Huron-Clinton Metropolitan Authority Brighton, Michigan

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report Year Ended December 31, 2015



SUBMITTED TO THE HURON-CLINTON METROPOLITAN AUTHORITY BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS

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Prepared by the Huron-Clinton Metropolitan Authority Controller's Department

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report Year Ended December 31, 2015

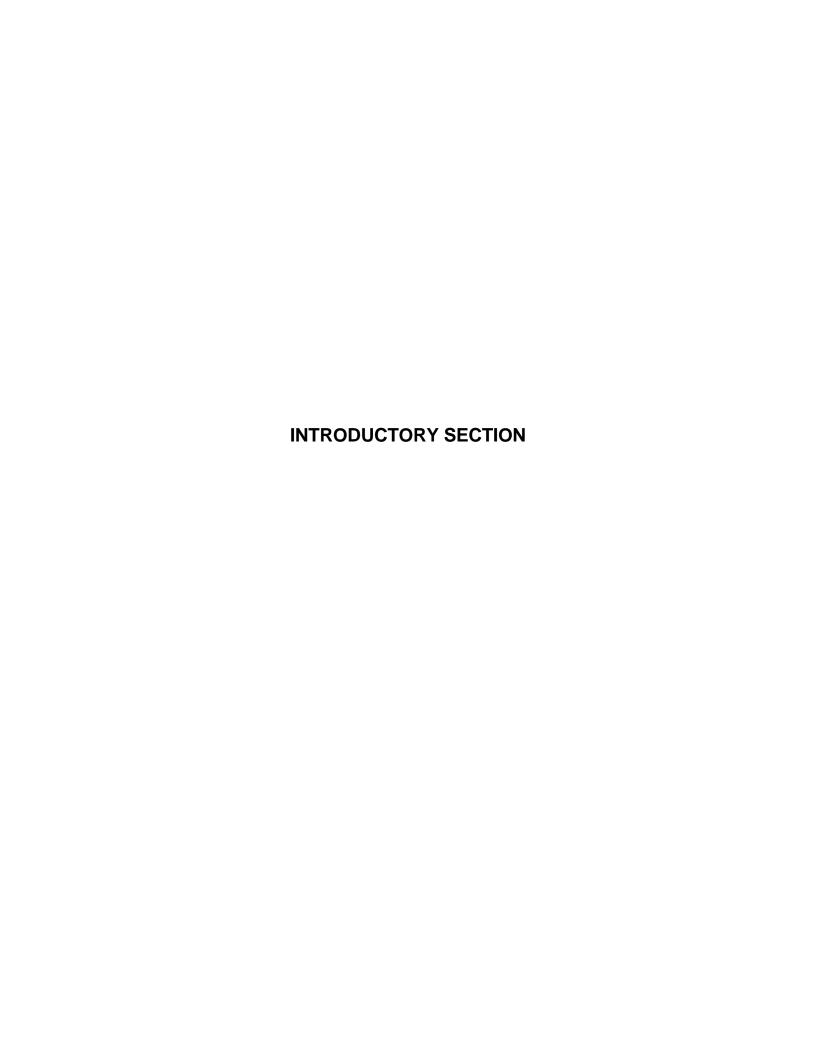
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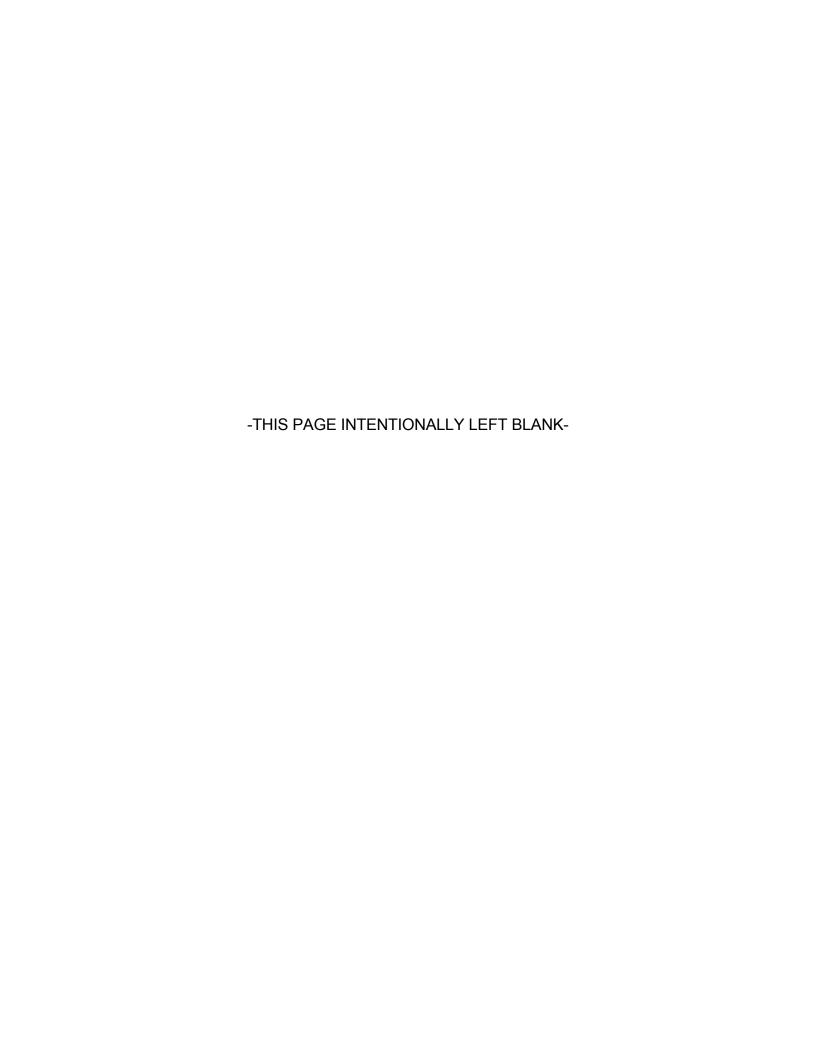
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April 25, 2016

To the Board of Commissioners, Director, and Citizens of the Huron-Clinton Metropolitan Authority Park District:

State law requires that all local governmental units, including authorities such as the Huron-Clinton Metropolitan Authority, publish within six months of the close of each fiscal year a complete set of financial statements presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and audited in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards by a firm of licensed certified public accountants. Pursuant to that requirement, we hereby issue the comprehensive annual financial report of the Huron-Clinton Metropolitan Authority for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2015. Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with management. GASB 34 requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the Basic Financial Statements in the form of a Management's Discussion & Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

The financial reporting entity of the Huron-Clinton Metropolitan Authority includes all funds of the Huron-Clinton Metropolitan Authority. The Authority is a special district form of government operating independently of all other governmental agencies. It provides a full range of recreational activities in the five-county region surrounding the city of Detroit.

GOVERNMENTAL STRUCTURE, LOCAL ECONOMIC CONDITION, AND OUTLOOK

The Huron-Clinton Metropolitan Authority was sanctioned by Public Act 147 of Public Acts 1939. This Act provided for the incorporation of the Huron-Clinton Metropolitan Authority to permit the counties of Livingston, Macomb, Oakland, Washtenaw and Wayne to join in a metropolitan district for planning, promoting and/or acquiring, constructing, owning, developing, maintaining and operating, either within or without their limits, parks, connecting drives and/or limited access highways; to provide for the assessment, levy and collection of property taxes on both real and personal properties located within its boundaries. A referendum was held on November 5, 1940 and the citizens of the five-county district approved the creation of the Huron-Clinton Metropolitan Authority.

> Delhi | Dexter-Huron | Hudson Mills | Huron Meadows | Indian Springs | Kensington Lake Erie | Lower Huron | Lake St. Clair | Oakwoods | Stony Creek | Willow | Wolcott Mill

The governing body of the Huron-Clinton Metropolitan Authority is a seven member Board of Commissioners. Two Commissioners serve as representatives at large and are appointed by the Governor of Michigan for four-year terms. The other five commissioners are appointed by their respective county Board of Commissioners and they serve a six-year staggered term. Public meetings of the Board of Commissioners are held on the second Thursday of each month. The Board of Commissioners is responsible for setting policy, adopting the budget, setting fees, approving contracts, land acquisition and expenditures, planning of new parks and facilities, and appointing the Director, Executive Secretary, and Controller.

The Director is responsible for carrying out the policies of the Board of Commissioners, for overseeing the day-to-day operations of the park system, hiring all full time employees, and approving all purchase commitments of the Authority. The Executive Secretary is the official custodian of all Authority records and keeps minutes of all Board of Commissioner meetings. He also certifies all disbursements prior to approval by the Board of Commissioners. The Controller is responsible for maintaining all financial accounting records, collecting all revenues due, investing all funds, issuing payment vouchers for goods, services and payrolls, maintaining property/casualty insurances and serves as the Pension Plan Trustee and Retiree Health Trust Plan Administrator.

The Authority's main endeavor is to provide a variety of quality recreational opportunities through the development of natural resources along the Huron and Clinton Rivers for the benefit of the 4.4 million citizens of the five-county park district located in southeastern Michigan. Since its inception, the Authority has created thirteen Metroparks covering nearly 25,000 acres within the 1,600 square mile watershed area of the Huron and Clinton Rivers. The Authority, named after the two longest rivers within its boundaries, is a dynamic and changing organization striving to provide its services while minimizing disruption to existing land use.

The characteristics of the Metroparks are different from recreation supplied by most other units of government or by the private sector. Generally, Metroparks are fairly large in size and offer a blend of natural resources such as lake, river, woods, or wildlife area with constructed facilities that provide for more intensive recreational pursuits such as swimming, golfing, bicycling, cross-country skiing or other outdoor recreation. These Metroparks are within an hour's drive for most of the residents of the region and are generally considered "day use" parks.

The Metroparks range in size from 53 acres at Delhi Metropark to over 4,400 acres at Stony Creek Metropark. The larger Metroparks are designed to accommodate crowds of 35,000 or more on peak use days. In 2015, the Metropark system provided recreation for 7.1 million park visitors.

The Authority's centralized Administrative Office coordinates the development and operation of all thirteen Metroparks. The following departments are housed at the Administrative Office: (1) Executive; (2) Controller; (3) Fund Development; (4) Engineering; (5) Planning; (6) Natural Resources; (7) Human Resources; (8) Communications/Marketing; (9) Purchasing; (10) Information Systems; and (11) Police.

The day-to-day administration, operation, and maintenance of each Metropark is coordinated through three district park superintendents. These district park superintendents oversee all on-site park activities, operations and maintenance of buildings, roads and grounds.

The Detroit bankruptcy which made national headlines has seemingly also spurred a flood of positive action helping to define Detroit as the come-back kid. Strong auto sales help keep the economy afloat (total units rose from 16.4 to 17.4 million units in 2015). The economic climate of our five-county region continued to improve in 2015. Housing starts increased, unemployment decreased and international trade missions helped to attract investment in the region creating investment of \$131.6 million and over 700 new jobs.

That being said there continues to be a large gap between the economic vitality of our healthier areas and our most depressed areas. The Detroit school system continues to fail. For the fourth time since 2009, the Detroit Public Schools were ranked last among big cities for fourth and eighth graders according to a school evaluation program mandated by Congress, the National Assessment of Educational Progress. That this occurs within the same region that has some of the best offerings for baccalaureate and post baccalaureate degrees in the country is indicative of the problem.

In recreation, the partnership between the City of Detroit and the Michigan Department of Natural Resources has sparked much needed improvements befitting this regional jewel. Also in Detroit, a report by the Loveland Technologies group on the condition of cities parks in December of 2015 stated that the large majority are in good or fair condition showing significant improvements over the last year.

MAJOR INITIATIVES

The Authority's staff, following directions from the Board of Commissioners and the Director, has been involved in a variety of capital projects throughout the year. These projects reflect the Authority's ongoing commitment to providing quality public recreational facilities and services in a well-maintained and safe environment to the citizens of southeast Michigan. The major activities and accomplishments during 2015 included:

- 1. Reconstruction of the final phase of the main park road at Stony Creek Metropark was completed at a cost of \$720,000. This work is part of an ongoing process of road maintenance that is expected to last 20 years with appropriate interim maintenance consisting of crack sealing, surface treatments and overlays.
- 2. Kensington Metropark west main park road also saw reconstruction in 2015 at a cost of \$405,000. This work is also anticipated to be part of a 20 year road maintenance cycle as outlined above.
- 3. Removal and relocation for the dry boat storage lot at Stony Creek Metropark was substantially completed in 2015 at a cost of \$366,000. The 2015 work consisted of removal of fencing, gate, paving and lighting for the existing storage lot which occupied a prime scenic area of shoreline at Stony Creek Lake. Construction of the new lot with appropriate fencing in a more suitable location was completed. Restoration of the former site is expected to be completed in 2016.
- 4. The gravel parking lot at Wolcott Metropark Farm Center was regraded and paved during 2015 at a cost of \$349,000. This improvement addressed drainage and accessibility concerns.
- 5. Addition of an iron removal system at Indian Springs Metropark Environmental Discovery Center cost \$178,000. This project addressed ongoing maintenance issue for the heating, cooling and ventilation systems within the EDC as well as rust staining issues at the adjacent spray play area.
- 6. Also at Indian Springs Metropark the toll plaza benefitted from a roadway realignment and replacement of toll booth and entrance safety barricade at a cost of \$158,000.
- 7. The Walnut Grove Campground at Lower Huron Metropark required the addition of a sanitary waste dump station for campers to utilize. This project was completed at a cost of \$123,000.

- 8. Two underground storage tanks were removed and replaced with above ground storage tanks during 2015. At Hudson Mills Metropark maintenance yard the removal revealed a small release. The contractor was able to excavate a relatively small amount of soil and obtain clean boundaries. This project had a total cost of \$173,000 (\$71,000 was spent in 2015). At Stony Creek an underground tank was excavated and removed from the maintenance yard with no release. This project had a cost of \$205,000.
- 9. At Lake St. Clair Metropark, the seawall between the north and south marina is failing. During 2015 \$69,000 was spent engineering and designing the replacement structure which will include the addition of accessible docks.
- 10. Also at Lake St. Clair Metropark planning and design work was begun on the west beachfront redevelopment. Expenditures in 2015 totaled \$40,000. The total cost of the project which includes replacement and relocation of the popular children's play area as well as tennis courts is expected to exceed \$1.8 million. Construction is anticipated to occur during 2016.
- 11. Staff also spent initial time on the initial design phases of several projects that are anticipated to be constructed in 2016:
 - a. Bathhouse Demolition/Comfort Station Construction at Maple Beach at Kensington Metropark
 - b. Boat Launch Restroom replacement and area development at Stony Creek Metropark.

