest on the total pension liability Difference between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions Benefit payments and refunds | \$ 966,866 5,089,192 - (6,338) (4,235,075) | \$ 1,030,377 4,899,597 (6,336) 6,025,667 (3,970,452) | \$ | 962,488 4,862,474 (1,445,906) - (3,831,448) | \$ 1,004,715 4,726,571 109,029 - (4,057,900) |
| Net change in total pension liability Total pension liability - beginning | 1,814,645 77,029,545 | 7,978,853 69,050,692 | | 547,608 68,503,084 | 1,782,415 66,720,669 |
| Total pension liability - ending (a) | \$ 78,844,190 | \$ 77,029,545 | \$ | 69,050,692 | \$ 68,503,084 |
| Plan Fiduciary Net Position Employer contributions Employee contributions Pension plan net investment income (loss) Benefit payments and refunds Pension plan administrative expense | \$ 2,996,209 88,475 7,487,987 (4,235,075) (256,479) | \$ 2,700,000 111,649 4,008,761 (3,970,452) (275,660) | \$ | 4,500,000 101,817 (667,117) (3,831,448) (201,301) | \$ 3,100,000 107,492 2,225,505 (4,057,900) (73,710) |
| Net change in plan fiduciary net position Plan fiduciary net position - beginning | 6,081,117 53,816,221 | 2,574,298 51,241,923 | | (98,049) 51,339,972 | 1,301,387 50,038,585 |
| Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b) | \$ 59,897,338 | \$ 53,816,221 | \$ | 51,241,923 | \$ 51,339,972 |
| Net pension liability (a-b) | \$ 18,946,852 | \$ 23,213,324 | <u>\$</u> | 17,808,769 | \$ 17,163,112 |
| Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability Covered employee payroll Net pension liability as a percentage of covered employee payroll | \$ 75.97% 9,259,465 204.62% | \$ 69.86% 9,706,228 239.16% | \$ | 74.21% 10,067,888 176.89% | \$ 74.95% 10,418,891 164.73% |

Huron-Clinton Metropolitan Authority Required Supplementary Information Retirement System

Schedule of Employer Contributions

| Year | D | Actuarially etermined contribution | Actual Contribution | Contribution Deficiency (Excess) | | | Actual Contribution as a % of Covered Payroll | | |
|--|----|--|--|--|---|----|--|--------------------------------------|--|
| 12/31/2014 12/31/2015 12/31/2016 12/31/2017 | \$ | 3,029,289 3,474,587 2,449,953 2,996,208 | \$ 3,100,000 4,500,000 2,700,000 2,996,209 | \$ | (70,711) (1,025,413) (250,047) (1) | \$ | 10,418,891 10,067,888 9,706,228 9,259,465 | 29.75% 44.70% 27.82% 32.36% | |

Huron-Clinton Metropolitan Authority Required Supplementary Information Retirement System Schedule of Investment Returns

| Annual |
|------------|
| Return % * |
| 4.43% |
| -1.68% |
| 7.33% |
| 13.40% |
| |

* Annual money-weighted rate of return, net of investment expenses

Huron-Clinton Metropolitan Authority Required Supplementary Information Other Post-employment Benefits Schedule of Changes in Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios

| Fiscal year ended December 31, | 2017 |
|---|---|
| Total OPEB Liability Service cost Interest Changes of benefit terms Differences between expected and actual experience Benefit payments | \$ 458,291 2,446,452 623,336 (116,301) (1,609,094) |
| Net change in total OPEB liability Total OPEB liability - beginning | 1,802,684 36,819,142 |
| Total OPEB liability - ending (a) | \$ 38,621,826 |
| Plan Fiduciary Net Position Employer contributions Employee contributions Net investment income (loss) Benefit payments and refunds Administrative expense | \$ 2,149,330 420 3,480,640 (1,609,094) (101,359) |
| Net change in plan fiduciary net position Plan fiduciary net position - beginning | 3,919,937 24,991,870 |
| Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b) | \$ 28,911,807 |
| Net OPEB liability (a-b) | \$ 9,710,019 |
| Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total OPEB liability Covered employee payroll Net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered employee payroll | \$ 74.86% 8,866,219 109.52% |

*GASB Statement No. 74 was implemented for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2017 and does not require retroactive implementation.

Huron-Clinton Metropolitan Authority Required Supplementary Information Other Post-employment Benefits Schedule of Funding Progress and Employer Contributions

| Actuarial Valuation Year | Actuarial Actuarial Value Accrued Liability of Assets (AAL) | | Unfunded AAL Funded (UAAL) Ratio | | | Covered Payroll | Actual Contribution as a % of Covered Payroll | |
|--------------------------------|---|----|--|----|--------------------------|--------------------|---|--------------------|
| 10/1/2006 | \$ 5,715,974 | \$ | 41,991,647 | \$ | 36,275,673 | 13.61% | . , , | 254.52% |
| 10/1/2009 10/1/2011 | 6,697,411 13,821,223 | | 40,700,314 35,839,538 | | 34,002,903 22,018,315 | 16.46% 38.56% | 14,203,220 13,809,019 | 239.40% 159.45% |
| 10/1/2013 | 19,443,143 | | 31,585,955 | | 12,142,812 | 61.56% | 11,171,076 | 108.70% |
| 12/31/2014 12/31/2016 | 24,605,958 25,072,686 | | 30,924,610 36,819,142 | | 6,318,652 11,746,456 | 79.57% 68.10% | 10,418,891 9,252,828 | 60.65% 126.95% |

| Period Ended | Annual Required Contribution | | | Actual Annual Contribution | Percent Contributed | | |
|--------------------|---------------------------------|-----------|----|-------------------------------|------------------------|--|--|
| | | | | | | | |
| September 30, 2009 | \$ | 3,368,724 | \$ | 2,957,740 | 88% | | |
| September 30, 2010 | | 3,354,066 | | 3,374,190 | 101% | | |
| September 30, 2011 | | 2,485,145 | | 3,377,312 | 136% | | |
| September 30, 2012 | | 2,461,036 | | 2,586,549 | 105% | | |
| September 30, 2013 | | 1,432,112 | | 2,530,542 | 177% | | |
| December 31, 2014 | | 356,231 | | 2,429,495 | 682% ⁽¹⁾ | | |
| December 31, 2015 | | 916,266 | | 1,200,308 | 131% | | |
| December 31, 2016 | | 904,023 | | 904,023 | 100% | | |

⁽¹⁾ The Authority changed its plan year in 2014 from a September 30 year end to December 31. Contributions for the fifteen (15) month period were well in excess of the annual required contribution (ARC) because the Authority had previously recognized the ARC a year ahead of the schedule provided by actuaries. Going forward, annual required contributions compared to the ARC are expected to normalize at more historically comparable levels.

Huron-Clinton Metropolitan Authority Required Supplementary Information Other Post-employment Benefits Schedule of Employer Contributions

| Actuarial Valuation Date | Actuarially Determined Contribution | Actual Contribution | Contribution Deficiency (Excess) | | Covered Payroll | Actual Contribution as a % of Covered Payroll |
|------------------------------------|---|----------------------------|--|----|--------------------|--|
| 12/31/2017 | \$ 1,415,660 | \$ 2,149,330 | \$ (733,670) | \$ | 8,866,219 | 24.24% |

Huron-Clinton Metropolitan Authority Required Supplementary Information Other Post-employment Benefits Schedule of Investment Returns

Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2017

Annual Return % * 13.31%

* Annual money-weighted rate of return, net of investment expenses

Note 1 – Other Post-employment Benefit Plan

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the longterm perspective of the calculations. Significant methods and assumptions were as follows:

| Actuarial Valuation Frequency: | Every two years | | | | |
|--------------------------------|-----------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Latest valuation date | December 31, 2016 | | | | |
| Actuarial cost method | Individual Entry Age | | | | |
| Amortization method | Level dollar | | | | |
| Remaining amortization period | 24.75 years | | | | |
| Asset valuation method | N/A - plan is not prefunded | | | | |
| Actuarial assumptions: | | | | | |
| Investment rates of return | 6.75% | | | | |
| Projected salary increases | 3.50% | | | | |
| Inflation | 3.50% - 9.00% | | | | |

2016. The updated assumptions increased measured Retirement Plan liabilities by \$6,025,667.

The assumed annual rate of investment return, net of all expenses, was lowered from 7.25% to 6.75%.

The assumed rate of inflation was lowered from 3.75% to 3.50%.

The assumed rate of salary increases was lowered from a range of 4.00% to 8.75%, including inflation, to a range of 3.69% to 7.25%, including inflation.

Note 2 – Retirement System

Changes of benefit terms – There were no changes of benefit terms during fiscal year 2017.

Changes in assumptions – The 2017 valuation reflects updated assumptions from the Experience Study dated September 28, 2016. The Pension Committee of the Huron-Clinton Metropolitan Authority Employees' Retirement Plan approved the changes on November 10,

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Huron-Clinton Metropolitan Authority Fiduciary Funds Combining Statement of Net Position December 31, 2017

| Assets | Pension Trust Fund | Other Post-Employment Benefit Trust Fund | Total |
|---|---|---|--|
| Investments Equity mutual funds Fixed income mutual funds Collective investment trust Receivables Prepaids | \$ 30,807,390 24,055,704 5,004,543 97,419 - | 13,642,433 850,000 | \$ 45,072,458 37,698,137 5,854,543 154,695 123,469 |
| Total assets | 59,965,056 | 28,938,246 | 88,903,302 |
| Liabilities Vouchers payable | 67,717 | 26,438 | 94,155 |
| Net Position Restricted for pension benefits Restricted for other post-employment benefits | 59,897,339 | 28,911,808 | 59,897,339 28,911,808 |
| Total net position | <u>\$ 59,897,339</u> | \$ 28,911,808 | <u>\$ 88,809,147</u> |

Huron-Clinton Metropolitan Authority Fiduciary Funds Combining Statement of Changes in Net Position For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

| Additions | Pension Trust Fund | Other Post-Employment Benefit Trust Fund | | | Total |
|--|------------------------------|---|----------------------|----|------------------------|
| Investment earnings Interest and dividends Net increase in fair value of investments | \$ 1,198,032 6,289,955 | \$ | 624,309 2,856,331 | \$ | 1,822,341 9,146,286 |
| Total investment earnings | 7,487,987 | | 3,480,640 | | 10,968,627 |
| Contributions Employer Plan members | 2,996,209 88,475 | | 2,149,330 420 | | 5,145,539 88,895 |
| Total contributions | 3,084,684 | | 2,149,750 | | 5,234,434 |
| Total additions | 10,572,671 | | 5,630,390 | | 16,203,061 |
| Deductions Benefit payments Administrative expenses | 4,235,075 256,478 | | 1,609,094 101,358 | | 5,844,169 357,836 |
| Total deductions | 4,491,553 | | 1,710,452 | | 6,202,005 |
| Change in net position | 6,081,118 | | 3,919,938 | | 10,001,056 |
| Net position - beginning of year | 53,816,221 | | 24,991,870 | | 78,808,091 |
| Net position - end of year | \$ 59,897,339 | \$ | 28,911,808 | \$ | 88,809,147 |