In total, the Authority invested in park facilities to the extent of nearly \$3.2 million, as work was performed on 38 individual projects. These capitalized projects will help ensure that Metropark facility offerings to our public are in good working order and relevant to today's recreational interests. The vast majority of the 2015 capital improvement expenditures continue to relate to the 3-R's (repair, renovate and replace). Due to the age of the Metropark facilities, it is essential that these types of projects continue to be the primary focus.

FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Management of the Authority is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal controls designed to ensure that the assets of the Authority are protected from loss, theft, or misuse and to ensure that adequate accounting data is compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Internal controls are designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that: (1) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived; and (2) the valuation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management. As management, we assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

FEDERAL FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE

The Authority did not receive any Federal financial assistance during 2015 that required the independent auditor to issue a Single Audit Report.

BUDGET

The annual budget serves as the foundation for the Huron-Clinton Metropolitan Authority's financial planning and control. The Authority employs a Five-Year Plan for long-range financial planning, which provides general guidance for each year's annual budget. This Five-Year Plan is updated annually. The annual budget process is multi-faceted, involving all units of the Authority. The Authority's Planning, Engineering, and Natural Resources Departments, in conjunction with park operating units, develop capital improvement, equipment, major maintenance, and minor project listings that are reviewed and finalized by mid-September.

All park operating units are required to submit park operation budget requests to the Controller's office near the end of September. The Controller utilizes these requests, along with capital budget requests, as the starting point for developing a proposed General Fund budget. The Controller conducts budget review meetings and presents the proposed budget at a public hearing and then to the Board of Commissioners at the November Board meeting. The appropriated budget is a line item budget prepared by fund, category (i.e., capital improvements, park operations), department/park (i.e., Lake St. Clair, Kensington), sub-department/activity (i.e., golf course, regulatory), and object (i.e., full time wages, utilities). The Director is authorized to make budgetary transfers between line item appropriations. All General Fund budget amendments are approved by the Board of Commissioners on a quarterly basis. The Authority maintains an encumbrance accounting system and a work order (project accounting) system for capital construction type projects to assist in maintaining budgetary control.

LONG-TERM FINANCIAL PLANNING

The Huron-Clinton Metropolitan Authority employs a Five-Year Community Recreation Plan as well as a rolling Five-Year Plan. The current Community Recreation Plan covers recreational development for the period from 2013 through 2017. Long term financial planning for the Metropark system is provided by the rolling Five-Year Plan which is updated and approved by the Board annually. The development of the Five-Year Plan is a planning process that is a joint effort involving the general public, park staff, administrative office staff, planning staff, natural resource staff, engineering staff, interpretive staff, police staff, and the Board of Commissioners. Due to the continued fiscal constraints and the large amount of aging infrastructure within the Metropark system, an emphasis continues to be placed on renovation/redevelopment/restoration type projects rather than new park developments.

The Board of Commissioners and staff have developed the current Five-Year Plan in order to position the Authority to work towards a model of fiscal sustainability. Recognizing the paradigm shift in tax revenue as well as the capital need of aging facilities, roads and other infrastructure, the current five year plan focuses on these issues:

- Continuation of high standards of maintenance and service levels for existing park operations.
- Increased funding for major maintenance projects at an average of \$ 2.32 million annually.
- Maintenance of a functional fleet of equipment plus equipping new facilities.
- Funding the redevelopment of major assets based on established criteria.
- Funding for the continuation of reconstructing/resurfacing of Authority roads, parking lots, and hike/bike trails.
- Maintaining contributions to the Authority's Retiree Health Care Trust Fund and Pension Trust Fund.

The current Five-Year Plan provides general guidance for the development of the Authority's annual budget each year. Adjustments are made to the Five-Year Plan as dictated by ongoing economic conditions.

DEBT

The Authority has not issued any bonded debt. The Authority's Enabling Act restricts debt issues to revenue bonds. Throughout the history of the Metroparks, it has never been felt beneficial to issue revenue bonds as a means of financing recreational facilities.

OTHER INFORMATION

Independent Audit

State statute requires an annual audit by an independent certified public accountant. The accounting firm of Abraham and Gaffney was selected by the Board of Commissioners. The audit is conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and the standards for financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. The audit will meet the requirements set forth by State statute and will include tests of the accounting records of the Authority and other procedures necessary for Abraham and Gaffney to express an opinion on the financial statements.

The auditor's report on the financial statements, required supplementary information, and supplemental schedules are included in the FINANCIAL SECTION of this report.

Awards

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the Huron-Clinton Metropolitan Authority for its comprehensive annual financial report for the year ended December 31, 2014. This was the twelfth consecutive year that the Authority has achieved this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it again to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for this award.

Acknowledgements

The preparation of this comprehensive annual financial report is a major undertaking and I want to acknowledge the extraordinary efforts of our Finance Department, and especially Chief Accountant Rebecca Baaki and Internal Auditor/Accountant Molly Goike. Their assistance was absolutely essential and appreciated in submitting this report.

The input and guidance from our independent auditors, Abraham and Gaffney, was also appreciated to direct us through the compilation of our comprehensive annual financial report.

Finally, without the support and leadership of the Board of Commissioners this report would not have been possible.

Respectfully submitted,

Rebecca L. Franchock

Rebecca L. Franchock, Controller



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

Huron-Clinton Metropolitan Authority Michigan

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

December 31, 2014

Executive Director/CEO

2015

Principal Officials

Name of Official

Administrative Staff	
Director	George Phifer
Controller	Rebecca L. Franchock
Chief Accountant	Rebecca J. Baaki
Chief of Natural Resources	Paul J. Muelle
Chief of Police	Mike Reese
Director of Development	Molly Bell
Information Technology Manager	Shakib Obeidy
Interpretive Services Manager	Jennifer Hollenbeck
Manager of Engineering	Michael A. Brahm-Henkel

Manager of Human ResourcesRandy RossmanManager of PlannerNina KellySupervising Field EngineerThomas R. AsialaSupervising Design EngineerLaura L. Martin

EASTERN DISTRICT

Unit - Title

District Park Superintendent

District Maintenance Supervisor

District Interpretive Supervisor

Park Operations Manager - Stony Creek, Wolcott Mill Metroparks

Park Operations Manager - Lake St. Clair Metropark

Michael G. Lyons

Mark V. Lietaert

Julie C. Champion

Gary G. Hopp

Joseph Hall

WESTERN DISTRICT

District Park Superintendent

District Maintenance Supervisor

District Interpretive Supervisor

Park Operations Manager - Kensington, Indian Springs Metroparks

Park Operations Manager - Hudson Mills, Dexter-Huron, Delhi and

Huron Meadows Metroparks

Kimberly A. Jarvis

David B. Kirbach

Victoria Sluder

Eric J. Koppin

Jerome M. Cyr

SOUTHERN DISTRICT

District Park Superintendent

District Maintenance Supervisor

District Interpretive Supervisor

Park Operations Manager - Lower Huron, Willow, Oakwoods

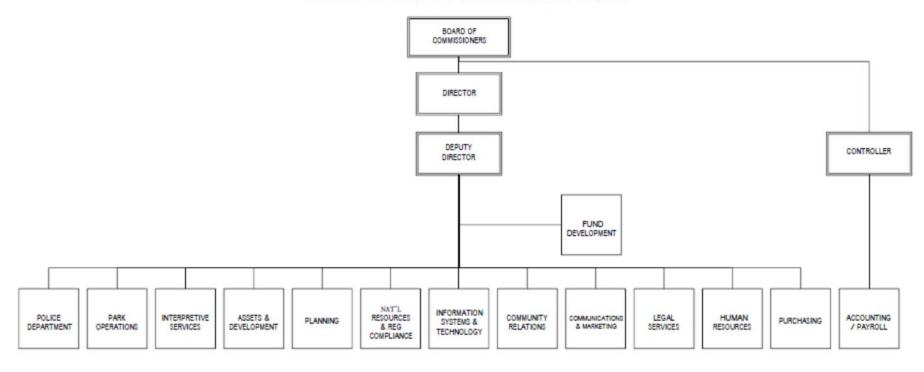
James W. Pershing

Joseph B. Jolly

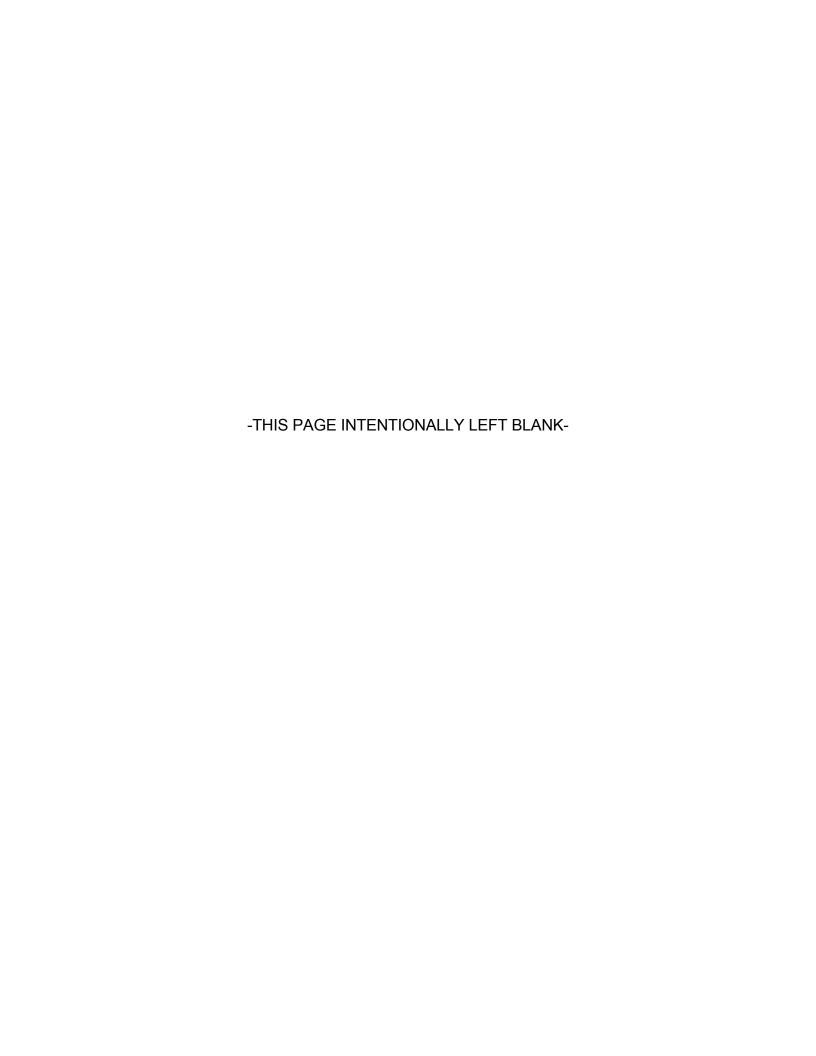
Kevin J. Arnold

Metroparks Jeffrey W. Schuman Park Operations Manager - Lake Erie Metropark Jeffrey D. Linn

HCMA FUNCTIONAL ORGANIZATION CHART







Principals

Dale J. Abraham, CPA Steven R. Kirinovic, CPA Aaron M. Stevens, CPA Eric J. Glashouwer, CPA Alan D. Panter, CPA William I. Tucker IV, CPA



3511 Coolidge Road Suite 100 East Lansing, MI 48823 (517) 351-6836 FAX: (517) 351-6837

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Commissioners Huron-Clinton Metropolitan Authority Brighton, Michigan

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Huron-Clinton Metropolitan Authority (the Authority), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Authority's basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Huron-Clinton Metropolitan Authority, as of December 31, 2015, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Change in Accounting Principle

As discussed in Note N to the financial statements, the Authority implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions*, during the year. As a result, the financial statements now recognize the Authority's unfunded defined pension benefit obligation as a liability for the first time and more comprehensively and comparably measures the annual costs of pension benefits. The statement also enhances accountability and transparency through revised note disclosures and required supplementary information (RSI). Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, pension schedules, and other postemployment benefits schedules, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Huron-Clinton Metropolitan Authority's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining fiduciary fund financial statements, and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

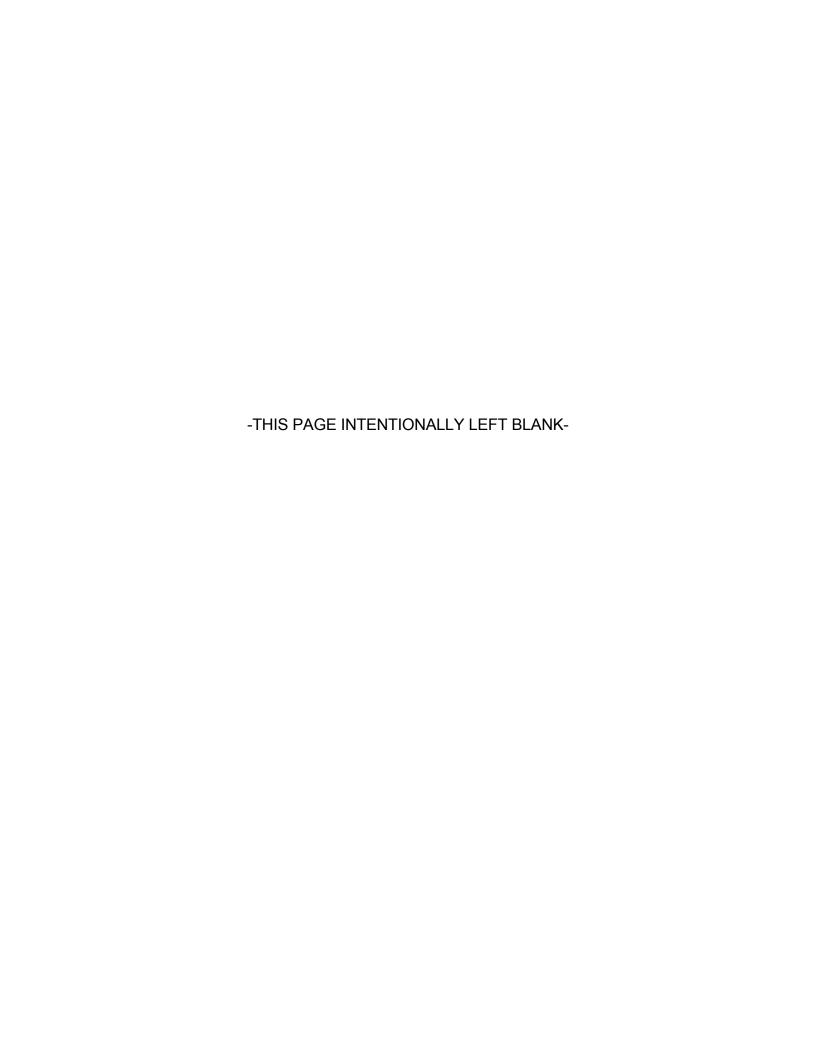
The combining fiduciary fund financial statements are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining fiduciary fund financial statements are fairly stated, in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

ABRAHAM & GAFFNEY, P.C. Certified Public Accountants

abrham : Saffny, P.C.

April 25, 2016



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS	

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

December 31, 2015

As management of the Huron-Clinton Metropolitan Authority, we offer the readers of the Authority's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Huron-Clinton Metropolitan Authority for the year ended December 31, 2015. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal, the financial statements, and the notes to the financial statements.

Financial Highlights

The assets of the Authority exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows at the end of 2015 by \$222,740,352 (net position). Of this amount, \$28,935,288 (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the Authority's ongoing obligations to provide park and recreation services to the citizens of the five-county Metropark system.

The Authority's total net position increased by \$2,340,344.

- At Kensington Metropark reconstruction of the main park road from the west entrance to the toll plaza area took place at a cost of \$405,000. Reconstruction work consists of crushing the existing asphalt paving material, shaping to meet proposed grades, replacing curbing and widening as necessary.
- Lower Huron Metropark benefited from the addition of an RV sanitary dump station to serve the Walnut Grove Family rustic campground. The addition of this amenity was required by the State of Michigan and cost the Metropark system \$123,000.
- At Stony Creek Metropark the final section of the main park road loop was reconstructed. The total expended in 2015 to complete this project was \$365,000.
- Also at Stony Creek Metropark the service yard underground storage tanks utilized for fuel storage were removed and replaced with above ground storage tanks. This is part of the ongoing initiative to remove all USTs throughout the Metroparks and replace them with ASTs. The cost of the project was \$205,000.
- Another project at Stony Creek Metropark involved the removal and relocation of the dry boat storage facility. This facility which serves boaters wishing to keep their trailered boats within easy access of Stony Creek Lake occupied a prime stretch of waterfront. This project removed existing fencing, lighting, and gravel and relocated the facility to a less visible area nearby. Relocation of this facility will allow for improvement and development of this beautiful shoreline area for park visitors. \$365,000 was spent on this project in 2015.
- Wolcott Metropark Farm Learning Center visitor parking lot was regraded and paved in 2015. This
 improvement will provide the FLC visitor with a paved surface to park eliminating drainage problems and
 improving accessibility to the popular location.
- Indian Springs Metropark entrance toll booth plaza was redeveloped providing a much safer and esthetically pleasing arrival point for park visitors. The cost for this improvement totaled \$158,000.
- Also at Indian Springs Metropark an iron removal system was installed at the Environmental Discovery System. This facility uses well water with a high iron content. This had caused maintenance and efficiency issues with multiple mechanical system throughout this facility as well as with the children's spray and play area nearby. The cost for this improvement in 2015 was \$178,000.
- On the revenue side, the Huron-Clinton Metroparks Foundation has begun to provide additional support for the Metroparks programs and facilities. Donations for 2015 exceeded \$300,000.
- 2.9 million Vehicles entered the Metroparks in 2015. An increase of one percent over the three year average.)
- Supplemental Major Maintenance oil and gas revenue decreased in 2015. The developers reduced extraction in response to the suppressed market prices. Less than \$60,000 in oil and gas revenue was generated, a decrease of 75% from the 2014 level of \$240,000.
- Operating revenue overall grew by just over 8 percent in 2015 primarily driven by excellent weather conditions in the third and fourth quarter as well as a sixteen percent increase in the 2016 annual permit rate which went on sale in the third quarter.

The Authority acquired a parcel of land with acreage at Lake St. Clair Metropark.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

December 31, 2015

The Authority continued to meet the actuarially determined Pension Plan contribution of \$3,474,587 for the Plan year ended December 31, 2015, the Authority contributed \$4,500,000.

The Authority established the Retiree Health Care Plan Trust in October 2005 for the exclusive purpose of prefunding retiree healthcare benefits for eligible retirees and spouses. The Authority exceeded the funding required by the Annual Required Contribution (ARC) by transferring \$1,201,017 from the General Fund to the Retiree Health Care Trust for the Plan year ended December 31, 2015. This created an asset of \$4,333,946.

Authority General Fund revenues at \$48.28 million exceeded the 2015 final budget targets by \$2.1 million (4.54 percent).

Authority General Fund operating expenditures at 45.58 million were under amended 2015 budget amounts by \$9.49 million (17.2 percent).

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Authority's basic financial statements. The Authority's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: (1) government-wide financial statements, (2) fund financial statements, and (3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-Wide Financial Statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Authority's finances in a manner similar to private-sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all of the Authority's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference between the assets and deferred outflows and the liabilities and deferred inflows reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Authority is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the Authority's net position changed during the most recent year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, *regardless of the timing of related cash flows*. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will result only in cash flows in future years (i.e., earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the Authority that are principally supported by taxes and program revenues. The sole governmental activity of the Authority consists of providing regional park and recreation services in the five-county metropolitan Detroit area. The Authority is a single purpose governmental agency.

Fund financial statements. A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Authority, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the Authority can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, government fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

December 31, 2015

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The Authority maintains two individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for the General and Capital Projects funds, each of which are considered to be major funds.

The Authority adopts an annual appropriated budget for its General Fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided herein to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

Fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are *not* reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are *not* available to support the Authority's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds. The Authority uses a fiduciary fund to account for (1) its single employer, defined benefit pension plan, which accumulates resources for pension benefit payments to qualified Authority employees, and (2) its Retiree Health Care Plan and Trust, which accumulates resources for health care benefit payments to qualified Authority retirees. These funds are based on the Plan's September 30 fiscal year ends.

The Defined Benefit Pension Plan is administrated by a third party. An actuarial valuation determines the funding required annually. The Authority adopted GASB Statement No. 68 during the year, which established a beginning net pension liability of \$17,163,112. The net pension liability as of December 31, 2015 was \$17,808,769. The Authority contributed \$4,500,000 for this period.

The Retiree Health Care Plan and Trust was established October 1, 2005 pursuant to Section 115 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 and under the authority of the Public Employee Health Care Fund Investment Act, Public Act 149 of 1999. It provides funding for eligible retiree and spousal health care, life and dental benefits. An actuarial valuation is required every two years and the last valuation was done as of December 31, 2014 which determined estimated actuarial accrued liability to be \$30,924,610. At the end of the Plan's ninth fiscal year, the actuarial value of Trust assets totaled \$24,605,958 (79.6 percent) and unfunded actuarial accrued liability totaled \$6,318,652.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Other information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information. This information is limited to schedules concerning the Authority's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension and other postemployment benefits to its employees.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the Huron-Clinton Metropolitan Authority, assets exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows by \$222,740,352 at the close of the year.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

December 31, 2015

By far the largest portion of the Authority's net position (87 percent) reflects its investment in capital assets (i.e., land, buildings, infrastructure, roads, park improvements, vehicles, and equipment). The Authority uses these capital assets to provide park and recreation services to citizens; consequently, these assets are *not* available for future spending.

The Authority does not have any bonded debt.

This table has been restated from last year to reflect the net pension liability that is required to be recorded as a result of a change in accounting principles as described in Note N.

	Net Position Governmental Activities					
	2015 2014					
Current and other assets Capital assets, net	\$ 80,230,826 193,545,863	\$ 75,628,018 195,936,628				
Total assets	273,776,689	271,564,646				
Deferred outflows of resources	3,527,915					
Long-term liabilities Other liabilities	20,760,968 3,640,111	20,124,947 2,901,981				
Total liabilities	24,401,079	23,026,928				
Deferred inflows of resources	30,163,173	28,137,710				
Net position Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	193,545,863 259,201 28,935,288	195,936,628 185,995 24,277,385				
Total net position	\$ 222,740,352	\$ 220,400,008				

A portion of the Authority's net position is restricted. Amounts have been restricted for future maintenance or construction of the Lake St. Clair Marina facility, per grant requirements. In addition, per contract requirements with an outside party, amounts have been restricted related to the Hudson Mills canoe livery. The unrestricted net position may be used to meet the Authority's ongoing obligations for park and recreation facilities and services to citizens and creditors.

At the end of the current year, the Authority is able to report a positive balance in net position. The same situation held true for the prior fiscal year.

The Authority's net position increased by \$2,340,344 during the current year.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

December 31, 2015

	Change in Net Position						
	Governmental Activities						
		2015	2014				
Program revenues							
Park charges for services	\$	17,893,737	\$	16,316,176			
Operating grants		453,429		61,745			
Capital grants		-		153,869			
General revenues							
Property taxes		28,406,715		28,167,025			
Oil and gas royalties		57,890		239,740			
Donations		101,638		147,407			
Interest		363,548		289,002			
Gain on sale of capital assets		192,480		43,551			
Miscellaneous		987,949		97,013			
Total revenues		48,457,386		45,515,528			
Expenses							
Recreation and culture		46,117,042		41,891,795			
Change in net position		2,340,344		3,623,733			
Restated net position							
Beginning of year		220,400,008		233,939,387			
End of year	\$	222,740,352	\$	237,563,120			

(Note: The 2014 column in the table above is prior to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 68, which was effective for years beginning after June 15, 2014.)

Governmental Activities

Governmental activities increased the Authority's net position by \$2,340,344, as total 2015 operating revenues of \$48.46 million exceeded total expenditures of \$46.12 million.

Change in Net Position

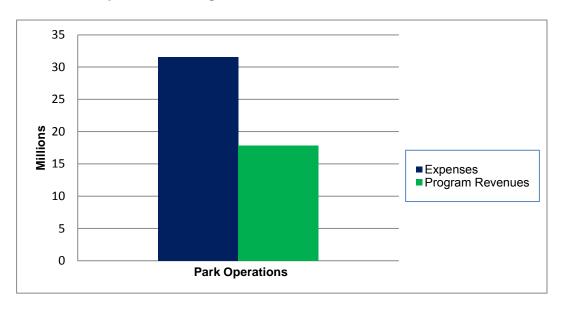
The change in net position for 2015 is approximately \$1.3 million less than the change in net position for 2014. Park charges for services increased 1.5 million due to fee increases. In addition, efforts by the Huron-Clinton Metroparks Foundation resulted in an increase in operating grant revenues. Lastly, property tax values continued to slowly increase with economic improvements.

These revenue increases were offset with decreased capital grant funding from the prior year as significant projects at both the Kensington Nature Center and Hudson Mills were completed during 2014. Additionally, as a result of changes to capitalization policies the Authority had significant disposals of capital assets and related losses were recorded.

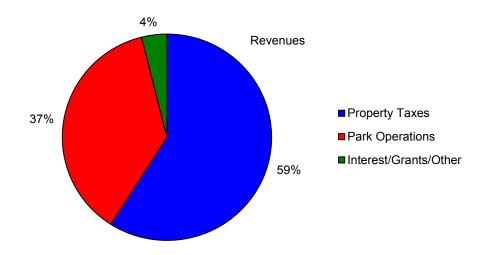
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

December 31, 2015

2015 Expenses and Program Revenues - Governmental Activities



Revenues by Source - Governmental Activities



Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the Authority uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the Authority's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Authority's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the year.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

December 31, 2015

As of the end of the current year, the Authority's governmental funds reported a combined ending fund balance of \$44,038,392, an increase of \$2,876,765 compared to 2014. Approximately 42 percent of this total amount (\$18.3 million) constitutes "unassigned" fund balance. Approximately 2 percent of this total amount (\$1.02 million) is considered nonspendable. Approximately 0.6 percent of the total amount (\$0.3 million) is considered restricted. Approximately 23 percent of this total amount (\$10.07 million) is considered assigned. The remainder of fund balance (\$14.3 million) is "committed" to indicate that it is not available for new spending because it has already been committed for: (1) capital improvement projects-\$738 million, (2) a contingency fund for uninsured insurance claims-\$0.5 million, and (3) future land purchases-\$5.4 million.

The general fund is the primary operating fund of the Authority. At the end of the current year, unassigned fund balance of the general fund was \$18,348,559 while total fund balance was \$39,574,836. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare unassigned fund balance to expenditures. The Authority's goal is to maintain the unassigned fund balance at a minimum of 5% of general fund expenditures, and at year end the unassigned fund balance was 40.3% of general fund operating expenditures of \$45.58 million. The Board of Commissioners has approved a systematic buildup of fund balance with the knowledge of our declining tax revenue.

The fund balance of the Authority's general fund increased by \$2,894,651.