STATISTICAL SECTION (UNAUDITED)

Huron-Clinton Metropolitan Authority Statistical Section - Table of Contents For the Year Ending December 31, 2017

This part of Huron-Clinton Metropolitan Authority's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the government's overall financial health.

| Contents | <u>Page</u> |
|--|-------------|
| Financial Trends | |
| These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the government's financial performance and well-being have changed over time. | 6 - 1 |
| Revenue Capacity | |
| These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the government's most significant local revenue source, the property tax. | 6 - 5 |
| Demographic and Economic Information | |
| These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the government's financial activities take place. | 6 - 11 |
| Operating Information | |
| These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the government's financial report relates to the services the government provides and the activities it performs. | 6 - 14 |

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

Huron-Clinton Metropolitan Authority Net Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

| | | | | (Olladali | .cu) | | | | | |
|---|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|----------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| - | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 |
| Governmental activities Net investment in capital assets | \$188,282,018 | \$ 195,042,991 | \$195,093,978 | \$ 194,800,234 | \$194,403,024 | \$ 195,125,395 | \$195,936,628 | \$ 193,545,863 | \$194,722,125 | \$197,243,195 |
| Restricted Unrestricted | - 29,526,477 | - 29,396,377 | - 33,118,763 | 37,709 34,227,707 | 90,430 36,140,736 | 138,856 38,675,137 | 185,995 41,440,497 | 259,201 28,935,288 | 311,705 28,739,061 | 349,962 26,607,090 |
| Total governmental activities net position | \$217,808,495 | \$ 224,439,368 | \$228,212,741 | \$ 229,065,650 | \$230,634,190 | \$ 233,939,388 | \$237,563,120 | \$ 222,740,352 | \$223,772,891 | \$224,200,247 |

Huron-Clinton Metropolitan Authority Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

| (Unaudited) | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|------------------------------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|--|--|
| | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | | |
| Expenses | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Recreation and culture | \$ 45,095,061 | \$ 44,629,146 | \$ 45,570,182 | \$ 43,671,297 | \$ 41,656,918 | \$ 41,586,621 | \$ 41,891,795 | \$ 46,117,042 | \$ 49,554,752 | \$ 51,898,640 | | |
| Capital projects | 1,783,776 | 1,794,155 | 1,134,337 | 1,486,892 | 1,930,912 | 292,196 | - | - | - | - | | |
| Capital outlay | 15,245 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Total expenses | 46,894,082 | 46,423,301 | 46,704,519 | 45,158,189 | 43,587,830 | 41,878,817 | 41,891,795 | 46,117,042 | 49,554,752 | 51,898,640 | | |
| Program revenues | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Charges for services | 14,480,210 | 13,764,068 | 14,715,827 | 14,151,725 | 15,027,250 | 14,519,872 | 16,316,176 | 17,893,737 | 20,130,849 | 19,692,340 | | |
| Operating grants and contributions | 4,325 | 78,358 | 7,598 | 33,359 | 234,463 | 19,100 | 61,745 | 453,429 | 162,112 | 1,377,190 | | |
| Capital grants and contributions | 497,259 | 1,951,190 | 309,893 | 318,053 | 175,075 | 2,031,530 | 153,869 | | | | | |
| Total program revenue | 14,981,794 | 15,793,616 | 15,033,318 | 14,503,137 | 15,436,788 | 16,570,502 | 16,531,790 | 18,347,166 | 20,292,961 | 21,069,530 | | |
| General revenues | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Property taxes | 35,788,569 | 35,782,192 | 34,452,805 | 30,640,135 | 28,293,295 | 27,680,762 | 28,167,025 | 28,406,715 | 29,249,583 | 30,645,350 | | |
| Oil and gas royalties | 832,032 | 440,623 | 436,028 | 368,959 | 595,017 | 297,536 | 239,740 | 57,890 | 111,839 | 93,838 | | |
| Donations | 91,929 | 101,219 | 57,065 | 110,423 | 127,231 | 167,123 | 87,407 | 101,638 | 44,744 | 32,483 | | |
| Investment earnings | 1,598,806 | 863,140 | 474,515 | 324,511 | 161,587 | 217,455 | 289,002 | 363,548 | 307,934 | 484,795 | | |
| Miscellaneous | 208,335 | 73,384 | 24,161 | 28,460 | 513,164 | 27,567 | 97,013 | 987,949 | 339,905 | - | | |
| Gain on sale of capital assets | | | | 35,473 | 29,288 | 223,069 | 43,551 | 192,480 | 240,325 | | | |
| Total general revenues | 38,519,671 | 37,260,558 | 35,444,574 | 31,507,961 | 29,719,582 | 28,613,512 | 28,923,738 | 30,110,220 | 30,294,330 | 31,256,466 | | |
| Total revenues | 53,501,465 | 53,054,174 | 50,477,892 | 46,011,098 | 45,156,370 | 45,184,014 | 45,455,528 | 48,457,386 | 50,587,291 | 52,325,996 | | |
| Change in net position | \$ 6,607,383 | \$ 6,630,873 | \$ 3,773,373 | \$ 852,909 | \$ 1,568,540 | \$ 3,305,197 | \$ 3,563,733 | \$ 2,340,344 | \$ 1,032,539 | \$ 427,356 | | |

| | Huron-Clinton Metropolitan Authority Fund Balances - Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|--|-------------------------|----|-------------------------|----|-------------------------|----|-------------------|----|--------------------------|----|--------------------------|----|-------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------|----|-------------------------|
| | | 2008 | | 2009 | | 2010 | | 2011 | | 2012 | | 2013 | | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | | 2017 |
| General Fund Reserved Unreserved | \$ | 3,992,208 23,793,951 | \$ | 2,500,709 24,970,045 | \$ | 1,268,203 29,812,797 | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ | - |
| Nonspendable Restricted | | - | | | | - | | 228,747 37,709 | | 232,363 90,430 | | 534,899 138,856 | | 498,779 185,995 | 1,018,633 259,201 | 1,069,422 311,705 | | 1,055,873 349,962 |
| Committed Assigned | | - | | - | | - | | 13,394,338 | | 13,334,981 15,526,682 | | 12,907,536 11,990,064 | | 9,401,861 11,846,371 | 9,873,636 10,074,807 | 10,011,796 15,908,505 | | 6,083,467 12,108,959 |
| Unassigned | | - | | - | | - | | 18,200,790 | | 5,014,458 | | 10,323,181 | | 14,747,179 | 18,348,559 | 13,630,033 | | 18,280,129 |
| Total General Fund | \$ | 27,786,159 | \$ | 27,470,754 | \$ | 31,081,000 | \$ | 31,861,584 | \$ | 34,198,914 | \$ | 35,894,536 | \$ | 36,680,185 | \$ 39,574,836 | \$ 40,931,461 | \$ | 37,878,390 |
| Capital Projects Fund Reserved | \$ | 465,314 | \$ | 33,834 | \$ | 280,642 | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ | - |
| Unreserved Committed | | 5,661,713 - | | 6,370,316 - | | 6,458,797 - | | - 6,087,728 | | - 4,780,236 | | - 4,804,776 | | - 4,481,442 | - 4,463,556 | - 4,595,401 | | - 4,724,838 |
| Total Capital Projects Fund | \$ | 6,127,027 | \$ | 6,404,150 | \$ | 6,739,439 | \$ | 6,087,728 | \$ | 4,780,236 | \$ | 4,804,776 | \$ | 4,481,442 | \$ 4,463,556 | \$ 4,595,401 | \$ | 4,724,838 |

on Clinton Motropoliton Authority

Note: GASB 54 became effective and was implemented in 2011. Prior period amounts were not restated.

Huron-Clinton Metropolitan Authority Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

| | | | | (Unauulie | suj | | | | | |
|--|---------------|---------------|---------------|--------------|---------------|---------------|--------------|--------------|---------------|----------------|
| | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 |
| Revenues | | | | | | | | | | |
| Property taxes | \$ 36,053,277 | \$ 35,953,354 | \$ 34,528,432 | \$30,691,073 | \$ 28,384,628 | \$ 27,662,759 | \$28,125,677 | \$28,503,130 | \$ 29,246,499 | \$ 30,658,374 |
| Oil and gas royalties | 832,032 | 440,623 | 436,028 | 368,959 | 595,017 | 297,536 | 239,740 | 57,890 | 111,839 | 93,838 |
| Charges for services | 14,480,210 | 13,764,068 | 14,715,827 | 14,151,725 | 15,027,250 | 14,519,872 | 16,316,176 | 17,893,737 | 20,130,849 | 19,340,845 |
| Operating grants | 4,325 | 78,358 | 7,598 | 33,359 | 234,463 | 19,100 | 61,745 | 217,896 | 76,182 | 284,871 |
| Capital grants | 497,259 | 1,951,190 | 309,893 | 318,053 | 175,075 | 2,031,530 | 153,869 | - | - | - |
| Donations | 91,929 | 101,219 | 57,065 | 110,423 | 127,231 | 167,123 | 87,407 | 337,171 | 130,674 | 245,687 |
| Interest | 1,598,806 | 863,140 | 474,515 | 324,511 | 161,587 | 217,455 | 289,002 | 363,548 | 307,934 | 484,795 |
| Miscellaneous | 208,335 | 73,384 | 24,161 | 28,460 | 513,164 | 27,567 | 97,013 | 987,949 | 339,905 | 351,495 |
| Proceeds from sale of capital assets | 382,240 | 280,543 | 411,926 | 126,880 | 204,213 | 223,069 | 43,551 | 192,480 | 319,165 | 643,421 |
| Total revenues | 54,148,413 | 53,505,879 | 50,965,445 | 46,153,443 | 45,422,628 | 45,166,011 | 45,414,180 | 48,553,801 | 50,663,047 | 52,103,326 |
| Expenditures | | | | | | | | | | |
| Park operations | 32,609,363 | 32,062,270 | 32,131,822 | 31,717,979 | 29,706,692 | 28,829,491 | 29,119,023 | 31,518,622 | 32,622,292 | 33,299,256 |
| Major maintenance | 1,783,776 | 1,794,155 | 1,134,337 | 1,428,877 | 1,553,104 | 921,509 | 1,435,517 | 1,786,274 | 1,926,210 | 2,270,033 |
| Administrative offices | 6,659,575 | 6,958,695 | 7,088,861 | 7,075,619 | 7,538,185 | 6,990,592 | 7,640,052 | 7,516,737 | 7,371,706 | 9,122,348 |
| Capital improvements | 7,399,751 | 9,304,704 | 4,682,325 | 4,271,032 | 4,422,355 | 5,143,506 | 5,261,964 | 3,307,434 | 4,159,886 | 7,523,357 |
| Equipment | 1,910,491 | 1,821,169 | 1,972,142 | 965,066 | 1,170,104 | 1,531,932 | 1,225,463 | 1,370,378 | 3,089,427 | 2,801,066 |
| Land acquisitions | 624,843 | 1,603,169 | 10,423 | 565,997 | 2,350 | 28,819 | 269,846 | 177,591 | 5,056 | 10,900 |
| Total Expenditures | 50,987,799 | 53,544,162 | 47,019,910 | 46,024,570 | 44,392,790 | 43,445,849 | 44,951,865 | 45,677,036 | 49,174,577 | 55,026,960 |
| Net change in fund balance | \$ 3,160,614 | \$ (38,283) | \$ 3,945,535 | \$ 128,873 | \$ 1,029,838 | \$ 1,720,162 | \$ 462,315 | \$ 2,876,765 | \$ 1,488,470 | \$ (2,923,634) |
| Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% |