The following paragraphs present a summary of general fund revenues, which totaled \$48,477,108 for 2015, an overall increase of \$3,314,209 from 2014. Revenues by source were as follows:

Revenues	2015 Amount	Percent of Total	2014 Amount	Amount of Increase (Decrease)	Percent of Increase (Decrease)
Property taxes	\$ 28,503,130	58.8%	\$ 28,125,677	\$ 377,453	1.3%
Park charges for services	17,893,737	36.9%	16,316,176	1,577,561	9.7%
Interest	344,745	0.7%	277,461	67,284	24.2%
Grants	217,896	0.4%	215,614	2,282	1.1%
Donations	337,171	0.7%	87,407	249,764	285.7%
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	192,480	0.4%	43,551	148,929	342.0%
Miscellaneous	987,949	2.0%	97,013	890,936	918.4%
Totals	\$ 48,477,108	100.0%	\$ 45,162,899	\$ 3,314,209	7.3%

The Authority's millage rate remained .2146 mills in 2015. Taxable values were nearly consistent with the prior year and there was a \$0.4 million (1.3 percent) increase in 2015 property tax collections. This is consistent with the amount collected in 2014. We expect "taxable values" to continue to moderate and begin to gradually rise as the real estate market stabilizes.

The \$17,893,737 of 2015 park operating revenues were above the 2015 budget goal of \$16,869,538 by \$1,024,199 (6.1 percent). The \$17,893,737 generated in 2015 represented a \$1,577,561 (9.7 percent) increase from 2014 revenues. The Authority's two leading sources of revenue are tolling and golf. From 2014 levels, tolling experienced a \$480,532 increase and golf increased \$1,208,168.

Interest income derived from investments in Certificates of Deposits and U.S. Agency issues increased to \$344,745 in 2015. This was a \$67,284 (24.2 percent) increase from 2014 interest income.

The Authority recognized \$217,896 in grant revenue in 2015. This amount increased \$2,282 from 2014 which reflected grant revenue from: (1) \$34,000 for upgrades to the Lake St. Clair HEART laboratory, (2) \$140,000 to acquire lands related to Great Lakes marsh and waterways protection, and (3) \$34,500 to complete a nearly 3 mile paved trail at Hudson Mills Metropark that follows the west bank of the Huron River providing a vital link to the Village of Dexter.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

December 31, 2015

Miscellaneous revenues increased \$890,936 from 2014. The Authority received a significant refund from their primary health insurance provider as a result of rate increase analysis. These amounts were committed per formal action by the Commission to be used to help offset future rate increases and provide a stable health insurance trend for both employer and employee costs. In addition, certain insurance claims refunds were received during the year.

General fund expenditures were \$45,582,457 for 2015, an increase of \$1,205,207 from 2014's expenditures. A detailed breakdown of expenditures by major category is as follows:

Expenditures	2015 Amount	Percent of Total	2014 Amount	Amount of Increase (Decrease)	Percent of Increase (Decrease)
Capital improvements	\$ 3,212,855	7.0%	\$ 4,879,504	\$ (1,666,649)	-34.2%
Equipment	1,370,378	3.0%	1,225,463	144,915	11.8%
Land acquisition	177,591	0.4%	269,846	(92,255)	-34.2%
Major maintenance	1,786,274	3.9%	1,243,362	542,912	43.7%
Administrative office	7,516,737	16.5%	7,640,052	(123,315)	-1.6%
Park operations	31,518,622	69.1%	29,119,023	2,399,599	8.2%
Totals	\$ 45,582,457	100.0%	\$ 44,377,250	\$ 1,205,207	2.7%

Capital improvement outlays cover both the design and construction costs associated with capital improvement projects that exceed the Authority's \$10,000 capitalization limit and develop or add to a capital asset. Engineering, Planning and other staff time that is directly related to the design or construction of these projects is included in the cost of the capital improvement. Throughout 2015, the Authority spent nearly \$3.22 million on capital improvement projects within the Metropark system. This was a 1.66 million dollar decrease compared with the amount spent in 2014. The vast majority of 2015 projects continue to relate to the 3-R's type projects (repair, renovate and replace) in accordance with the Board of Commissioner approved revised Five-Year Plan. These projects enhanced the Authority's recreational facilities offered the public in terms of park roads, hike/bike trails, parking lots, buildings, utilities, landscaping, golf courses, and other improvements. Many of the more significant 2015 capital improvement projects have been previously highlighted under the MAJOR INITIATIVES section of this report.

Equipment having an individual value in excess of \$5,000 is capitalized. During 2015, a total of \$1,370,378 was spent equipping the Metropark system, up from the 2014 amount of \$1,225,463. Auto and truck acquisitions totaled approximately \$523,000. Heavy equipment (mowers, tractors, golf cars, etc.) purchases accounted for approximately \$535,000. \$145,000 of purchases related to office and administrative equipment (printer/copiers, computer and related items, etc.).

The final area of capital expenditures relates to land acquisition in which \$177,591 was spent in 2015. This included the purchase of a parcel of land at Lake St. Clair Metropark which was partially grant funded by the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration.

The Authority classifies all non-recurring repair/maintenance-type projects that exceed \$10,000 as Major Maintenance expenses. These projects do not substantially improve or alter an existing facility and, therefore, are not capitalized. During 2015, Metropark facilities were renovated with 55 separate projects at a cost of \$1,786,274.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

December 31, 2015

Administration Office expenses reflect the cost of running the Authority's centralized Administrative Office, which ran \$7,516,737 in 2015, down 1.6 percent from 2014. This covers the cost of 53 full time equivalent employees, 151 retirement group benefit participants, materials, supplies and outside consultants utilized in managing the entire Metropark system. The decreases in expenditures is due primarily to a change in the fringe benefit allocation relating to retiree health care costs. Amounts were previously recorded entirely to the administrative office but were more appropriately allocated to all applicable departments of the Authority during the 2015 fiscal year.

The direct operating costs associated with operating and maintaining the 13 Metroparks to serve 7.1 million visitors consumed \$31.5 million of Authority funds. Comparing this \$31.5 million of park operating costs to 2014 expenditures of \$29.1 million shows that overall park operating costs increased by \$2.4 million (8.2 percent). Personnel related costs, which comprise 74 percent of park operating expenses, increased from \$21,469,000 to \$23,435,000 - up \$1,966,000 (9.2 percent). As discussed earlier, a change in fringe benefit charges related to retiree health care costs is a primary cause of this increase. The other 26 percent of park operating expenditures relate to material/supply/outside contractual services, which incurred \$8,084,000 of expenses, up \$434,000 (6 percent). Some areas of operations that incurred increases include; utilities, communications, small tools, and equipment as capitalization thresholds were raised, and professional and outside services.

The capital projects fund is utilized by the Authority to record supplemental major maintenance projects that are non-recurring expenditures to repair/replace existing Metropark infrastructure that is deemed critical to park operations. Funds for these projects are provided from oil/gas revenue. During 2015, \$57,890 of royalty payments were received, with generated investment income totaling \$18,803. At the end of the current year, total fund balance committed in the capital projects fund was \$4,463,556.

The fund balance of the Authority's capital projects fund decreased by \$17,886.

The following paragraph presents a summary of capital projects fund revenues, which totaled \$76,693 for 2015, an overall decrease of \$251,281 from 2014. Revenues by source were as follows:

Revenues	 2015 Amount	Percent of Total	2014 Amount	mount of Increase Decrease)	Percent of Increase (Decrease)
Oil and gas royalties Interest	\$ 57,890 18,803	75.5% 24.5%	\$ 239,740 11,541	\$ (181,850) 7,262	104.2% -4.2%
Totals	\$ 76,693	100.0%	\$ 251,281	\$ (174,588)	100.0%

The revenues from oil and gas royalty payments at Kensington Metropark decreased by \$181,850 from 2014 levels as production was decreased. Interest income derived from investments in money market funds and U.S. Agency issues increased, rising from \$11,541 to \$18,803 in 2015 as interest rates begin to creep up steadily.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

December 31, 2015

Capital Project fund expenditures were \$94,579 for 2015, a decrease from 2014 expenditures of \$480,036. Breakdown of expenditures by major category is as follows:

Expenditures	 2015 Amount	Percent of Total	 2014 Amount	mount of Increase Decrease)	Percent of Increase (Decrease)
Major maintenance Capital improvements	\$ 94,579	0.0% 100.0%	\$ 192,155 382,460	\$ (192,155) (287,881)	40.0% 60.0%
Totals	\$ 94,579	100.0%	\$ 574,615	\$ (480,036)	100.0%

2015 expenditures relate to a sewer system project at Stony Creek that was significantly completed during 2014. **General Fund Budgetary Highlights**

Over the course of the year, the Authority's Board of Commissioners amended the budget to account for changes made necessary due to unanticipated events or situations requiring increased expenditures for operations or capital activities

The original General Fund budget anticipated a \$7,545,400 use of fund balance, while the final amended budget increased this to \$8,706,924. The actual change in fund balance for the 2015 fiscal year was an increase of \$2,702,171.

During the year, general fund revenues were over final budgetary estimates in total by \$2,103,049, primarily due to higher than expected park charges for services, increased donation revenues, an unexpected rebate from health insurance provider related to a rate analysis, and interest collected. Park operating revenues exceeded the budgeted target of \$16,869,538 by \$1,024,199.

Park operation and administrative expenditures were less than anticipated by approximately \$913,000. Major maintenance expenditures were significantly less than projected, coming in approximately \$2.2 million under final budget projections. This is due to some projects being delayed or deemed not necessary at this time. Capital expenditures were under budget by approximately \$5,362,601, resulting mainly from capital improvement projects that were in progress or carried over and re-budgeted at year end.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital assets. The Authority's investment in capital assets for its governmental-type activities as of December 31, 2015 amounted to \$193,545,863 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, land improvements (golf courses, etc.), buildings, roads, bridges, sewer/water systems, park facilities, and equipment. The total decrease in the Authority's investment in capital assets (net of depreciation) for the year was a minimal decrease of \$2,390,765 (1.2 percent). During the 2015 fiscal year, the Authority's Board of Commissioners approved changes to the capitalization policy, increasing the capitalization threshold for equipment from a cost of \$1,000 to \$5,000. As a result assets that did not meet this threshold were written off, resulting in a net decrease in capital assets of approximately \$1.1 million.

Major capital asset events during the current year included the following:

 Iron Removal System 	Indian Springs	178,000
Sewer Connection	Stony Creek	94,000
 Underground to Aboveground Storage Tank 	Stony Creek	205,100
 West Main Park Road Reconstruction 	Kensington	405,000
 Main Park Road Reconstruction 	Stony Creek	720,600
 Farm Parking Lot Development 	Wolcott	348,500

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

December 31, 2015

		Capital Assets				
		(Net of De	oreciation))		
		Governmen	tal Activitie	es		
		2015	20	14		
Land	\$	46.942.913	\$ 46.7	765.322		
Land improvements	•	34,758,542		122,023		
Construction in progress		586,649	4,1	144,728		
Buildings		35,991,976	35,6	34,231		
Equipment		6,445,748	7,4	159,588		
Other improvements		36,557,403	37,8	316,572		
Infrastructure		32,262,632	29,6	94,164		
Total capital assets, net	\$	193,545,863	\$ 195,9	36,628		

Additional information on the Authority's capital assets can be found in Note E in the Notes to Financial Statements.

Long-term debt. The Authority has recognized \$3,859,344 in accrued compensated absences.

The Authority has no bonded debt or capital leases.

Additional information on the Authority's long-term debt can be found in Note F in the Notes to the Financial Statements.

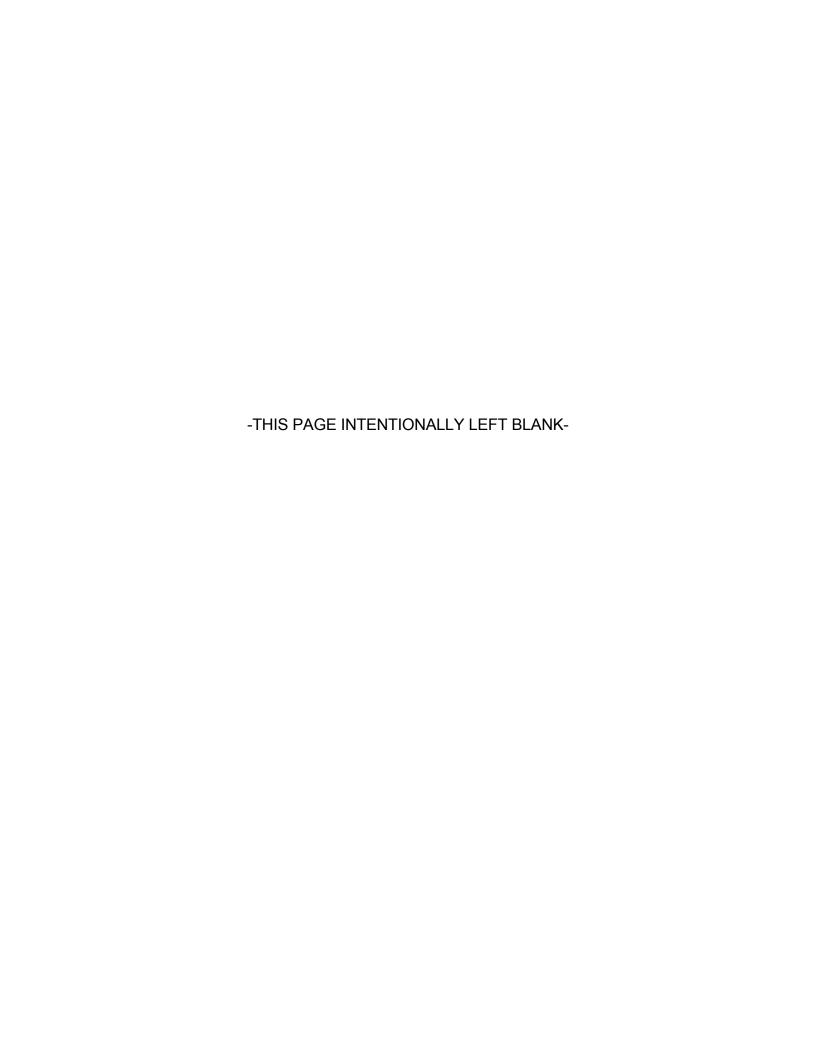
Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget and Rates

The following factors guided the preparation of the Authority's 2016 Budget:

- Property tax revenues were based on a rolled back millage rate of .2146 mills. The 2016 Budget was based on "net" tax levy revenues of \$29 million after factoring out estimated captured tax revenues from tax abatement programs. This represents a 3.1 percent increase from the 2015 original budget.
- Permit and other fee increases as well as grant revenues expected to finance three specific projects.
- Increases in the part time wage scale, several new administrative positions, as well as 2016 updates to the 2015-2019 Five-Year Capital Project Plan.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Huron-Clinton Metropolitan Authority's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Controller, Huron-Clinton Metropolitan Authority. 13000 High Ridge Drive, Brighton, Michigan, 48114-9058.





STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

December 31, 2015

	Governmental Activities
ASSETS	
Current assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 11,339,805
Investments	34,609,382
Receivables, net Inventories	28,929,060 208,572
Prepaids	810,061
1 Topalao	
Total current assets	75,896,880
Noncurrent assets	
Net other postemployment benefits asset	4,333,946
Capital assets not being depreciated	82,288,104
Capital assets being depreciated, net	111,257,759
Total noncurrent assets	197,879,809
TOTAL ASSETS	273,776,689
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions	3,527,915
Bolotton outliews of recognoce foldies to periodicite	3,027,010
LIABILITIES	
Current liabilities	
Accounts payable and accrued payroll benefits payable	2,609,394
Other liabilities	30,326
Unearned revenue Current portion of compensated absences	93,246 907,145
ourient portion of compensated absences	907,143
Total current liabilities	3,640,111
Noncurrent liabilities	
Noncurrent portion of compensated absences	2,952,199
Net pension liability	17,808,769
Total noncurrent liabilities	20,760,968
TOTAL LIABILITIES	24,401,079
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	1,141,312
Property taxes levied for a subsequent period	29,021,861
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	30,163,173
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	193,545,863
Restricted for Lake St. Clair Marina	251,499
Restricted for Hudson Mills Canoe Livery	7,702
Unrestricted	28,935,288
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 222,740,352

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

Year Ended December 31, 2015

Charges Grant		perating rants and	Net (Expense) Revenues and Changes in Net Position Governmental Activities		
Governmental activities	Джренеее	101 00111000		ta ib dation to	710111100
Recreation and culture	\$ 46,117,042	\$ 17,893,737	\$	453,429	\$ (27,769,876)
	General revenues Property taxes Oil and gas royalties Investment earnings Donations Gain on sale of capital assets Miscellaneous			28,406,715 57,890 363,548 101,638 192,480 987,949	
Total general revenues					30,110,220
Change in net position				2,340,344	
	Restated net position, beginning of year			220,400,008	
	Net position	, end of year			\$ 222,740,352

Governmental Funds

BALANCE SHEET

December 31, 2015

	General Fund	Capital Projects	Total
ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 7,881,351	\$ 3,458,454	\$ 11,339,805
Investments	33,606,268	1,003,114	34,609,382
Receivables			
Property taxes, net	28,750,678	<u>-</u>	28,750,678
Accounts receivable	177,806	576	178,382
Due from other funds	-	1,412	1,412
Inventories	208,572	-	208,572
Prepaids	810,061		810,061
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 71,434,736	\$ 4,463,556	\$ 75,898,292
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable	\$ 2,196,471	\$ -	\$ 2,196,471
Accrued payroll and benefits payable	412,923	Ψ -	412,923
Other liabilities	30,326	_	30,326
Due to other funds	1,412	_	1,412
Unearned revenue	93,246	_	93,246
Silvanies revenus			00,210
TOTAL LIABILITIES	2,734,378	-0-	2,734,378
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Unavailable revenue	103,661	_	103,661
Property taxes levied for a subsequent period	29,021,861	_	29,021,861
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	29,125,522	-0-	29,125,522
FUND DALANCES			
FUND BALANCES Nonspendable	1,018,633		1,018,633
Restricted	259,201	-	259,201
Committed	9,873,636	4,463,556	14,337,192
Assigned	10,074,807	4,403,330	10,074,807
Unassigned	18,348,559	-	18,348,559
Onassigned	10,040,000		10,040,000
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	39,574,836	4,463,556	44,038,392
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED			
INFLOWS OF RESOURCES,			
AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 71,434,736	\$ 4,463,556	\$ 75,898,292

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

December 31, 2015

Total fund balances - governmental funds

\$ 44,038,392

Amounts reported for the governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported as assets in the governmental funds.

The cost of capital assets is \$281,163,056
Accumulated depreciation is \$(87,617,193)

Capital assets, net 193,545,863

Long-term receivables are not available to pay for current period expenditures and are therefore deferred inflows of resources in the governmental funds.

103,661

Governmental funds report actual pension expenditures for the fiscal year, whereas governmental activities will recognize the net pension liability as of the measurement date. In addition, resources related to the changes of assumptions, differences between expected and actual experience, and differences between projected and actual pension plan investment earnings will be deferred over time in the government-wide financial statements. These amounts consist of:

Deferred outflows of resources to pensions 3,527,915
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions (1,141,312)

Long-term assets are not receivable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds balance sheet.

Long-term assets at year-end consist of:

Net other post-employment benefits asset

4,333,946

Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds balance sheet. Long-term liabilities at year-end consist of:

Net pension liability(17,808,769)Compensated absences(3,859,344)

Net position of governmental activities

\$ 222,740,352

Governmental Funds

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

Year Ended December 31, 2015

	General Fund	Capital Projects	Total
REVENUES			
Property taxes	\$ 28,503,130	\$ -	\$ 28,503,130
Oil and gas royalties	-	57,890	57,890
Park charges for services	17,893,737	-	17,893,737
Operating grants	217,896	-	217,896
Donations	337,171	-	337,171
Interest	344,745	18,803	363,548
Other	987,949		987,949
TOTAL REVENUES	48,284,628	76,693	48,361,321
EXPENDITURES			
Current			
Operating			
Park operations	31,518,622	-	31,518,622
Major maintenance	1,786,274	-	1,786,274
Administrative offices	7,516,737		7,516,737
Total operating	40,821,633	-0-	40,821,633
Capital outlay			
Capital improvements	3,212,855	94,579	3,307,434
Equipment	1,370,378	-	1,370,378
Land acquisitions	177,591		177,591
Total capital outlay	4,760,824	94,579	4,855,403
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	45,582,457	94,579	45,677,036
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER			
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	2,702,171	(17,886)	2,684,285
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES			
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	192,480	_	192,480
1 1000000 from said of dupital account	102,400		102,400
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	2,894,651	(17,886)	2,876,765
Fund balances, beginning of year	36,680,185	4,481,442	41,161,627
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 39,574,836	\$ 4,463,556	\$ 44,038,392

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

Year Ended December 31, 2015

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds

\$ 2,876,765

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Capital outlays are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of capital assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. In the current period, these amounts are:

Capital outlay	\$ 4,855,149
Loss on disposal of capital assets	(1,184,769)
Depreciation expense	(6,061,145)

Excess of depreciation expense and related items over capital outlay

(2,390,765)

Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds, but rather are deferred to the following fiscal year.

Net change in unavailable revenue

(96,415)

Some items reported in the statement of activities do not result in the use of or provide current financial resources and therefore are reported differently than in the governmental funds. These activities consist of:

(Increase) in net pension liability	(645,657)
(Increase) in compensated absences	(32,138)
(Increase) in deferred inflows related to pensions	(1,141,312)
Increase in deferred outflows related to pensions	3,527,915
Increase in net other post-employment benefit asset	241,951

1,950,759

Change in net position of governmental activities

\$ 2.340.344

Fiduciary Funds

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

December 31, 2015

ASSETS Investments at fair value Mutual funds	\$ 75,221,434
NET POSITION Restricted for pension benefits Restricted for other post-employment benefits	\$ 51,241,923 23,979,511
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 75,221,434

Fiduciary Funds

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION

Year Ended December 31, 2015

ADDITIONS	
Investment income	
Interest and dividends	\$ 1,635,956
Net (decrease) in fair value of investments	(2,626,845)
Net investment income	(990,889)
Contributions	
Employer	5,701,017
Employee	105,168
• •	
Total contributions	5,806,185
TOTAL ADDITIONS	4,815,296
DEDUCTIONS	
Benefit payments	5,269,361
Administrative expense	289,686
Transmission of September 1	
TOTAL DEDUCTIONS	5,559,047
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	(743,751)
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	(743,731)
Net position, beginning of year	75,965,185
Net position, end of year	\$ 75,221,434



NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2015

NOTE A: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Huron-Clinton Metropolitan Authority (the Authority) was created in 1939 as a special district form of government to provide recreational facilities and services to residents of Livingston, Macomb, Oakland, Washtenaw, and Wayne Counties. The Authority is governed by a Board of Commissioners, which consists of a Commissioner appointed by the Board of Commissioners from each of the five participating counties, and two Commissioners appointed by the Governor of Michigan. Principal funding for the Authority is derived from a property tax levy assessed in each of the five participating counties.

The financial statements of the Authority have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governments. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The Authority's more significant accounting policies are described below.

1. Reporting Entity

The Authority has determined that no entities should be consolidated into its basic financial statements as component units. The criteria for including a component unit include entries for which the government is considered to be financially accountable. Therefore, the reporting entity consists only of the primary government.

2. Basis of Presentation

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government. For the most part, the effect of the interfund activity has been removed from these statements.

The statement of activities presents the direct functional expenses of the primary government and the program revenues that support them. Direct expenses are specifically associated with a service, program, or department and are therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues are associated with specific functions and include charges to park customers and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of that function. Revenues that are not required to be presented as program revenues are general revenues. This includes all taxes, contributions, and oil and gas royalties and shows how governmental functions are either self-financing or supported by general revenues.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The fund financial statements present the Authority's individual major funds. Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

The Authority reports the following major governmental funds:

- a. The General Fund is the Authority's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.
- b. The Capital Projects Fund is use to record supplemental major maintenance projects of the Authority, which are nonrecurring expenditures to repair or replace existing park facilities. As designated by the Authority, oil and gas revenues received are earmarked to fund these projects.

In addition, the Authority reports pension and other post-employment benefit trust funds, which account for the Authority's single employer, defined benefit pension plan and other post-employment benefits plan. These plans accumulate resources for pension benefit and other post-employment benefit payments to qualified Authority employees. The funds are based on the Plans' December 31 fiscal year ends.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2015

NOTE A: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

3. Measurement Focus

The government-wide and fiduciary fund financial statements are presented using the economic resources measurement focus, similar to that used by business enterprises or not-for-profit organizations. Because another measurement focus is used in the governmental fund financial statements, reconciliations to the government-wide financial statements are provided that explain the differences in detail.

All governmental funds are presented using the current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets, deferred outflows of resources, current liabilities and deferred inflows of resources generally are included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present increases (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) in fund balance.

4. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurement made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

All governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when they become susceptible to accrual (when they become both "measurable" and "available to finance expenditures of the current period"). The length of time used for "available" for purposes of revenue recognition in the governmental fund financial statements is sixty (60) days. Revenues that are considered measurable but not available are recorded as receivable and unavailable revenue. Significant revenues susceptible to accrual are special assessments and certain intergovernmental revenues. Expenditures are generally recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related fund liability is incurred, except for interest on long-term debt which is recorded when due.

All government-wide financial statements and pension and other post-employment benefit (OPEB) trust funds are accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting. Their revenues are recognized when they are earned, and their expenses are recognized when they are incurred.

When the Authority incurs an expenditure for purposes for which various fund balance classifications can be used, it is the Authority's policy to use restricted fund balance first, then committed fund balance, assigned fund balance, and finally unassigned fund balance.

5. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

A budget for the general fund is adopted, on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), and is adopted on a category level. An operating budget including major maintenance, park operations, and general administration categories lapses at year end. Capital outlay budgets including engineering and general planning, capital improvements, equipment and land acquisition categories do not lapse at year-end.

Adoption and amendments of budgets used by the Authority are governed by Public Act 621. The governing body must approve the budget and amendments, including supplemental appropriations at the category level. The Authority's management can transfer appropriations between line items within a category without governing body approval.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2015

NOTE A: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

6. Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments

The Authority's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Investments are stated at fair value. Short-term investments are reported at cost, which approximates fair value. Securities traded on a national or international exchange are valued at the last reported sales price at current exchange rates. Cash deposits are reported at carrying amounts, which reasonably approximates fair value.

Unrealized appreciation or depreciation on pension and OPEB trust fund investments due to changes in fair value is recognized each year.

7. Receivables

Receivables consist of amounts due related to charges for services, property taxes, grants and other amounts owed to the Authority at year-end. All property taxes receivable are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible amounts. The allowance is estimated based upon the original year of the assessment and uses a graduated percentage ranging from 10 to 100 percent of the balance outstanding.

8. Property Tax

Real and personal property taxes are levied on December 1, on the taxable value of property located in the Counties as of the preceding December 31, (lien date). Taxable values are established annually by municipalities and are equalized by the Counties and State at 50 percent of estimated current market value or less. The Authority's operating tax rate for the 2014 levy (2015 property tax revenue) was 0.2146 mills. Taxes are receivable on the levy date and become delinquent on March 1 the following year. Property tax revenues are recognized as revenues in the operating year in which the levy is intended to fund to the extent that they are measurable and available, and collected within sixty days after year end. The total taxable value for the 2014 levy for property within the Authority was \$135,826,847,863.

9. Inventories

Inventory maintained by the general fund is valued at average cost. Inventory consists of expendable supplies held for consumption. The cost is recorded as an expenditure at the time individual inventory items are consumed. Nonspendable fund balances have been recorded in the applicable funds to indicate that inventories are not currently available, spendable components of fund balance.

10. Prepaids

Prepaids consist of amounts paid in the current year that pertain to the following fiscal year and are accounted for using the consumption method. Nonspendable fund balances have been recorded in the applicable funds to indicate that prepaids are not currently available, spendable components of fund balance.