Huron-Clinton Metropolitan Authority Governmental Activities Tax Revenue by Source Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

| Year | Property Tax |
|------|---------------|
| | |
| 2008 | \$ 36,053,277 |
| 2009 | 35,953,354 |
| 2010 | 34,528,432 |
| 2011 | 30,691,073 |
| 2012 | 28,384,628 |
| 2013 | 27,662,759 |
| 2014 | 28,125,677 |
| 2015 | 28,406,715 |
| 2016 | 29,249,583 |
| 2017 | 30,645,350 |

Huron-Clinton Metropolitan Authority Taxable and Assessed Values of Property Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

| | Real Property | / (a) | Personal P | roperty (a) | | | | |
|------|--------------------|--------------------|------------------|-------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------|
| | | State | | State | | State | Estimated | Percent |
| | Taxable | Equalized | Taxable | Equalized | Taxable | Equalized | Market | Change in |
| Year | Value | Value | Value | Value | Value | Value | Value (b) | Market Value |
| 2008 | \$ 159,738,926,654 | \$ 198,062,887,036 | \$14,144,190,957 | \$ 14,179,192,525 | \$ 173,883,117,611 | \$ 212,242,079,561 | \$ 424,484,159,122 | 2.4% |
| 2009 | 159,805,335,088 | 190,072,799,884 | 13,834,646,241 | 13,895,283,284 | 173,639,981,329 | 203,968,083,168 | 407,936,166,336 | -3.9% |
| 2010 | 154,220,925,617 | 171,635,829,603 | 13,979,514,883 | 13,966,280,994 | 168,200,440,500 | 185,602,110,597 | 371,204,221,194 | -9.0% |
| 2011 | 138,988,195,205 | 149,496,027,195 | 13,021,305,792 | 13,034,781,334 | 152,009,500,997 | 162,530,808,529 | 325,061,617,058 | -12.4% |
| 2012 | 130,162,996,751 | 136,807,421,204 | 12,360,397,169 | 12,378,691,878 | 142,523,393,920 | 149,186,113,082 | 298,372,226,164 | -8.2% |
| 2013 | 123,811,211,186 | 128,820,235,807 | 12,562,799,230 | 12,573,994,972 | 136,374,010,416 | 141,394,230,779 | 282,788,461,558 | -5.2% |
| 2014 | 122,943,107,230 | 129,773,753,961 | 13,126,543,590 | 13,159,608,616 | 136,069,650,820 | 142,933,362,577 | 285,866,725,154 | 1.1% |
| 2015 | 123,996,465,352 | 135,715,141,261 | 12,839,179,302 | 12,888,111,844 | 136,835,644,654 | 148,603,253,105 | 297,206,506,210 | 4.0% |
| 2016 | 127,299,266,119 | 147,549,827,757 | 13,328,310,313 | 13,339,823,672 | 140,627,576,432 | 160,889,651,429 | 321,779,302,858 | 8.3% |
| 2017 | 129,731,372,431 | 158,080,403,922 | 10,932,474,841 | 10,951,448,476 | 140,663,847,272 | 169,031,852,398 | 338,063,704,796 | 5.1% |

(a) Property value information represents the combined totals of Livingston, Macomb, Oakland, Washtenaw, and Wayne counties. These counties are the member counties of the Metropark district.

(b) Total estimated market value is based on two times State Equalized Value figures.

Huron-Clinton Metropolitan Authority Taxable Valuations by County Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

| Year | Livingston <u>County</u> | % of <u>Total</u> | Macomb <u>County</u> | % of <u>Total</u> | Oakland <u>County</u> | % of <u>Total</u> | Washtenaw <u>County</u> | % of <u>Total</u> | Wayne <u>County</u> | % of <u>Total</u> | Total <u>Taxable Value</u> | Total <u>%</u> |
|------|-----------------------------|----------------------|-------------------------|----------------------|--------------------------|----------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|------------------------|----------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------|
| 2008 | \$ 8,793,696,047 | 5.1% | \$ 31,862,669,926 | 18.3% | \$ 64,719,908,597 | 37.2% | \$ 15,510,438,244 | 8.9% | \$ 52,996,404,797 | 30.5% | \$ 173,883,117,611 | 100.0% |
| 2009 | 8,825,074,848 | 5.1% | 31,812,886,490 | 18.3% | 64,728,962,196 | 37.3% | 15,650,088,801 | 9.0% | 52,622,968,994 | 30.3% | 173,639,981,329 | 100.0% |
| 2010 | 8,572,010,718 | 5.1% | 31,010,555,286 | 18.4% | 62,411,551,405 | 37.1% | 15,271,517,551 | 9.1% | 50,934,805,540 | 30.3% | 168,200,440,500 | 100.0% |
| 2011 | 7,953,592,697 | 5.2% | 27,895,119,373 | 18.4% | 55,081,707,586 | 36.3% | 14,496,599,262 | 9.5% | 46,582,482,079 | 30.6% | 152,009,500,997 | 100.0% |
| 2012 | 8,195,851,938 | 5.8% | 25,840,445,900 | 18.1% | 50,798,540,257 | 35.7% | 14,083,128,684 | 9.9% | 43,605,427,141 | 30.6% | 142,523,393,920 | 100.0% |
| 2013 | 7,482,442,287 | 5.5% | 24,255,702,728 | 17.8% | 49,235,953,993 | 36.2% | 13,976,296,665 | 10.2% | 41,423,614,473 | 30.4% | 136,374,010,146 | 100.0% |
| 2014 | 7,571,057,139 | 5.6% | 24,113,941,897 | 17.7% | 49,235,110,306 | 36.3% | 14,210,463,343 | 10.4% | 40,939,078,135 | 30.1% | 136,069,650,820 | 100.0% |
| 2015 | 7,682,984,917 | 5.6% | 24,563,858,227 | 18.0% | 50,048,650,087 | 36.7% | 14,496,462,571 | 10.6% | 40,043,688,852 | 29.3% | 136,835,644,654 | 100.0% |
| 2016 | 8,053,582,840 | 5.7% | 25,475,376,698 | 18.1% | 51,895,341,437 | 37.0% | 14,925,676,802 | 10.6% | 40,277,598,655 | 28.6% | 140,627,576,432 | 100.0% |
| 2017 | 8,193,575,309 | 5.8% | 25,264,565,701 | 18.0% | 52,786,202,473 | 37.6% | 15,257,429,398 | 10.8% | 39,162,074,391 | 27.8% | 140,663,847,272 | 100.0% |

Note: Property tax levies are not collected directly by Huron-Clinton Metropolitan Authority. Authority property tax levies are collected by local communities within the five county park district and are forwarded to each County Treasurer who distributes the Authority's tax levy to the park district. Accordingly, individual taxpayer records are not maintained by Huron-Clinton Metropolitan Authority.

Huron-Clinton Metropolitan Authority Property Tax Rates (Per \$1,000 of Value) Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

| Authority <u>Millage Rate (a)</u> |
|--------------------------------------|
| 0.2146 |
| 0.2146 |
| 0.2146 |
| 0.2146 |
| 0.2146 |
| 0.2146 |
| 0.2146 |
| 0.2146 |
| 0.2146 |
| 0.2146 |
| |

(a) Huron-Clinton Metropolitan Authority operates in five different counties encompassing many different townships, cities, and school districts. Huron-Clinton Metropolitan Authority does not collect any taxes on behalf of any other governmental entity.

Huron-Clinton Metropolitan Authority

Property Tax Levies and Collections

Last Ten Fiscal Years

(Unaudited)

| Year | Initial Tax <u>Levy (a)</u> | K Tax | | Percent of Current Year <u>Taxes Collected</u> | | | Prior Years Tax Receivable <u>Collections (b)</u> | | Percent of Prior Years Taxes Collected | | Total Tax <u>Collections</u> | Percent of Total Tax <u>Collections (c)</u> | Dutstanding Tax ceivable Balances <u>At Year End</u> |
|---------|-----------------------------------|--------|---------|--|----|-----------|---|-----------|--|------|------------------------------------|---|--|
| 2008 \$ | 35,889,988 | \$ 36, | 102,100 | 100.6% | \$ | 1,126,712 | \$ | 42,025 | 3.7 | % \$ | 36,144,125 | 97.6% | \$ 891,926 |
| 2009 | 35,875,236 | 36, | 085,090 | 100.6% | | 891,926 | | (130,847) | -14.7 | % | 35,954,243 | 97.8% | 774,623 |
| 2010 | 34,594,391 | 34, | 777,802 | 100.5% | | 774,623 | | (249,370) | -32.2 | % | 34,528,432 | 97.6% | 446,996 |
| 2011 | 31,348,452 | 31, | 179,480 | 99.5% | | 121,434 | | (230,372) | -189.7 | % | 30,949,108 | 98.3% | 239,058 |
| 2012 | 30,311,637 | 29, | 158,227 | 96.2% | | 63,840 | | (238,136) | -373.0 | % | 28,920,092 | 95.2% | 110,914 |
| 2013 | 29,093,937 | 28, | 015,682 | 96.3% | | 53,383 | | (209,270) | -392.0 | % | 27,806,412 | 95.4% | 136,760 |
| 2014 | 28,950,466 | 28, | 419,636 | 98.2% | | 93,563 | | 37,629 | 40.2 | % | 28,457,265 | 98.0% | 193,154 |
| 2015 | 29,147,709 | 28, | 155,589 | 96.6% | | 193,154 | | 265,079 | 137.2 | % | 28,420,668 | 96.9% | 155,578 |
| 2016 | 29,956,861 | 29, | 330,025 | 97.9% | | 155,578 | | 42,697 | 27.4 | % | 29,372,722 | 97.5% | 175,541 |
| 2017 | 30,002,724 | 33, | 389,306 | 111.3% | | 175,541 | | 128,223 | 73.0 | % | 33,517,529 | 111.1% | 178,721 |

(a) Initial tax levy amounts exclude Industrial, Commercial, Downtown Development Authority, Tax Incremental Financing Authority tax abatement properties, Board of Review, and State Tax Tribunal adjustments.