11. Unearned Revenue

The Authority has recorded unearned revenue in the fund financial statements and government-wide financial statements equaling the amount of pledged revenue from park patrons and cell phone tower lease revenue for the subsequent year's activities.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2015

NOTE A: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

12. Compensated Absences

The Authority allows employees to earn annual leave benefits and sick leave termination bonuses based, in part, on length of service. Annual leave is fully vested when earned and sick leave termination bonuses vest upon completion of ten years of service. Upon termination, employees are paid their accumulated sick leave termination bonuses and annual leave depending upon the nature of separation (death, retirement, or termination). All vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

13. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets and liabilities, the statement of financial position or balance sheet will, when applicable, report separate sections for deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources. *Deferred outflows of resources*, a separate financial statement element, represents a consumption of net position or fund balance, respectively, that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until that time. *Deferred inflows of resources*, a separate financial statement element, represents an acquisition of net position or fund balance, respectively, that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

The Authority has several items that qualify for reporting in these categories. These items correspond the Authority's net pension liability and are related to differences between expected and actual experience, changes in assumptions, and differences between projected and actual pension plan investment earnings. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an outflow or inflow of resources in the period to which they apply. The Authority also reports unavailable revenue in the governmental funds and Statement of Net Position, which is related to delinquent personal property taxes and property taxes levied in the current period which are intended to be revenue in the subsequent period.

14. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, buildings, equipment, other improvements and infrastructure (e.g., roads, bridges, paved pathways and water/sewer lines), are reported in the statement of net position in the basic financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the Authority as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 for equipment and \$10,000 for all other assets, and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed. No such interest expense was incurred during the current fiscal year.

Capital assets of the primary government are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings	30 - 50 years
Equipment	3 - 25 years
Other improvements	15 - 60 years
Infrastructure	15 - 50 years

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2015

NOTE A: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONCLUDED

15. Comparative Data

Comparative data has not been presented in the accompanying financial statements since their inclusion would make the statements unduly complex and difficult to read.

NOTE B: CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, AND INVESTMENTS

In accordance with Michigan Compiled Laws, the Authority is authorized to invest in the following investment vehicles:

- a. Bonds, securities, and other obligations of the United States or an agency or instrumentality of the United States.
- b. Certificates of deposit, savings accounts, deposit accounts, or depository receipts of a bank which is a member of the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) or a savings and loan association which is a member of the Federal Savings and Loan Insurance Corporation (FSLIC) or a credit union which is insured by the National Credit Union Administration (NCUA), but only if the bank, savings and loan association, or credit union is eligible to be a depository of surplus funds belonging to the State under section 5 or 6 of Act No. 105 of the Public Acts of 1855, as amended, being Section 21.145 and 21.146 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.
- c. Commercial paper rated at the time of purchase within the three (3) highest classifications established by not less than two (2) standard rating services and which matures not more than 270 days after the date of purchase.
- d. The United States government or federal agency obligations repurchase agreements.
- e. Bankers acceptances of United States banks.
- f. Mutual funds composed of investment vehicles, which are legal for direct investment by local units of government in Michigan.

Deposits

A reconciliation of cash, cash equivalents, and investments as shown in the basic financial statements to the Authority's deposits and investments is as follows:

Drimary

	Government
Statement of Net Position	Government
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 11,339,805
Investments	34,609,382
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position	
Investments	75,221,434
Total	\$ 121,170,621

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2015

NOTE B: CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, AND INVESTMENTS - CONTINUED

Deposits - Concluded

	Primary	
	Government	
Deposits and investments		
Checking and Savings	\$	11,299,185
Certificates of Deposit		17,577,836
Investments, at fair value		
U.S. agencies		16,029,397
Mutual funds		75,221,434
Certificates of deposit		1,002,149
Cash on hand		40,620
Total	\$	121,170,621

Deposits of the Authority are at federally insured banks located in the State of Michigan with all accounts maintained in the name of the Authority. As of December 31, 2015, the Authority's accounts were insured by the FDIC, FSLIC, or NCUA for \$2,018,555 and the amount of \$26,571,397 was uninsured and uncollateralized.

Due to significantly higher cash flow at certain periods during the year, the amount the Authority held as cash and cash equivalents increased significantly. As a result, the amount of uninsured and uncollateralized cash and cash equivalents were substantially higher at these peak periods than at year-end.

Credit risk

State law limits investments to specific government securities, certificates of deposit and bank accounts with qualified institutions, commercial paper with specific maximum maturities and ratings when purchased, bankers acceptances of specific financial institutions, qualified mutual funds and qualified external investment pools as identified in the list of authorized investments above. Incompliance with State law, the Authority's investment policy limits investments to the top two ratings issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations. As of December 31, 2015, the Authority's investments were within these guidelines.

The Authority's investments are categorized below to give an indication of the level of credit risk per Moody's Investors Service assumed at December 31, 2015.

	U.S. Agencies	Mutual Funds	Total
Aaa Not Rated	\$ 16,029,397	\$ - 75,221,434	\$ 16,029,397 75,221,434
Total	\$ 16,029,397	\$ 75,221,434	\$ 91,250,831

Interest rate risk

State law limits the allowable investments and the maturities of some of the allowable investments as identified in the above list of authorized investments. The Authority's investment policy does not have specific limits in excess of State law on investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2015

NOTE B: CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, AND INVESTMENTS - CONCLUDED

Interest rate risk - Concluded

At year end, maturities of the Authority's investments were as follows:

	U.S. Agencies	Mutual Funds	Total
1 to 5 years No maturity	\$ 16,029,397 	\$ - 75,221,434	\$ 16,029,397 75,221,434
Total fair value	\$ 16,029,397	\$ 75,221,434	\$ 91,250,831

Custodial credit risk

For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Authority will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. State law does not require and the Authority does not have a policy for investment custodial credit risk. On the investments listed above, there is no custodial credit risk, as these investments are either uninsured, unregistered, or held by a counterparty in the Authority's name or are uncategorized as to credit risk.

Concentration of credit risk

State law limits allowable investments but does not limit concentration of credit risk as identified in the list of authorized investments above. The Authority's investment policy does not have specific limits in excess of state law on concentration of credit risk. The investments that exceed 5 percent of the Authority's total investments are in mutual funds, investment pools, and U.S. agencies securities. All investments held at year-end are reported above.

NOTE C: INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

Amounts appearing as interfund payables and receivables arise from two types of transactions. One type of transaction is where a fund will pay for a good or service that at least a portion of the benefit belongs to another fund. The second type of transaction is where one fund provides a good or service to another fund. Balances at the end of the year are for transfers that have not cleared as of the balance sheet date, which were used to fund capital projects activities.

Due to Capital Projects Fund from:	
General Fund	\$ 1,412

NOTE D: RECEIVABLES

Receivables as of year-end for the governmental activities in the aggregate, are as follows:

Taxes	\$ 28,750,678
Accounts receivable	178,382_
	\$ 28,929,060

Taxes receivable consist of the 2015 levy to be received in 2016 as well as delinquent personal property taxes. They are shown net of an allowance for doubtful accounts of \$46,000.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2015

NOTE E: CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the governmental activities for the year ended December 31, 2015, was as follows:

	Balance Jan. 1, 2015	Additions/ Reclassifications	Deletions/ Reclassifications	Balance Dec. 31, 2015
Governmental Activities	Jan. 1, 2013	reciassifications	rectassifications	DCC. 51, 2015
Capital assets, not being depreciated				
Land	\$ 46,765,322	\$ 177,591	\$ -	\$ 46,942,913
Land improvements	34,422,023	336,519	_	34,758,542
Construction-in-progress	4,144,728	504,133	(4,062,212)	586,649
Subtotal	85,332,073	1,018,243	(4,062,212)	82,288,104
Capital assets being depreciated				
Buildings	56,505,769	1,484,392	-	57,990,161
Equipment	26,317,705	1,370,379	(6,017,976)	21,670,108
Other improvements	59,377,798	385,869	(172,131)	59,591,536
Infrastructure	54,964,669	4,658,478		59,623,147
Subtotal	197,165,941	7,899,118	(6,190,107)	198,874,952
Less accumulated depreciation for				
Buildings	(20,871,538)	(1,126,647)	-	(21,998,185)
Equipment	(18,858,117)	(1,199,450)	4,833,207	(15,224,360)
Other improvements	(21,561,226)	(1,645,038)	172,131	(23,034,133)
Infrastructure	(25,270,505)	(2,090,010)		(27,360,515)
Subtotal	(86,561,386)	(6,061,145)	5,005,338	(87,617,193)
Net capital assets being depreciated	110,604,555	1,837,973	(1,184,769)	111,257,759
Capital assets, net	\$ 195,936,628	\$ 2,856,216	\$ (5,246,981)	\$ 193,545,863

All depreciation expense is charged to recreation and culture on the statement of activities.

NOTE F: LONG-TERM DEBT

Accrued compensated absences amounted to \$3,859,344 at year-end. Of this amount, \$907,145 is expected to be paid in the following year.

Long-term liability activity for the year ended December 31, 2015, was as follows:

	Dalama			Dalama	Amounts
	Balance	A dditions	Dolotiono	Balance	Due Within
	Jan. 1, 2015	Additions	Deletions	Dec. 31, 2015	One Year
Compensated absences	\$ 3,827,206	\$ 794,918	\$ 762,780	\$ 3,859,344	\$ 907,145

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2015

NOTE G: RETIREMENT SYSTEM

Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Plan Description

The Plan is a single-employer contributing defined benefit pension plan covering all of the Authority's full-time employees hired prior to January 1, 2013. Plan members are required to contribute 1% to the Plan. The Plan's fiscal year end is December 31. The Plan is included as a pension trust fund in the Authority's primary government financial statements and a stand-alone financial report of the Plan has not been issued. The Plan is administered by the Authority's Pension Committee as appointed by the Authority's Board of Commissioners. Benefit provisions and contribution requirements are established and may be amended by the Board of Commissioners.

Benefits Provided

The Plan provides eligible participants with retirement benefits as well as disability benefits. All retirement benefits fully vest after ten years of credited service, with partial vesting granted for service less than ten years. Employees who retire at age 65 are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly in an amount equal to 2% of the highest consecutive five year average monthly earnings in the last ten years of service, with a maximum monthly benefit of 71% of the final average monthly earnings. Employees may retire at age 60 with an unreduced benefit only if they have 25 or more years of service at early retirement. Employees retiring at age 55 with ten years credited service are entitled to receive a reduced monthly retirement benefit.

The Plan's financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. The Authority's contributions to the Plan are recognized when due and the employer has made a formal commitment to provide the contributions. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan. The administrative costs are financed through investment earnings.

Plan membership consisted of the following at December 31, 2015 (the date of the most recent actuarial valuation available):

Inactive employees or beneficiaries receiving benefits Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits Active employees	151 16 153
Total	320

Investment Policy

The Authority maintains an investment policy for the Plan which permits 5% to 40% of Pension Trust Fund assets to be invested in high quality fixed income securities, 15% to 50% in equity type securities and 25% to 60% in guaranteed rate of return contracts.

Equity investments and bonds are reported at fair value. Investments for which market quotations are not readily available are valued at their fair values as determined by the custodian under the direction of the Authority's Pension Committee. The investments of the pension trust fund are not federally insured.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2015

NOTE G: RETIREMENT SYSTEM - CONTINUED

Contributions

The annual required contribution for the current period was determined as part of the December 31, 2014 actuarial valuation using the individual entry age actuarial cost method. Benefits are funded on a level percentage of earnings from each participant's date of participation to assumed retirement date. The effects of plan amendments and changes in assumptions are amortized over 30 years. Smoothed asset value spreads the difference between the assumed return and the actual investment return over a five (5) year period and was used to determine the actuarial value of assets. The amortization methods used are either 30-year, level percent of payroll dollar method or a 5-year level dollar method depending on participation in the 2012 and 2013 early retirement window or not, where the effect of plan amendment and changes in assumptions are amortized over 30 years on a closed basis. The remaining amortization periods as of December 31, 2015 were 25.75, 1.75, and 2.75 years. Gains and losses are not separately amortized but reduce or increase the amortization balances and payments.

Net Pension Liability

The Authority's net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2015, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an annual actuarial valuation as of that date.

Changes in the net pension liability during the measurement year were as follows:

	Increase (Decrease)		
	Total Pension	Plan Fiduciary	Net Pension
	Liability	Net Position	Liability
Changes in Net Pension Liability	(a)	(b)	(a)-(b)
Balances at December 31, 2014	\$ 68,503,084	\$ 51,339,972	\$ 17,163,112
Changes for the Year			
Service cost	962,488	-	962,488
Interest on total pension liability	4,862,474	-	4,862,474
Difference between expected and actual experience	(1,445,906)	-	(1,445,906)
Employer contributions	-	4,500,000	(4,500,000)
Employee contributions	-	101,817	(101,817)
Net investment income	-	(667,117)	667,117
Benefit payments, including employee refunds	(3,831,448)	(3,831,448)	-0-
Administrative expense	<u> </u>	(201,301)	201,301
Net changes	547,608	(98,049)	645,657
Balances as of December 31, 2015	\$ 69,050,692	\$ 51,241,923	\$ 17,808,769

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2015

NOTE G: RETIREMENT SYSTEM - CONTINUED

Pension Expenses and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended December 31, 2015, the employer recognized pension expense of \$2,759,054. The employer reported deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences in experience	\$ -	\$ 1,141,312
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	3,527,915	
Total	\$ 3,527,915	\$ 1,141,312

Amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending	Pension Expense		
2016	\$ 577,385		
2017	577,385		
2018	577,385		
2019	654,448		

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the December 31, 2015, annual actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation: 3.75%

Salary increases: 4.00% - 8.75% including inflation.

Investment rate of return: 7.25%

Mortality: RP-2000 Mortality Table for males and females projected to 2017.

The actuarial assumptions used in December 31, 2015 valuation were based on results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2015 through December 31, 2015.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability is 7.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that employer and employee contributions will be made at the rates agreed upon for employees and the actuarially determined rates for employers.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2015

NOTE G: RETIREMENT PLANS - CONCLUDED

Projected Cash Flows

Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to pay all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability. The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a model method in which the best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of investment and administrative expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	Long-Term Expected
Target Allocation	Real Rate of Return
4.00%	9.13%
13.00%	8.00%
1.00%	10.16%
3.00%	8.00%
13.00%	9.40%
4.00%	9.66%
13.00%	6.54%
12.00%	5.60%
3.00%	7.67%
5.00%	8.75%
9.00%	5.84%
3.00%	4.90%
6.00%	10.32%
6.00%	7.10%
3.00%	10.22%
2.00%	7.53%
100.00%	
	4.00% 13.00% 1.00% 3.00% 13.00% 4.00% 13.00% 12.00% 3.00% 5.00% 9.00% 3.00% 6.00% 6.00% 3.00% 2.00%

Sensitivity of Net Pension Liability

Regarding the sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the single discount rate, the following presents the plan's net pension liability, calculated using a single discount rate of 7.25%, as well as what the plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a single discount rate that is one percent lower or one percent higher.

	1%	Current	1%
	Decrease	Discount	Increase
	Rate 6.25%	Rate 7.25%	Rate 8.25%
Net Pension Liability	\$ 25,410,267	\$ 17,808,769	\$ 11,300,123

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2015

NOTE H: OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Plan Description

On October 1, 2005, the Authority established the Retiree Health Care Plan & Trust (the "Plan and Trust") with a fiscal year ending December 31. This Plan and Trust was created under the authority of the Public Employee Health Care Fund Investment Act, Public Act 149 of 1999 (MCL 38.1211 et seq.), and constitutes a governmental trust pursuant to Section 115 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended. The activity of the Plan and Trust has been recorded in the Authority's Other Post-Employment Benefit Trust Fund in the Authority's primary government financial statements and a stand-alone financial report of the Plan has not been issued. The Plan is a single-employer defined benefit plan and is administered by the Authority's Retiree Health Care Plan & Trust Committee as appointed by the Authority's Board of Commissioners. Benefit provisions and contribution requirements are established and may be amended by the Board of Commissioners. The Plan and Trust was established to allow for the Authority's funding of retiree health care benefits, an essential governmental function. The Plan and Trust was created for the exclusive purpose of providing health care, dental, and optical insurance benefits or such other benefits approved by the Authority for the welfare of certain retirees and spouses eligible to receive a retirement benefit. Substantially all of the Authority's employees hired prior to January 1, 2009 may become eligible for these benefits when they retire, after attaining 10 years of credited service. Effective January 1, 2009, employees hired on or after January 1, 2009 are not covered under the Retiree Health Care Plan and Trust, but are covered under the Retirement Health Savings Plan.

The Authority maintains an investment policy for the Plan and Trust which permits 5% to 40% of Plan and Trust assets to be invested in high quality fixed income securities, 15% to 50% in equity type securities and 25% to 60% in guaranteed rate of return contracts.

The Plan and Trust's financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. The Authority's contributions to the Plan and Trust are recognized in the period that the contributions are due. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan.

Investments are reported at fair value, as indicated by quoted market prices as of December 31, 2015. Shares of mutual funds are valued at the net asset value of the shares held by the Plan and Trust at December 31, 2015.

The Authority's annual cost of providing other postemployment benefits (OPEB) is calculated based on the annual required contribution (ARC) to the employer. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover the normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities or funding excess over a period not to exceed 30 years.

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions regarding the probability of the occurrence of events in the future. Examples of such assumptions include future employment and retirement patterns, mortality, investment rate returns, and health care inflation. These assumptions are subject to continual revision as actual results are measured against past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedules of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, present multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial values of plan assets are increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

The entry age actuarial cost method was used to prepare the most recent actuarial valuation dated December 31, 2014. Other significant assumptions were as follows: (a) investments are assumed to earn 7.25% per year, (b) health care costs are assumed to increase at an annual rate of 9% in year 1, reduced by 0.75% each year for the next three years and 0.50% each year for the following six years until an ultimate rate of 3.75% is reached in the tenth year and beyond of which the rates include a 3.75% inflation assumption, (c) compensation is assumed to increase 3.75% per year and (d) active member population was assumed to remain constant. The unfunded liability is being amortized as a level dollar over a closed period of 26.75 years.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2015

NOTE H: OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - CONTINUED

Plan Description - Concluded

Effective January 1, 2009 the Retiree Health Care Plan and Trust was closed to new entrants; therefore, the annual required contribution is no longer allowed to be calculated assuming an increasing active payroll. As of December 31, 2014, the date of the most recent actuarial valuation, membership consisted of:

Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	152
Terminated vested employees entitled to benefits but	
not receiving them yet	19
Active employees covered by the plan	159
	330

Funding Policy

The Authority contributes to the Plan and Trust an amount consistent with the actuarial valuations and calculations made by the Actuary for the Plan and Trust to result in a pre-funded plan. The Authority reserves the right to fund these health care benefits on a pay-as-you-go basis and the right to provide such lesser amount as the Authority determines. Qualified beneficiaries shall contribute those amounts required for additional coverage as optioned by such qualified beneficiaries, required by an applicable collective bargaining agreement, and otherwise determined by the Trustees.

Funding Progress

The accompanying schedules of employer contributions present trend information about the amounts contributed to the plan by employers in comparison to the ARC, an amount that is actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 43. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost for each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty (30) years.

The Authority's computed contribution and actual funding is summarized as follows:

Annual required contribution	\$ 916,266
Interest on net OPEB asset	(296,670)
Adjustment to annual required contribution	 338,453
Net OPEB cost	958,049
Contributions made	,
Contributions made	 (1,200,000)
Change in net OPEB (asset)	(241,951)
Net OPEB (asset) - Beginning of year	 (4,091,995)
Net OPEB (asset) - End of year	\$ (4,333,946)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2015

NOTE H: OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - CONCLUDED

Funding Progress - Concluded

The Authority's annual OPEB cost, percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed and the net OPEB obligation (asset) for the last three (3) years were as follows:

Year Ended	Annual	Percentage of Annual OPEB Cost Contributed	Net OPEB
December 31,	OPEB Cost		Obligation
2013	\$ 1,439,443	105%	\$ -
2014	375,217	176%	
2015	958,049	125%	-

The current funding progress of the plan as of December 31, 2014, the date of the most recent actuarial valuation, is as follows:

Actuarial value of assets	\$ 24,605,958
Actuarial accrued liability (AAL) (entry age)	30,924,610
Unfunded AAL	6,318,652
Funded ratio	79.6%
Covered payroll	\$ 10,418,891
UAAL as percentage of covered payroll	60.6%

NOTE I: RETIREMENT HEALTH SAVINGS PLAN

On August 1, 2005, the Huron-Clinton Metropolitan Authority Board of Commissioners established the Huron-Clinton Retirement Health Savings Plan (Savings Plan) by resolution. Employees hired after January 1, 2009, who are covered under a collective bargaining agreement with the Authority, must contribute 1.0% of their base wage. The Authority contributes a 1.0% match on behalf of these employees. Employees who are not covered under a collective bargaining agreement with the Authority must contribute 1.5% of their base wage. There is no matching contribution provided on behalf of these employees. Total contributions for 2015 by participants and the Authority amounted to \$29,852 and \$22,276, respectively.

The savings plan is a defined contribution plan administered by the International City/County Management Association - Retirement Corporation (ICMA-RC). The legal basis for the Savings plan comes from several private letter rulings obtained by ICMA-RC from the Internal Revenue Service and Treasury regulation 301.7701-1[a][3]. Employees must be over the age of 21 to participate in the Savings Plan.

NOTE J: RETIREMENT PLANS

In addition, the Huron-Clinton Metropolitan Authority Board of Commissioners has established the Huron-Clinton 401 Governmental Money Purchase Plan & Trust (401 Plan) for full time employees hired after December 31, 2012. Eligible employees must contribute 1.0% of their base wage, and the Authority contributes a 6.0% match. Total contributions for 2015 by participants and the Authority amounted to \$17,353 and \$104,115, respectively.

On December 5, 2013, the Huron-Clinton Metropolitan Authority Board of Commissioners established the Huron-Clinton Alternative Pension Program (Alternative Plan) by resolution, which became effective January 1, 2014 for part-time and seasonal employees working 600 hours or less per year. These seasonal employees must contribute 6.0% of their base wage. The Authority contributes a 1.5% match on behalf of these employees. Total contributions for 2015 by participants and the Authority amounted to \$104,729 and \$26,205, respectively.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2015

NOTE J: RETIREMENT PLANS - CONCLUDED

The 401 Plan and Alternative Plan are defined contribution plans administered by the International City/County Management Association - Retirement Corporation (ICMA-RC). The legal basis for the Alternative Plan comes from several private letter rulings obtained by ICMA-RC from the Internal Revenue Service and Treasury regulation 301.7701-1[a][3].

NOTE K: FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR INDIVIDUAL PENSION AND OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT FUNDS

Combining Financial Information - The combining financial information of the Authority's pension trust fund and the postemployment benefit trust fund, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2015, is as follows:

ASSETS Investments at fair value	Pension Trust Fund	Other Post-Employment Benefit Trust Fund	Total
Mutual funds	\$ 51,241,923	\$ 23,979,511	\$ 75,221,434
NET POSITION Restricted for pension benefits Restricted for other post-employment benefits	\$ 51,241,923 	\$ - 23,979,511	\$ 51,241,923 23,979,511
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 51,241,923	\$ 23,979,511	\$ 75,221,434
ADDITIONS Investment income Interest and dividends Net (decrease) in fair value of investments	\$ 1,075,029 (1,742,146)	\$ 560,927 (884,699)	\$ 1,635,956 (2,626,845)
Net investment income	(667,117)	(323,772)	(990,889)
Contributions Employer Employee	4,500,000 101,817	1,201,017 3,351	5,701,017 105,168
Total contributions	4,601,817	1,204,368	5,806,185
TOTAL ADDITIONS	3,934,700	880,596	4,815,296
DEDUCTIONS Benefit payments Administrative expense	3,831,448 201,301	1,437,913 88,385	5,269,361 289,686
TOTAL DEDUCTIONS	4,032,749	1,526,298	5,559,047
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	(98,049)	(645,702)	(743,751)
Net position, beginning of year	51,339,972	24,625,213	75,965,185
Net position, end of year	\$ 51,241,923	\$ 23,979,511	\$ 75,221,434

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2015

NOTE L: RISK MANAGEMENT

The Authority is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and distribution of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees and natural disasters. The Authority carries commercial insurance to cover any potential claims associated with these risks and has had no claims that exceeded the insurance coverage during the past three years.

NOTE M: FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

In the fund financial statements, the governmental funds report fund balances as follows:

Nonspendable - assets that are not available in a spendable form such as inventory or prepaid expenditures. It also includes funds that are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted - restricted fund balance is reported when externally imposed constraints are placed on the use of resources by grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments.

Committed - amounts constrained on use imposed by formal action of the government's highest level of decision making authority, the Board of Commissioners. A formal resolution of the Board of Commissioners is required to establish, modify, or rescind a fund balance commitment.

Assigned - amounts intended to be used for specific purposes, but are not restricted or committed. The Board of Commissioners has delegated the authority to assign fund balance to the Authority's controller.

Unassigned - all other resources; the remaining fund balance after nonspendable, restrictions, commitments, and assignments. This class only occurs in the General Fund, except for cases of negative fund balances. Negative fund balances are always reported as unassigned, no matter which fund the deficit occurs in.

Details of fund balance classification as of December 31, 2015 are as follows:

	General Capital		Capital			
		Fund		Projects		Total
Nonspendable		_		_		
Inventories	\$	208,572	\$	-	\$	208,572
Prepaids		810,061		_		810,061
Restricted						
Lake St. Clair Marina		251,499		-		251,499
Hudson Mills Canoe Livery		7,702		-		7,702
Committed						
Land		5,403,900		_		5,403,900
Legal claims		507,185		-		507,185
Capital projects		3,381,840		4,463,556		7,845,396
Rate stabilization fund		580,711		_		580,711
Assigned						
Compensated absences		3,859,344		_		3,859,344
Encumbrances		1,715,463		_		1,715,463
Planned use of fund balance		4,500,000		_		4,500,000
Unassigned	1	8,348,559				18,348,559
TOTAL FLIND DALANCES	ф 2	0 574 026	¢	4 462 EEG	c	44 020 202
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	Φ 3	9,574,836	<u> </u>	4,463,556	<u> </u>	44,038,392

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2015

NOTE N: CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLE

GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions, was implemented during the year. The statement requires governments providing defined benefit pensions to recognize their unfunded pension benefit obligation as a liability for the first time, and to more comprehensively and comparably measure the annual costs of pension benefits. The statement also enhances accountability and transparency through revised note disclosures and required supplementary information (RSI).

NOTE O: RESTATEMENT OF BEGINNING NET POSITION

Beginning net position has been restated for the governmental activities due to changes in accounting principles.

Beginning net position \$ 237,563,120

Net pension liability (17,163,112)

Restated beginning net position \$ 220,400,008

NOTE P: CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The Authority is a defendant in various lawsuits. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, in the opinion of management and its attorney, the resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the Authority.

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, such as the Federal and State governments. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures, which may be disallowed by the grantor, cannot be determined at this time although the Authority expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

NOTE Q: UPCOMING ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

In March 2015, the GASB issued Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application. This statement addresses accounting and financial reporting issues related to fair value measurements. The definition of fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. This statement provides guidance for determining a fair value measurement for financial reporting purposes. This statement also provides guidance for applying fair value to certain investments and disclosures related to all fair value measurements. The Authority is currently evaluating the impact this standard will have on the financial statements when adopted for the 2016 fiscal year.