(b) Tax collection amounts are net of refunds ordered by Boards of Review and the State Tax Tribunal.

(c) Compares total tax collections to initial tax levy and prior years tax receivable balances at year end.

Source: Huron-Clinton Metropolitan Authority and various County collection records.

Huron-Clinton Metropolitan Authority Principal Property Taxpayers Current and Ten Years Ago (Unaudited)

| | | 2017 | | | 2008 | |
|------------------------------------|-------------------|--------|-------------------------------|-------------------|-------|-------------------------------|
| T | Taughta Malua (a) | Develo | Percent of Total Authority | | Daula | Percent of Total Authority |
| Taxpayer | Taxable Value (a) | Rank | Taxable Value | Taxable Value (a) | Rank | Taxable Value |
| Detroit Edison | \$2,139,865,556 | 1 | 1.52% | \$1,956,899,113 | 3 | 1.13% |
| Ford Motor Company | 963,527,172 | 2 | 0.68% | 2,203,935,659 | 1 | 1.27% |
| Consumers Energy | 611,165,320 | 3 | 0.43% | 311,577,615 | 5 | 0.18% |
| General Motors | 456,262,387 | 4 | 0.32% | 1,982,010,138 | 2 | 1.14% |
| ITC | 403,191,524 | 5 | 0.29% | - | - | - |
| Marathon Oil Company | 344,060,160 | 6 | 0.24% | 157,376,388 | 10 | 0.09% |
| Michigan Consolidated Gas | 307,291,512 | 7 | 0.22% | - | - | - |
| Enbridge Energy | 278,157,911 | 8 | 0.20% | - | - | - |
| Vanguard Health Systems- Hospitals | 277,429,414 | 9 | 0.20% | - | - | - |
| MGM Grand Detroit LLC | 207,731,800 | 10 | 0.15% | 157,376,388 | 9 | 0.09% |
| Daimler/Chrysler | - | - | - | 1,539,859,670 | 4 | 0.89% |
| United States Steel | - | - | - | 213,766,632 | 7 | 0.12% |
| AT&T | - | - | - | 178,681,161 | 8 | 0.10% |
| Pfizer Global | | | | 287,447,930 | 6 | 0.17% |
| Total Ten Largest Taxpayers | \$5,988,682,756 | | 4.25% | \$8,988,930,694 | | 5.18% |

(a) Taxable values include Industrial Facility Act 198 properties and Commercial Facility Act 255 properties. Taxable values have been combined if the taxpayer has locations in more than one county.

Huron-Clinton Metropolitan Authority

Demographic and Economic Statistics

(Unaudited)

| | | Total Pop | ulation by County (a |) | | |
|------------------------|------------|--------------|----------------------|----------------|-----------|-----------|
| Year | Livingston | Macomb | Oakland | Washtenaw | Wayne | Total |
| 1940 | 26,725 | 107,638 | 254,068 | 80,810 | 2,015,623 | 2,484,864 |
| 1950 | 38,233 | 184,961 | 396,001 | 134,606 | 2,435,235 | 3,189,036 |
| 1960 | 38,233 | 405,804 | 690,259 | 172,440 | 2,666,297 | 3,973,033 |
| 1970 | 58,967 | 626,204 | 907,871 | 234,103 | 2,670,368 | 4,497,513 |
| 1980 | 100,289 | 694,600 | 1,011,793 | 264,748 | 2,337,891 | 4,409,321 |
| 1990 | 115,645 | 717,400 | 1,083,592 | 282,937 | 2,111,687 | 4,311,261 |
| 2000 | 156,951 | 788,149 | 1,194,156 | 322,895 | 2,061,162 | 4,523,313 |
| 2010 | 180,967 | 840,978 | 1,202,362 | 344,791 | 1,820,584 | 4,389,682 |
| 2013 | 182,402 | 845,197 | 1,213,406 | 348,560 | 1,804,507 | 4,394,072 |
| 2014 | 183,264 | 849,344 | 1,220,798 | 351,454 | 1,790,078 | 4,394,938 |
| 2015 | 184,591 | 854,689 | 1,229,503 | 354,092 | 1,778,969 | 4,401,844 |
| 2016 | 185,841 | 859,703 | 1,235,215 | 358,082 | 1,767,593 | 4,406,434 |
| | | Number of Ho | ouseholds by Count | y (b) | | |
| | Livingston | Macomb | Oakland | Washtenaw | Wayne | Total |
| | 69,763 | 338,893 | 496,727 | 138,672 | 669,412 | 1,713,467 |
| | | Household | Income by County (| b) | | |
| Income | Livingston | Macomb | Oakland | Washtenaw | Wayne | Total |
| Less than \$10,000 | 2,120 | 18,965 | 25,310 | 9,824 | 84,634 | 140,853 |
| \$10,000 to \$14,999 | 1,689 | 14,125 | 17,749 | 5,631 | 45,653 | 84,847 |
| \$15,000 to \$24,999 | 4,440 | 35,443 | 39,207 | 11,962 | 84,613 | 175,665 |
| \$25,000 to \$34,999 | 4,654 | 35,061 | 39,366 | 12,474 | 73,711 | 165,266 |
| \$35,000 to \$49,999 | 8,236 | 47,876 | 59,013 | 17,046 | 89,652 | 221,823 |
| \$50,000 to \$74,999 | 12,684 | 65,294 | 83,991 | 22,244 | 109,721 | 293,934 |
| \$75,000 to \$99,999 | 11,315 | 44,975 | 64,519 | 16,427 | 69,076 | 206,312 |
| \$100,000 to \$149,999 | 14,095 | 49,801 | 83,755 | 21,743 | 68,674 | 238,068 |
| \$150,000 to \$199,999 | 6,066 | 17,097 | 39,155 | 10,295 | 23,529 | 96,142 |
| \$200,000 or more | 4,464 | 10,256 | 44,662 | 11,026 | 20,149 | 90,557 |
| | | Median H | ousehold Income (b |) | | |
| | Livingston | Macomb | Oakland | , Washtenaw | Wayne | |
| | \$76,764 | \$55,951 | \$69,850 | \$62,484 | \$42,043 | |

Huron-Clinton Metropolitan Authority Demographic and Economic Statistics (Unaudited)

| | | | E | thnicity b | y County (a |) | | | | | | |
|---|---------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------|
| Ethnicity | Livingston | | Macomb | _ | Oakland | V | Vashtenav | N | Wayne | | Total | |
| White | 179,295 | 96.48% | 711,089 | 82.71% | 937,568 | 75.90% | 264,906 | 73.98% | 940,071 | 53.18% | 3,032,929 | 68.83% |
| Black or African American | 921 | 0.50% | 91,582 | 10.65% | 170,742 | 13.82% | 42,970 | 12.00% | 694,872 | 39.31% | 1,001,087 | 22.72% |
| American Indian & Alaska Na | t 449 | 0.24% | 2,136 | 0.25% | 3,268 | 0.26% | 1,076 | 0.30% | 5,950 | 0.34% | 12,879 | 0.29% |
| Asian | 1,751 | 0.94% | 30,459 | 3.54% | 80,680 | 6.53% | 30,582 | 8.54% | 52,168 | 2.95% | 195,640 | 4.44% |
| Native Hawaiian/Other Pacific | : 81 | 0.04% | 224 | 0.03% | 207 | 0.02% | 151 | 0.04% | 329 | 0.02% | 992 | 0.02% |
| Other Race | 526 | 0.28% | 4,116 | 0.48% | 9,390 | 0.76% | 3,054 | 0.85% | 32,715 | 1.85% | 49,801 | 1.13% |
| Two or More Races | 2,818 | 1.52% | 20,097 | 2.34% | 33,360 | 2.70% | 15,343 | 4.28% | 41,488 | 2.35% | 113,106 | 2.57% |
| | 185,841 | | 859,703 | | 1,235,215 | | 358,082 | - | 1,767,593 | · · · · · | 4,406,434 | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | - | | : | | = | | : = | | |
| | | | | Age by (| County (a) | | | - | | : | | |
| Age | Livingston | | Macomb | Age by (| County (a) Oakland | V | Vashtenav | N | Wayne | | Total | |
| Age under 5 | Livingston 9,453 | 5.09% | | Age by (| , | V 5.52% | Vashtenav 18,568 | - | | 6.53% | | 5.88% |
| | | | 47,529 | | Oakland | | | 5.19% | | 6.53% 6.52% | | 5.88% 6.14% |
| under 5 | 9,453 | 5.09% 5.82% | 47,529 51,405 | 5.53% | Oakland 68,130 | 5.52% | 18,568 | 5.19% 5.23% | 115,454 | 6.52% | 259,134 | |
| under 5 5 through 9 | 9,453 10,821 | 5.09% 5.82% 7.43% | 47,529 51,405 54,665 | 5.53% 5.98% | Oakland 68,130 74,219 | 5.52% 6.01% | 18,568 18,743 | 5.19% 5.23% 5.68% | 115,454 115,168 | 6.52% | 259,134 270,356 | 6.14% |
| under 5 5 through 9 10 through 14 | 9,453 10,821 13,800 | 5.09% 5.82% 7.43% 7.23% | 47,529 51,405 54,665 53,839 | 5.53% 5.98% 6.36% | Oakland 68,130 74,219 79,556 | 5.52% 6.01% 6.44% | 18,568 18,743 20,356 31,850 | 5.19% 5.23% 5.68% | 115,454 115,168 121,234 | 6.52% 6.86% 6.77% | 259,134 270,356 289,611 | 6.14% 6.57% 6.78% |

| 5 through 9 | 10,021 | J.0Z /0 | 51,405 | 0.90 /0 | 14,219 | 0.0170 | 10,743 | 5.25 /0 | 115,100 | 0.52 /0 | 270,550 | 0.14/0 |
|---------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|-----------|--------|---------|---------|-----------|---------|-----------|--------|
| 10 through 14 | 13,800 | 7.43% | 54,665 | 6.36% | 79,556 | 6.44% | 20,356 | 5.68% | 121,234 | 6.86% | 289,611 | 6.57% |
| 15 through 19 | 13,444 | 7.23% | 53,839 | 6.26% | 80,087 | 6.48% | 31,850 | 8.89% | 119,717 | 6.77% | 298,937 | 6.78% |
| 20 through 24 | 10,379 | 5.58% | 54,366 | 6.32% | 72,466 | 5.87% | 47,015 | 13.13% | 127,678 | 7.22% | 311,904 | 7.08% |
| 25 through 34 | 18,853 | 10.14% | 107,115 | 12.46% | 153,031 | 12.39% | 50,295 | 14.05% | 225,877 | 12.78% | 555,171 | 12.60% |
| 35 through 44 | 22,572 | 12.15% | 109,954 | 12.79% | 159,762 | 12.93% | 41,831 | 11.68% | 220,359 | 12.47% | 554,478 | 12.58% |
| 45 through 54 | 31,417 | 16.91% | 129,420 | 15.05% | 188,161 | 15.23% | 44,932 | 12.55% | 245,231 | 13.87% | 639,161 | 14.51% |
| 55 through 59 | 15,018 | 8.08% | 63,176 | 7.35% | 93,929 | 7.60% | 21,439 | 5.99% | 126,390 | 7.15% | 319,952 | 7.26% |
| 60 through 64 | 12,806 | 6.89% | 54,383 | 6.33% | 79,927 | 6.47% | 20,177 | 5.63% | 106,506 | 6.03% | 273,799 | 6.21% |
| 65 through 74 | 16,979 | 9.14% | 73,865 | 8.59% | 107,043 | 8.67% | 25,689 | 7.17% | 136,814 | 7.74% | 360,390 | 8.18% |
| 75 through 84 | 7,641 | 4.11% | 39,474 | 4.59% | 52,645 | 4.26% | 11,874 | 3.32% | 71,978 | 4.07% | 183,612 | 4.17% |
| 85 and over | 2,658 | 1.43% | 20,512 | 2.39% | 26,259 | 2.13% | 5,313 | 1.48% | 35,187 | 1.99% | 89,929 | 2.04% |
| | 185,841 | | 859,703 | | 1,235,215 | | 358,082 | _ | 1,767,593 | | 4,406,434 | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | |

Data from 2011-2015 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates:

(a) ACS Demographic and Housing Estimates (DP05)

(b) Selected Economic Characteristics (DP03)

Huron-Clinton Metropolitan Authority Principal Employers Current and Ten Years Ago (Unaudited)

| | | 2017 | | | 2007 | |
|--|-----------|------|---------------|-----------|----------|---------------|
| | | | Percentage of | | | Percentage of |
| | | | Total Region | | | Total Region |
| Employer | Employees | Rank | Employment | Employees | Rank | Employment |
| Ford Motor Company | 44,655 | 1 | 7.1% | 56,695 | 3 | 9.5% |
| FCA US LLC (formerly Chrysler) | 32,481 | 2 | 6.2% | 58,000 | 2 | 9.6% |
| | | | | - | <u>ک</u> | |
| General Motors | 31,399 | 3 | 7.9% | 80,407 | I | 14.0% |
| University of Michigan Hospitals | 30,835 | 4 | 15.2% | 49,078 | 4 | 19.1% |
| Beaumont Health System | 25,264 | 5 | 4.1% | - | - | - |
| US Government/Postal Service | 19,759 | 6 | 3.7% | 28,179 | 5 | 8.0% |
| Ilitch Companies | 15,931 | 7 | 2.3% | - | - | - |
| Henry Ford Health System | 15,112 | 8 | 2.5% | 16,093 | 7 | 2.2% |
| Rock Ventures | 13,445 | 9 | 1.9% | - | - | - |
| Trinity Health | 10,267 | 10 | 4.1% | - | - | - |
| Detroit Public Schools | - | - | - | 14,913 | 9 | 1.8% |
| Oakwood healthcare, Inc | - | - | - | 15,899 | 8 | 1.9% |
| Ascension Michigan (formerly St. John) | - | - | - | 21,780 | 6 | 3.5% |
| City of Detroit | | - | | 13,554 | 10 | 1.6% |
| | 239,148 | | 55.0% | 354,598 | | 71.2% |

Sources: Crain's Detroit Business, Michigan Department of Technology, Management, and Budget, Livingston, Macomb, Oakland, Washtenaw, and Wayne County annual financial statements.

Huron-Clinton Metropolitan Authority Full-Time Equivalent Employees by Location Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited) 2017 2016 2015 2014 2013 2012 2011 2010

| | 2017 | 2016 | 2015 | 2014 | 2013 | 2012 | 2011 | 2010 | 2009 | 2008 |
|--------------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| Location | | | | | | | | | | |
| Administrative Office | 67 | 58 | 53 | 50 | 53 | 54 | 56 | 51 | 52 | 52 |
| Lake St. Clair Metropark | 57 | 56 | 53 | 51 | 57 | 55 | 55 | 59 | 64 | 65 |
| Kensington Metropark | 97 | 96 | 88 | 82 | 80 | 81 | 85 | 95 | 100 | 98 |
| Lower Huron Metropark | 89 | 94 | 88 | 83 | 84 | 85 | 86 | 94 | 91 | 92 |
| Hudson Mills Metropark | 29 | 29 | 29 | 28 | 32 | 35 | 33 | 34 | 36 | 35 |
| Stony Creek Metropark | 63 | 63 | 56 | 53 | 55 | 53 | 55 | 58 | 61 | 59 |
| Lake Erie Metropark | 45 | 44 | 43 | 45 | 48 | 48 | 47 | 51 | 53 | 53 |
| Wolcott Mill Metropark | 18 | 23 | 20 | 16 | 16 | 19 | 20 | 21 | 22 | 25 |
| Indian Springs Metropark | 23 | 24 | 25 | 24 | 22 | 22 | 24 | 26 | 26 | 25 |
| Huron Meadows Metropark | 12 | 12 | 12 | 11 | 11 | 12 | 14 | 17 | 18 | 17 |
| Total | 500 | 499 | 467 | 443 | 458 | 464 | 475 | 506 | 523 | 521 |

Huron-Clinton Metropolitan Authority Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years

(Unaudited)

| | | | (0.14 | | | | | | | |
|--|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| | 2017 | 2016 | 2015* | 2014 | 2013 | 2012 | 2011 | 2010 | 2009 | 2008 |
| Number of Regional Parks | 13 | 13 | 13 | 13 | 13 | 13 | 13 | 13 | 13 | 13 |
| Vehicle Count | 2,921,824 | 2,947,885 | 2,859,720 | | | | | | | |
| Estimated Attendance*** | 7,304,560 | 7,369,713 | 7,149,300 | 7,939,916 | 8,420,298 | 8,866,125 | 8,434,169 | 9,203,225 | 9,174,119 | 8,917,076 |
| Land (acres) | | | | | | | | | | |
| All Land **** | 24,508 | 24,521 | 24,521 | | | | | | | |
| Encumbered for Recreation | 14,761 | 14,761 | 14,761 | | | | | | | |
| Leased for Farming | 491 | 595 | 595 | | | | | | | |
| Leased for Recreation | 450 | 450 | 450 | | | | | | | |
| Leased for Utilities | 24 | 24 | 24 | | | | | | | |
| General Grounds Maintenance - Acres Mowed | | | | | | | | | | |
| Annually | 3,691 | 3,691 | 3,099 | 3,099 | 2,261 | 2,261 | 2,281 | 2,694 | 2,699 | 2,807 |
| Trails (miles) | | | | | | | | | | |
| Nature/Hiking | 59 | 58 | 58 | | | | | | | |
| Paved/Shared Use | 90 | 84 | 84 | | | | | | | |
| Equestrian | 36 | 36 | 36 | | | | | | | |
| Cross Country Ski | 64 | 64 | 64 | 81 | 80 | 80 | 80 | 75 | 75 | 66 |
| Mountain Biking | 19 | 19 | 19 | | | | | | | |
| Maintenance Paths | 81 | 81 | 81 | | | | | | | |
| Aquatic Facilities | | | | | | | | | | |
| Aquatic Centers ** | 5 | | | | | | | | | |
| Spray Pads** | 2 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 |
| Pools ** | | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 5 |
| Beaches | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 |
| Boat Launches | 50 | 50 | 50 | 46 | 44 | 44 | 44 | 44 | 44 | 44 |
| Boat Rental Facilities-Metropark operated | 4 | 6 | 6 | 5 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 5 | 5 | 5 |
| Boat Rental Facilities-Concessionaire operated | 2 | | | | | | | | | |
| Fishing Platforms | 16 | 16 | 16 | | | | | | | |
| Marinas - Number of Boat Slips | 393 | 393 | 393 | 498 | 509 | 509 | 553 | 553 | 505 | 564 |
| Winter Facilities | | | | | | | | | | |
| Ice Skating Areas | 4 | 4 | 4 | | | | | | | |
| Sledding Areas | 8 | 8 | 8 | | | | | | | |
| Infrastructure | | | | | | | | | | |
| Buildings | 484 | 489 | 489 | | | | | | | |
| Roads (miles) | 68 | 68 | 68 | | | | | | | |
| Parking Spaces | 19,332 | 19,332 | 19,332 | | | | | | | |

Huron-Clinton Metropolitan Authority Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

| | | | (0114 | uuncuj | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| | 2017 | 2016 | 2015* | 2014 | 2013 | 2012 | 2011 | 2010 | 2009 | 2008 |
| Great Lakes Shoreline (miles) | 14 | 14 | 14 | | | | | | | |
| Inland Lakes (acres) | 3,634 | 3,634 | 3,634 | | | | | | | |
| Recreation Facilities | | | | | | | | | | |
| Regulation 18 Hole Courses | 7 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 |
| Number of Golf Rounds | 176,231 | 190,527 | 191,605 | 169,157 | 182,333 | 187,868 | 184,837 | 204,839 | 206,271 | 221,338 |
| Par 3 Courses | 1 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| Number of Golf Rounds | 4,249 | 14,025 | 14,257 | 12,971 | 17,238 | 19,829 | 17,879 | 24,858 | 32,920 | 30,915 |
| Number of Foot Golf Rounds | 784 | | | | | | | | | |
| Driving Ranges | 5 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 |
| Disc Golf Courses | 5 | 5 | 5 | | | | | | | |
| Disc Golf Holes | 135 | 135 | 135 | 126 | 123 | 123 | 120 | 120 | 123 | 120 |
| Playgrounds | 77 | 78 | 78 | 51 | 50 | 50 | 49 | 45 | 45 | 45 |
| Picnic Shelters | 86 | 87 | 87 | 91 | 91 | 91 | 92 | 87 | 86 | 84 |
| Picnic Areas | | 70 | 70 | 88 | 88 | 89 | 90 | 85 | 85 | 85 |
| Tennis Courts | 8 | 9 | 9 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 |
| Pickelball Courts | 3 | | | | | | | | | |
| Basketball Courts | 15 | 15 | 15 | 18 | 19 | 19 | 19 | 19 | 19 | 18 |
| Sand Volleyball Courts | 39 | 38 | 38 | | | | | | | |
| Baseball Fields | 22 | 28 | 28 | | | | | | | |
| Interpretive Centers | | | | | | | | | | |
| Environmental Discovery Center | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Farm Centers | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| Grist Mill | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Nature Centers | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 |
| Mobile Metropark | 3 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Number of Visitors | 1,487,666 | 1,470,541 | 1,382,962 | 1,459,000 | 1,549,800 | 1,657,759 | 1,681,737 | 1,761,071 | 1,757,499 | 1,608,000 |
| Number of Interpretive Programs | 5,553 | 5,520 | 7,580 | 7,175 | 7,478 | 9,706 | 10,181 | 10,106 | 10,458 | 10,261 |
| Special Event Facilities | 6 | 6 | 6 | | | | | | | |
| Excursion Boat | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Public Safety | | | | | | | | | | |
| Number of Patrol Vehicles | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 39 | 39 | 37 | 37 | 33 |
| Number of Law Violations | | | | | | | | | | |
| Arrests | 50 | 25 | 30 | 24 | 20 | 19 | 13 | 28 | 41 | 58 |
| Traffic Violations | 193 | 333 | 295 | 225 | 221 | 175 | 232 | 305 | 366 | 461 |
| Other Violations | 82 | 129 | 167 | 75 | | 56 | | | | |

Huron-Clinton Metropolitan Authority Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

| | 2017 | 2016 | 2015* | 2014 | 2013 | 2012 | 2011 | 2010 | 2009 | 2008 |
|---|------|------|-------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| Land (acres) Developed | | | | 4,890 | 5,800 | 5,800 | 5,800 | 5,800 | 5,800 | 5,800 |
| Land (acres) Undeveloped | | | | 18,960 | 18,355 | 18,355 | 18,355 | 18,310 | 18,310 | 18,055 |
| Land (acres) Under Recreational Lease to Other Agencies | | | | 1,045 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 |
| Number of Buildings Maintained | | | | 320 | 321 | 321 | 321 | 319 | 319 | 315 |
| Square Footage of Buildings Maintained | | | | 703,120 | 705,395 | 705,395 | 703,120 | 697,520 | 697,520 | 700,475 |
| Equestrian Trails - Number of Miles | | | | 53 | 53 | 53 | 53 | 53 | 53 | 29 |
| Hike/ Bike Trails (paved) - Number of Miles of Paved | | | | | | | | | | |
| Trails | | | | 66 | 61 | 61 | 61 | 55 | 55 | 54 |
| Miles of Shoreline | | | | 94 | 94 | 94 | 94 | 100 | 100 | 100 |
| Nature Trails - Number of Miles | | | | 75 | 75 | 75 | 75 | 56 | 56 | 53 |
| Outdoor Dance Centers | | | | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Parking Lots - Square Yards Maintained | | | | 768,191 | 768,191 | 796,191 | 794,691 | 833,428 | 833,428 | 833,428 |
| Road System - Number of Lane Miles Maintained | | | | 165 | 162 | 162 | 162 | 166 | 166 | 166 |
| Skate Parks | | | | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Ice Skating Rinks | | | | 7 | 7 | 7 | 7 | 9 | 9 | 9 |
| Sledding/Toboggan Hills | | | | 19 | 19 | 18 | 18 | 18 | 18 | 18 |

* During the year ending December 31, 2015 the Authority's Planning Department developed a comprehensive Vision Plan which included new statistical areas of focus that will be monitored and maintained on a go forward basis. For this reason, certain categories and areas of statistical reporting have changed from previous years reporting. Consistency among categories has been maintained where available.

** During the year ending December 31, 2017 the Authority's Planning Department reevaluated the aquatic facility categories reported. It was concluded to present a new category of Aquatic Center which may include multiple types of facilities previously reported separately.

*** Estimated attendence based on standard multiplier applied to actual vehicle count

**** Based on land acquisition records, including undeveloped parkway land outside park boundaries

Huron-Clinton Metropolitan Authority Metropark General Governmental Expenditures by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

| Year | Im | Capital provements | E | Equipment | Land Acquisition | M | Major aintenance | Ac | General Iministration | Park Operations | Capital Projects Fund | Total |
|------|----|-----------------------|----|-----------|-------------------------|----|---------------------|----|--------------------------|------------------------|---------------------------------|------------------|
| 2008 | \$ | 7,103,917 | \$ | 1,910,491 | \$ 624,843 | \$ | 1,043,507 | \$ | 6,659,575 | \$ 32,609,363 | \$ 1,036,103 | \$ 50,987,799 |
| 2009 | | 9,347,177 | | 1,821,169 | 1,603,169 | | 1,442,499 | | 6,958,695 | 32,062,270 | 309,183 | 53,544,162 |
| 2010 | | 4,494,392 | | 1,972,142 | 10,423 | | 1,131,938 | | 7,088,861 | 32,131,822 | 190,332 | 47,019,910 |
| 2011 | | 3,456,892 | | 965,066 | 565,997 | | 1,106,658 | | 7,075,619 | 31,717,979 | 1,078,344 | 45,966,555 |
| 2012 | | 2,491,443 | | 1,170,104 | 2,350 | | 1,553,104 | | 7,538,185 | 29,706,692 | 1,930,912 | 44,392,790 |
| 2013 | | 5,068,491 | | 1,531,932 | 28,820 | | 704,328 | | 6,990,592 | 28,829,491 | 292,196 | 43,445,850 |
| 2014 | | 4,879,504 | | 1,225,463 | 269,846 | | 1,435,517 | | 7,640,052 | 29,119,023 | 382,460 | 44,951,865 |
| 2015 | | 3,212,855 | | 1,370,378 | 177,591 | | 1,786,274 | | 7,516,737 | 31,518,622 | 94,579 | 45,677,036 |
| 2016 | | 4,159,886 | | 3,089,427 | 5,056 | | 1,926,210 | | 7,371,706 | 32,622,292 | - | 49,174,577 |
| 2017 | | 7,523,357 | | 2,801,066 | 10,900 | | 2,270,033 | | 9,122,348 | 33,299,256 | - | 55,026,960 |

Huron-Clinton Metropolitan Authority Metropark General Governmental Expenditures by Park

Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

| | | | | (011 | addited | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|------------|-----------|------------|
| | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | Total (a) |
| Capital Improvements | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Administrative Office | \$- | \$- | \$- | \$- | \$- | \$ 15,070 | \$ 45,000 | \$- | \$ 112,999 | \$ 88,600 | \$ 261,669 |
| Lake St. Clair Metropark | 1,890,068 | 3,070,170 | 779,453 | 164,896 | 501,752 | 3,388,101 | 247,053 | 252,381 | 1,236,529 | 3,877,088 | 15,407,491 |
| Kensington Metropark | 1,973,343 | 3,907,319 | 991,397 | 2,417,637 | 275,844 | 123,195 | 2,008,956 | 452,571 | 299,491 | 727,346 | 13,177,099 |
| Dexter-Delhi Metropark | 46,363 | 45,269 | 21,066 | 129,214 | 25,859 | 14,659 | 34,885 | - | - | - | 317,315 |
| Lower Huron/Willow/Oakwoods Metropark | 622,687 | 1,213,040 | 842,785 | 274,389 | 269,893 | 516,245 | 66,796 | 156,782 | 51,322 | 593,005 | 4,606,944 |
| Hudson Mills Metropark | 662,669 | 103,637 | 324,848 | 158,655 | 97,746 | 525,153 | 303,410 | 110,901 | 36,544 | 56,897 | 2,380,460 |
| Stony Creek Metropark | 1,024,385 | 216,901 | 344,335 | 135,328 | 1,182,503 | 125,936 | 237,809 | 1,405,205 | 1,820,937 | 1,361,602 | 7,854,941 |
| Lake Erie Metropark | 166,028 | 221,474 | 714,069 | 118,017 | 36,280 | 55,787 | 351,366 | 27,186 | 223,999 | 408,973 | 2,323,179 |
| Wolcott Mill Metropark | 229,612 | 110,013 | 29,399 | 14,417 | 35,032 | 78,544 | 60,035 | 389,335 | 363,060 | 230,446 | 1,539,893 |
| Indian Springs Metropark | 411,705 | 373,191 | 312,175 | 41,265 | 37,288 | 167,628 | 325,956 | 371,525 | 15,005 | 155,170 | 2,210,908 |
| Huron Meadows Metropark | 61,807 | 86,163 | 134,865 | 3,074 | 29,246 | 58,173 | 1,198,238 | 46,969 | - | 24,230 | 1,642,765 |
| Cost Share Other Agencies | 15,250 | | | | | | | | | | 15,250 |
| Total | 7,103,917 | 9,347,177 | 4,494,392 | 3,456,892 | 2,491,443 | 5,068,491 | 4,879,504 | 3,212,855 | 4,159,886 | 7,523,357 | 51,737,914 |
| Equipment | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Central Pool Equipment | 145,325 | 56,383 | 167,493 | 274,595 | 107,813 | 172,763 | 630,121 | 231,321 | 313,470 | 157,070 | 2,256,354 |
| Lake St. Clair Metropark | 217,608 | 97,496 | 236,282 | 113,685 | 213,150 | 109,896 | 142,484 | 206,783 | 235,466 | 275,544 | 1,848,394 |
| Kensington Metropark | 282,956 | 288,600 | 453,310 | 140,575 | 318,761 | 230,212 | 149,257 | 207,324 | 585,804 | 613,122 | 3,269,921 |
| Lower Huron/Willow/Oakwoods Metropark | 397,155 | 485,485 | 188,961 | 260,665 | 132,884 | 94,976 | 69,759 | 139,967 | 497,397 | 742,245 | 3,009,494 |
| Hudson Mills Metropark | 185,257 | 133,418 | 85,560 | 40,422 | 12,656 | 117,115 | 82,700 | 36,814 | 156,368 | 29,781 | 880,091 |
| Stony Creek Metropark | 143,396 | 131,759 | 282,333 | 67,235 | 257,776 | 282,583 | 46,107 | 332,084 | 634,571 | 511,883 | 2,689,727 |
| Willow/Oakwoods Metroparks | 218,333 | 272,597 | 72,601 | 189,437 | 57,047 | 32,710 | 1,320 | - | - | - | 844,045 |
| Lake Erie Metropark | 113,109 | 147,267 | 111,636 | 16,638 | 1,250 | 358,709 | 10,558 | 66,180 | 316,289 | 221,945 | 1,363,581 |
| Wolcott Mill Metropark | 131,732 | 60,477 | 19,071 | 22,966 | 8,906 | 11,095 | 35,050 | 41,751 | 169,864 | 86,887 | 587,799 |
| Indian Springs Metropark | 161,696 | 304,666 | 77,778 | 28,285 | 94,408 | 91,409 | 17,537 | 85,280 | 78,549 | 62,471 | 1,002,079 |
| Huron Meadows Metropark | 132,257 | 115,618 | 349,718 | | 22,500 | 63,174 | 41,890 | 22,874 | 101,649 | 100,118 | 949,798 |
| Total | 1,910,491 | 1,821,169 | 1,972,142 | 965,066 | 1,170,104 | 1,531,932 | 1,225,463 | 1,370,378 | 3,089,427 | 2,801,066 | 17,857,238 |
| Land Acquisition | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Lake St. Clair Metropark | - | - | - | - | - | 19,456 | 72,859 | 177,591 | 5,056 | - | 274,962 |
| Kensington Metropark | - | - | - | - | - | 2,950 | - | - | - | - | 2,950 |
| Wolcott Mill Metropark | 2,950 | 5,650 | 8,400 | 287,884 | 2,350 | 6,414 | 196,737 | - | - | - | 510,385 |
| Indian Springs Metropark | 252,544 | 1,593,769 | 23 | 273,813 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 2,120,149 |
| Huron Meadows | 212,524 | 2,800 | 2,000 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 10,900 | 228,224 |
| Other Metroparks | 156,825 | 950 | | 4,300 | | | 250 | | | | 162,325 |
| Total | 624,843 | 1,603,169 | 10,423 | 565,997 | 2,350 | 28,820 | 269,846 | 177,591 | 5,056 | 10,900 | 3,298,995 |

Huron-Clinton Metropolitan Authority Metropark General Governmental Expenditures by Park

Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

| | | | | | | | | | uuuit | .cu) | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|------|------------|------|-----------|------|------------|------|------------|-------|------------|------|------------|----|------------|------|-----------|------|------------|------|-----------|-----|------------|
| | | 2008 | | 2009 | | 2010 | | 2011 | | 2012 | | 2013 | | 2014 | | 2015 | | 2016 | | 2017 | | Total (a) |
| Major Maintenance | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Administrative Office - Engineering/ | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| General Planning | \$ | 73,215 | \$ | 179,437 | \$ | 69,367 | \$ | 166,374 | \$ | 76,319 | \$ | 90,486 | \$ | 74,754 | \$ | 8,044 | \$ | 17,116 | \$ | 43,718 | \$ | 798,830 |
| Lake St. Clair Metropark | • | 90,431 | • | 129,104 | * | 37,271 | • | 177,368 | • | 67,827 | * | 170,388 | * | 226,800 | • | 198,938 | • | 180,587 | • | 733,523 | * | 2,012,237 |
| Kensington Metropark | | 142,425 | | 169,523 | | 101,468 | | 321,623 | | 127,031 | | 31,511 | | 282,058 | | 411,571 | | 421,900 | | 159,149 | | 2,168,259 |
| Lower Huron/Willow/Oakwoods Metropark | | 353,661 | | 378,249 | | 89,350 | | 160,134 | | 429,468 | | 38,958 | | 454,770 | | 338,346 | | 252,139 | | 497,763 | | 2,992,838 |
| Hudson Mills Metropark | | 75,829 | | 235,922 | | 55,458 | | 19,178 | | 338,736 | | - | | 38,651 | | 42,342 | | 129,663 | | 53,080 | | 988,859 |
| Stony Creek Metropark | | 148,948 | | 164,651 | | 570,546 | | 83,260 | | 236,918 | | 38,138 | | 228,158 | | 269,969 | | 634,683 | | 212,106 | | 2,587,377 |
| Lake Erie Metropark | | 59,798 | | 185,613 | | 76,122 | | 110,656 | | 125,456 | | 248,430 | | 4,250 | | 17,962 | | 91,900 | | 91,547 | | 1,011,734 |
| Wolcott Mill Metropark | | 54,086 | | · - | | - | | 40,458 | | 45,053 | | 18,572 | | 126,076 | | 264,173 | | 111,436 | | 132,151 | | 792,005 |
| Indian Springs Metropark | | 45,114 | | - | | 6,632 | | 26,645 | | 48,053 | | 63,979 | | - | | 99,502 | | 71,109 | | 346,996 | | 708,030 |
| Huron Meadows Metropark | | | | - | | 125,724 | | 964 | | 58,243 | | 3,866 | | - | | 135,427 | | 15,677 | | | | 339,901 |
| Total | | 1,043,507 | | 1,442,499 | | 1,131,938 | | 1,106,658 | | 1,553,104 | | 704,328 | | 1,435,517 | | 1,786,274 | | 1,926,210 | | 2,270,033 | | 14,400,070 |
| General Administration | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Administrative Office | | 6,659,575 | | 6,958,695 | | 7,088,861 | | 7,075,619 | | 7,538,185 | | 6,990,592 | | 7,640,052 | | 7,516,737 | | 7,371,706 | | 9,122,348 | | 73,962,370 |
| Park Operations | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Lake St. Clair Metropark | | 4,070,235 | | 4,064,908 | | 3,951,050 | | 3,784,910 | | 3,500,206 | | 3,518,212 | | 3,476,787 | | 3,955,554 | | 4,045,798 | | 4,193,050 | | 38,560,710 |
| Kensington Metropark | | 6,542,370 | | 6,443,579 | | 6,529,008 | | 6,486,029 | | 6,163,819 | | 5,942,347 | | 6,009,375 | | 6,487,747 | | 6,792,494 | | 6,936,915 | | 64,333,683 |
| Lower Huron/Willow/Oakwoods Metropark | | 6,150,938 | | 5,422,245 | | 5,790,454 | | 5,740,732 | | 5,370,279 | | 5,314,881 | | 5,241,451 | | 5,954,585 | | 6,142,630 | | 6,388,626 | | 57,516,821 |
| Dexter/Delhi/Hudson Mills Metroparks | | 2,616,276 | | 2,794,242 | | 2,747,588 | | 2,981,726 | | 2,741,822 | | 2,463,982 | | 2,444,480 | | 2,531,077 | | 2,525,080 | | 2,493,050 | | 26,339,323 |
| Stony Creek Metropark | | 4,179,179 | | 4,195,573 | | 4,230,227 | | 4,058,406 | | 3,959,094 | | 3,816,608 | | 3,896,686 | | 4,450,218 | | 5,041,688 | | 4,907,561 | | 42,735,240 |
| Lake Erie Metropark | | 3,571,164 | | 3,591,422 | | 3,425,448 | | 3,379,534 | | 3,356,082 | | 3,393,851 | | 3,313,518 | | 3,366,875 | | 3,263,730 | | 3,696,984 | | 34,358,608 |
| Wolcott Mill Metropark | | 1,824,048 | | 1,737,968 | | 1,755,269 | | 1,775,100 | | 1,604,023 | | 1,398,932 | | 1,548,474 | | 1,645,858 | | 1,790,519 | | 1,537,099 | | 16,617,290 |
| Indian Springs Metropark | | 2,094,248 | | 2,116,133 | | 2,194,572 | | 2,052,636 | | 1,844,228 | | 1,825,913 | | 1,924,048 | | 2,018,613 | | 1,972,292 | | 2,048,351 | | 20,091,034 |
| Huron Meadows Metropark | | 1,058,438 | | 1,144,033 | | 1,199,291 | | 1,055,361 | | 837,024 | | 855,213 | | 943,075 | | 1,079,578 | | 1,022,826 | | 1,074,884 | | 10,269,723 |
| Central Warehouse/Garage/Other | | 502,467 | | 552,167 | | 308,915 | | 403,546 | | 330,115 | | 299,552 | | 321,129 | | 28,517 | | 25,235 | | 22,736 | | 2,794,379 |
| Total | : | 32,609,363 | 3 | 2,062,270 | 3 | 32,131,822 | : | 31,717,979 | 2 | 29,706,692 | 2 | 28,829,491 | | 29,119,023 | 3 | 1,518,622 | 3 | 32,622,292 | 3 | 3,299,256 | 3 | 13,616,810 |
| Capital Projects Fund | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Kensington Metropark | | - | | 19,580 | | 152,040 | | 716,501 | | 1,712,310 | | 53,180 | | - | | - | | - | | - | | 2,653,611 |
| Lower Huron Metropark | | 238,677 | | (83,175) | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - | | 155,502 |
| Stony Creek Metropark | | - | | 17,771 | | 33,752 | | 361,844 | | 218,602 | | 239,016 | | 382,460 | | 94,579 | | - | | - | | 1,348,024 |
| Oakwoods Metropark | | 797,426 | | 355,007 | | 4,540 | | - | | | | - | | - | | | | - | | - | | 1,156,973 |
| Total | | 1,036,103 | | 309,183 | | 190,332 | | 1,078,344 | | 1,930,912 | | 292,196 | | 382,460 | | 94,579 | | - | | | | 5,314,110 |
| Total Expenditures | \$! | 50,987,799 | \$ 5 | 3,544,162 | \$ 4 | 47,019,910 | \$ 4 | 45,966,555 | \$ 4 | 14,392,790 | \$ 4 | 43,445,850 | \$ | 44,951,865 | \$ 4 | 5,677,036 | \$ 4 | 9,174,577 | \$ 5 | 5,026,960 | \$4 | 80,187,507 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

(a) Includes General Fund and Capital Projects Fund.

Huron-Clinton Metropolitan Authority Metropark General Governmental Revenue by Source Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

| Year | Property Tax | Park Operations | Interest | Grants | Gifts | Mis | scellaneous | Other Financing Sources | Capital Projects Fund | Total (a) |
|------|---------------------|------------------------|--------------|------------|--------------|-----|-------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------|
| 2008 | \$ 36,053,277 | \$ 14,480,210 | \$ 1,386,929 | \$ 501,584 | \$ 91,929 | \$ | 208,335 | \$ 382,240 | \$ 1,073,328 | \$ 54,177,832 |
| 2009 | 35,953,354 | 13,764,068 | 717,457 | 2,029,548 | 101,219 | | 73,384 | 280,543 | 586,306 | 53,505,879 |
| 2010 | 34,528,432 | 14,715,827 | 384,922 | 317,491 | 57,065 | | 24,161 | 411,926 | 525,621 | 50,965,445 |
| 2011 | 30,691,073 | 14,151,725 | 266,837 | 351,412 | 110,423 | | 28,460 | 126,880 | 426,633 | 46,153,443 |
| 2012 | 28,384,628 | 15,027,250 | 133,184 | 409,538 | 127,231 | | 513,164 | 204,213 | 623,420 | 45,422,628 |
| 2013 | 27,662,759 | 14,519,872 | 198,255 | 2,050,630 | 167,123 | | 27,567 | 223,069 | 316,736 | 45,166,011 |
| 2014 | 28,125,677 | 16,316,176 | 277,461 | 215,614 | 87,407 | | 97,013 | 43,551 | 251,281 | 45,414,180 |
| 2015 | 28,503,130 | 17,893,737 | 344,745 | 217,896 | 337,171 | | 987,949 | 192,480 | 76,693 | 48,553,801 |
| 2016 | 29,246,499 | 20,130,849 | 287,928 | 76,182 | 130,674 | | 339,905 | 319,165 | 131,845 | 50,663,047 |
| 2017 | 30,658,374 | 19,340,845 | 449,196 | 284,871 | 245,687 | | 351,495 | 643,421 | 129,437 | 52,103,326 |

(a) Includes General Fund and Capital Projects Fund.

Huron-Clinton Metropolitan Authority Metropark Operating Revenues by Park Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

| | | | | | (onadantou) | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|-------------------|
| | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | Total |
| Lake St. Clair Metropark | \$ 1,608,432 | \$ 1,605,390 | \$ 1,767,070 | \$ 1,639,040 | \$ 1,677,510 | \$ 1,605,222 | \$ 1,753,366 | \$ 2,161,319 | \$ 2,461,013 | \$ 2,315,553 | \$ 18,593,915 |
| Kensington Metropark | 2,743,827 | 2,608,246 | 2,896,630 | 2,802,315 | 2,959,722 | 3,007,259 | 3,481,846 | 3,996,669 | 4,552,476 | 4,741,963 | 33,790,953 |
| Lower Huron Metropark | 1,317,792 | 1,236,339 | 1,496,553 | 1,544,161 | 1,577,205 | 1,299,958 | 1,465,153 | 2,682,224 | 3,071,759 | 2,760,379 | 18,451,523 |
| Dexter/Delhi/Hudson Mills | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Metroparks | 955,416 | 964,219 | 969,111 | 887,294 | 826,820 | 867,709 | 964,791 | 1,044,048 | 1,082,519 | 1,116,862 | 9,678,789 |
| Stony Creek Metropark | 2,358,584 | 2,334,081 | 2,514,918 | 2,535,163 | 2,846,775 | 2,989,230 | 3,362,441 | 3,574,513 | 4,153,817 | 4,091,310 | 30,760,832 |
| Willow/ Oakwoods Metroparks | 1,328,555 | 1,004,439 | 1,131,561 | 804,158 | 1,028,790 | 931,113 | 1,064,566 | - | - | - | 7,293,182 |
| Lake Erie Metropark | 1,641,958 | 1,601,021 | 1,576,391 | 1,572,925 | 1,553,867 | 1,395,317 | 1,521,141 | 1,627,750 | 1,772,447 | 1,668,012 | 15,930,829 |
| Wolcott Mill Metropark | 603,100 | 485,383 | 471,291 | 469,845 | 588,431 | 534,381 | 539,505 | 558,710 | 625,982 | 297,922 | 5,174,550 |
| Indian Springs Metropark | 933,591 | 895,761 | 870,566 | 811,109 | 904,808 | 953,775 | 1,079,093 | 1,122,183 | 1,237,868 | 1,107,336 | 9,916,090 |
| Huron Meadows Metropark | 816,058 | 822,933 | 807,926 | 760,210 | 702,974 | 689,334 | 773,048 | 856,215 | 910,351 | 905,093 | 8,044,142 |
| Resident House/Land Leases | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Other | 163,998 | 185,012 | 177,489 | 170,522 | 190,986 | 198,093 | 195,165 | - | - | - | 1,281,265 |
| Administrative Office | 8,899 | 21,244 | 36,321 | 154,983 | 169,355 | 48,481 | 116,061 | 270,106 | 262,617 | 336,415 | 1,424,482 |
| Total | \$ 14,480,210 | \$ 13,764,068 | \$ 14,715,827 | \$ 14,151,725 | \$ 15,027,243 | \$ 14,519,872 | \$ 16,316,176 | \$ 17,893,737 | \$ 20,130,849 | \$ 19,340,845 | \$ 160,340,552 |

Huron-Clinton Metropolitan Authority Metropark Operating Revenues by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

| Type of Revenue | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | | 2012 | 2013 | | 2014 | | 2015 | | 2016 | 2017 | | Total |
|----------------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|----|------------|------------------|----|------------|----|------------|----|------------|------------------|----|------------|
| Food Service (b) | \$ 951,338 | \$ 814,336 | \$ 803,573 | \$ 778,782 | \$ | 730,059 | \$ 774,520 | \$ | 1,201,877 | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ - | \$ | 6,054,485 |
| Aquatic | 1,364,533 | 1,112,798 | 1,418,185 | 1,572,314 | | 1,508,333 | 1,317,560 | | 1,443,720 | | 2,010,251 | | 2,156,789 | 1,763,802 | | 15,668,285 |
| Dockage/ Boat Storage | 405,316 | 373,705 | 390,105 | 396,478 | | 371,748 | 366,101 | | 362,701 | | 383,575 | | 394,197 | 372,635 | | 3,816,56 |
| Boat Rentals | 266,152 | 273,220 | 275,897 | 326,887 | | 338,251 | 357,399 | | 389,421 | | 460,095 | | 476,722 | 436,904 | | 3,600,947 |
| Excursion Boat | 40,037 | 37,532 | 38,555 | 44,441 | | 44,668 | 49,598 | | 49,634 | | 44,102 | | 17,098 | 55,502 | | 421,167 |
| Cross Country Skiing | 27,255 | 41,744 | 45,513 | 55,021 | | 26,076 | 48,047 | | 86,234 | | 62,642 | | 32,959 | 37,810 | | 463,301 |
| Toll Collection | 4,621,742 | 4,796,269 | 5,690,581 | 5,358,278 | | 5,722,407 | 5,547,951 | | 6,991,270 | | 7,471,802 | | 9,167,954 | 9,452,371 | | 64,820,625 |
| Sundries (b) | 135,387 | 120,056 | 125,336 | 104,699 | | 119,669 | 115,538 | | 109,392 | | - | | - | - | | 830,077 |
| Games/Equipment Rental (b) | 53,525 | 41,141 | 38,712 | 4,375 | | 17,463 | 28,875 | | 32,390 | | - | | - | - | | 216,481 |
| Activity Center | 97,396 | 120,408 | 122,608 | 132,997 | | 145,918 | 123,194 | | 127,407 | | 210,988 | | 245,014 | 114,004 | | 1,439,934 |
| Shelter Reservations | 310,195 | 320,730 | 342,550 | 338,830 | | 351,044 | 405,270 | | 369,415 | | 373,751 | | 377,988 | 313,010 | | 3,502,783 |
| Golf Course | 5,491,384 | 4,930,968 | 4,636,348 | 4,041,661 | | 4,518,659 | 4,332,837 | | 4,137,391 | | 5,345,559 | | 5,695,553 | 5,033,276 | | 48,163,636 |
| Adventure/ Disc Golf | 93,736 | 187,062 | 202,599 | 172,470 | | 183,330 | 185,184 | | 167,969 | | 221,241 | | 211,653 | 205,616 | | 1,830,860 |
| Special Events | 29,997 | 21,141 | 25,760 | 48,829 | | 41,301 | 83,653 | | 56,331 | | 157,462 | | 220,531 | 102,998 | | 788,003 |
| Resident House/Land/Leases | 112,178 | 118,857 | 107,025 | 113,597 | | 131,925 | 137,138 | | 127,157 | | 131,640 | | 130,127 | 136,301 | | 1,245,945 |
| Livestock Sales (b) | 80,887 | 52,685 | 49,695 | 96,137 | | 135,185 | 96,875 | | 104,436 | | - | | - | - | | 615,900 |
| Hay Rides (b) | 48,917 | 38,047 | 37,794 | 37,803 | | 34,612 | 42,069 | | 48,301 | | - | | - | - | | 287,543 |
| Site Location Fee (b) | 35,133 | 29,155 | 18,785 | 24,980 | | 16,269 | 30,760 | | 38,244 | | - | | - | - | | 193,326 |
| Interpretive | 179,196 | 177,548 | 184,658 | 217,775 | | 252,338 | 268,279 | | 257,623 | | 603,271 | | 635,268 | 717,556 | | 3,493,512 |
| Intergovernmental (b) | - | - | - | - | | - | - | | - | | 206,713 | | 197,395 | 200,946 | | 605,054 |
| Miscellaneous (b) | 118,619 | 136,780 | 155,911 | 136,454 | | 115,851 | 42,020 | | 145,239 | | 106,265 | | 70,521 | 115,187 | | 1,142,847 |
| Other Park Revenues (a) | 17,287 | 19,886 | 5,637 | 148,918 | | 222,138 | 167,004 | | 70,024 | | 104,380 | | 101,080 | 282,927 | | 1,139,28 |
| Total | \$ 14,480,210 | \$ 13 764 068 | \$ 14 715 827 | \$ 14,151,725 | ¢ | 15,027,243 | \$ 14,519,872 | ¢ | 16,316,176 | ¢ | 17 903 737 | ¢ | 20 130 849 | \$ 19,340,845 | ¢ | 160 340 55 |

(a) Other Park Revenues include camping, trackless train, and mobile stage.(b) During the year ended December 31, 2015 the Authority revised their chart of accounts and reporting classifications.

Certain types of operating revenues were consolidated into new or existing operating classifications. As such some historical comparisons are not available.