In June 2015, the GASB issued Statement No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans. The statement will establish accounting and financial reporting requirements related to other postemployment benefit plans and specify the required approach to measuring the OPEB liability of employers. The statement also enhances accountability and transparency through revised note disclosures and required supplementary information (RSI). The Authority is currently evaluating the impact this standard will have on the financial statements when adopted. This statement will be effective for the Authority's 2017 fiscal year.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

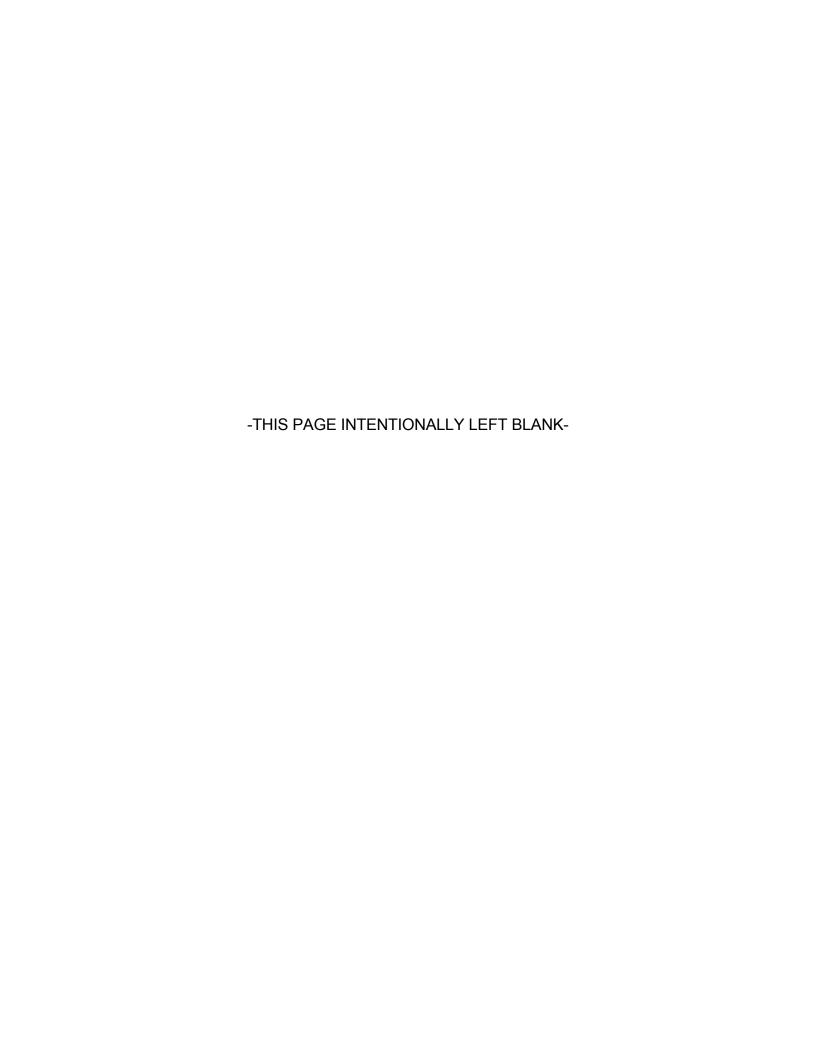
December 31, 2015

NOTE Q: UPCOMING ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS - CONCLUDED

In June 2015, the GASB issued Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions. The statement replaces the requirements of GASB Statement No. 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions. The Statement requires governments providing other postemployment benefits (OPEB) to recognize their unfunded OPEB obligations as a liability for the first time, and to more comprehensibly and comparably measure the annual costs of OPEB benefits. The statement also enhances accountability and transparency through revised note disclosures and required supplementary information (RSI). The Authority is currently evaluating the impact this standard will have on the financial statements when adopted during the 2018 fiscal year.

In August 2015, the GASB issued Statement No. 77, *Tax Abatement Disclosures*. The statement improves financial reporting through the disclosure of information about the nature and magnitude of tax abatements that are not consistently or comprehensively reported to the public at present. The Authority is currently evaluating the impact this standard will have on the financial statements when adopted during the Authority's 2016 fiscal year.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION



General Fund

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

Year Ended December 31, 2015

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES				
Taxes	\$ 28,137,700	\$ 28,407,649	\$ 28,503,130	\$ 95,481
Park charges for services	16,670,700 648,000	16,869,538 200,000	17,893,737 217,896	1,024,199 17,896
Operating grants Donations	330,000	131,872	337,171	205,299
Interest	100,000	100,000	344,745	244,745
Miscellaneous	150,000	480,000	987,949	507,949
TOTAL REVENUES	46,036,400	46,189,059	48,284,628	2,095,569
EXPENDITURES Current Operating				
Park operations	30,238,400	32,280,506	31,518,622	761,884
Major maintenance	5,071,000	5,008,891	1,786,274	3,222,617
Administrative offices	8,475,700	7,668,161	7,516,737	151,424
Total operating	43,785,100	44,957,558	40,821,633	4,135,925
Capital outlay				
Capital improvements	8,183,800	8,517,786	3,212,855	5,304,931
Equipment	1,381,500	1,432,424	1,370,378	62,046
Land acquisitions	256,400	173,215	177,591	(4,376)
Total capital outlay	9,821,700	10,123,425	4,760,824	5,362,601
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	53,606,800	55,080,983	45,582,457	9,498,526
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(7,570,400)	(8,891,924)	2,702,171	11,594,095
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Proceeds from sale of capital assets	25,000	185,000	192,480	7,480
,	,			
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(7,545,400)	(8,706,924)	2,894,651	11,601,575
Fund balance, beginning of year	36,680,185	36,680,185	36,680,185	
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 29,134,785	\$ 27,973,261	\$ 39,574,836	\$ 11,601,575

Retirement System

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE AUTHORITY'S NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

Last Two Calendar Years (ultimately ten calendar years will be displayed)

	2015	2014
Total Pension Liability Service Cost Interest Difference between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions	\$ 962,488 4,862,474 (1,445,906)	\$ 1,004,715 4,726,571 109,029
Benefit payments including employee refunds	(3,831,448)	(4,057,900)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	547,608	1,782,415
Total Pension Liability, beginning	68,503,084	66,720,669
Total Pension Liability, ending	\$ 69,050,692	\$ 68,503,084
Plan Fiduciary Net Position Contributions-employer Contributions-employee Net Investment income Benefit payments including employee refunds Administrative expense	4,500,000 101,817 (667,117) (3,831,448) (201,301)	3,100,000 107,492 2,225,505 (4,057,900) (73,710)
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	(98,049)	1,301,387
Plan Fiduciary Net Position, beginning	51,339,972	50,038,585
Plan Fiduciary Net Position, ending	\$ 51,241,923	\$ 51,339,972
Employer Net Pension Liability	\$ 17,808,769	\$ 17,163,112
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a percentage of the Total Pension Liability	74.21%	74.95%
Covered Employee Payroll	\$ 10,067,888	\$ 10,418,891
Employer's Net Pension Liability as a percentage of covered employee payroll	176.89%	164.73%

Retirement System

SCHEDULE OF AUTHORITY CONTRIBUTIONS

Last Two Calendar Years (ultimately ten calendar years will be displayed)

	2015	2014
Actuarially determined contributions Contributions in relation to the actuarially	\$ 3,474,587	\$ 3,029,289
determined contribution	4,500,000	3,100,000
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ (1,025,413)	\$ (70,711)
Covered Employee Payroll	\$ 10,067,888	\$ 10,418,891
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll	44.70%	29.75%

Retirement System

SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT RETURNS

Last Two Calendar Years (ultimately ten calendar years will be displayed)

2014 2015

Annual money-weighted rate of return, net
of investment expense
4.400/
4.43%
-1.68%

Retiree Medical Benefits

SCHEDULES OF FUNDING PROGRESS AND EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS

Year Ended December 31, 2015

SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) (b)	Unfunded (Overfunded) Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) (b-a)	Funded Ratio (a/b)	Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as % of Covered Payroll ((b-a)/c)
10/1/2006	\$ 5,715,974	\$ 41,991,647	\$ 36,275,673	13.6%	\$ 14,252,470	254.5%
10/1/2009	6,697,411	40,700,314	34,002,903	16.5%	14,203,220	239.4%
10/1/2011	13,821,223	35,839,538	22,018,315	38.6%	13,809,019	159.4%
10/1/2013	19,443,143	31,585,955	12,142,812	61.6%	11,171,076	108.7%
12/31/2014	24,605,958	30,924,610	6,318,652	79.6%	10,418,891	60.6%

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS

	Annual	
	Required	Percentage
Period Ended	Contributions	Contributed
September 30, 2009	\$ 3,368,724	88%
September 30, 2010	3,354,066	101%
September 30, 2011	2,485,145	136%
September 30, 2012	2,461,036	105%
September 30, 2013	1,432,112	177%
December 31, 2014	356,231	682% ⁽¹⁾
December 31, 2015	916,266	131%

⁽¹⁾ The Authority changed its plan year in 2014 from a September 30 year end to December 31. Contributions for the fifteen (15) month period were well in excess of the annual required contribution (ARC) because the Authority had previously recognized the ARC a year ahead of the schedule provided by actuaries. Going forward, annual required contributions compared to the ARC are expected to normalize at more historically comparable levels.

NOTE TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Year Ended December 31, 2015

NOTE A: OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLAN

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations. Significant methods and assumptions were as follows:

Actuarial Valuation Frequency:
Latest valuation date
Actuarial cost method
Amortization method
Remaining amortization period
Asset valuation method
Actuarial assumptions:
Investment rates of return
Projected salary increases
Inflation

Every three years
December 31, 2014
Individual Entry Age
Level dollar
26.75 years
N/A - plan is not prefunded

7.25% 0.50 % - 3.75% 7.25%



Fiduciary Funds

COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

December 31, 2015

		Other Post-Employment	
	Pension	Benefit Trust	
	Trust Fund	Fund	Total
ASSETS			
Investments at fair value			
Mutual funds	\$ 51,241,923	\$ 23,979,511	\$ 75,221,434
NET POSITION			
Restricted for pension benefits	\$ 51,241,923	\$ -	\$ 51,241,923
Restricted for other post-employment benefits		23,979,511	23,979,511
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 51,241,923	\$ 23,979,511	\$ 75,221,434

Fiduciary Funds

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION

Year Ended December 31, 2015

	Other Post-Employment			
	Pension			
ADDITIONS	Trust Fun	d Fund	Total	
ADDITIONS				
Investment income Interest and dividends	\$ 1,075,0)20 ¢ 560.027	\$ 1,635,956	
	. , ,		. , ,	
Net (decrease) in fair value of investments	(1,742,	146) (884,699)	(2,626,845)	
Net investment income	(667,	117) (323,772)	(990,889)	
Contributions				
Employer	4,500,0	000 1,201,017	5,701,017	
Employee	101,8	3,351	105,168	
Total contributions	4,601,8	317 1,204,368	5,806,185	
TOTAL ADDITIONS	3,934,7	700 880,596	4,815,296	
DEDUCTIONS				
Benefit payments	3,831,4	1,437,913	5,269,361	
Administrative expense	201,3	88,385	289,686	
TOTAL DEDUCTIONS	4,032,7	749 1,526,298	5,559,047	
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	(98,0	049) (645,702)	(743,751)	
Net position, beginning of year	51,339,9	24,625,213	75,965,185	
Net position, end of year	\$ 51,241,9	923 \$ 23,979,511	\$ 75,221,434	

STATISTICAL SECTION (UNAUDITED)

STATISTICAL SECTION

Year Ended December 31, 2015

This part of Huron-Clinton Metropolitan Authority's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the government's overall financial health.

Conte	ents	<u>Page</u>
Finan	cial Trends	
	These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the government's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	36
Revei	nue Capacity	
	These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the government's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.	40
Demo	ographic and Economic Information	
	These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the government's financial activities take place.	46
Opera	ating Information	
	These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the government's financial report relates to the services the government provides and the activities it performs.	48

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

NET POSITION BY COMPONENT

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
Governmental activities										
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 175,741,636	\$ 184,254,738	\$ 188,282,018	\$ 195,042,991	\$ 195,093,978	\$ 194,800,234	\$ 194,403,024	\$ 195,125,395	\$ 195,936,628	\$ 193,545,863
Restricted	-	-	-	-	-	37,709	90,430	138,856	185,995	259,201
Unrestricted	27,468,449	26,946,374	29,526,477	29,396,377	33,118,763	34,227,707	36,140,736	38,675,137	41,440,497	28,935,288
Total governmental activities net position	\$ 203,210,085	\$ 211,201,112	\$ 217,808,495	\$ 224,439,368	\$ 228,212,741	\$ 229,065,650	\$ 230,634,190	\$ 233,939,388	\$ 237,563,120	\$ 222,740,352

CHANGES IN NET POSITION

LAST TEN YEARS

	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
Expenses										
Recreation and culture	\$ 40,913,415	\$ 42,777,742	\$ 45,095,061	\$ 44,629,146	\$ 45,570,182	\$ 43,671,297	\$ 41,656,918	\$ 41,586,621	\$ 41,891,795	\$ 46,117,042
Capital projects	693,405	761,662	1,783,776	1,794,155	1,134,337	1,486,892	1,930,912	292,196	-	-
Capital outlay	14,908	-	15,245	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Debt service	667		-				<u> </u>			
Total expenses	41,622,395	43,539,404	46,894,082	46,423,301	46,704,519	45,158,189	43,587,830	41,878,817	41,891,795	46,117,042
Program revenues										
Charges for services										
General government	12,814,635	13,807,794	14,480,210	13,764,068	14,715,827	14,151,725	15,027,250	14,519,872	16,316,176	17,893,737
Operating grants and contributions	78,989	59,890	4,325	78,358	7,598	33,359	234,463	19,100	61,745	453,429
Capital grants and contributions			497,259	1,951,190	309,893	318,053	175,075	2,031,530	153,869	
Total program revenue	12,893,624	13,867,684	14,981,794	15,793,616	15,033,318	14,503,137	15,436,788	16,570,502	16,531,790	18,347,166
Total program revenue	12,030,024	10,007,004	14,501,754	10,730,010	10,000,010	14,000,101	10,400,700	10,570,502	10,001,700	10,047,100
General revenues										
Property taxes	32,650,984	34,481,626	35,788,569	35,782,192	34,452,805	30,640,135	28,293,295	27,680,762	28,167,025	28,406,715
Oil and gas royalties	767,856	646,865	832,032	440,623	436,028	368,959	595,017	297,536	239,740	57,890
Donations	128,136	306,885	91,929	101,219	57,065	110,423	127,231	167,123	87,407	101,638
Interest	2,003,680	2,174,904	1,598,806	863,140	474,515	324,511	161,587	217,455	289,002	363,548
Miscellaneous	1,449,148	52,467	208,335	73,384	24,161	28,460	513,164	27,567	97,013	987,949
Gain on sale of capital assets						35,473	29,288	223,069	43,551	192,480
Total general revenues	36,999,804	37,662,747	38,519,671	37,260,558	35,444,574	31,507,961	29,719,582	28,613,512	28,923,738	30,110,220
Total revenues	49,893,428	51,530,431	53,501,465	53,054,174	50,477,892	46,011,098	45,156,370	45,184,014	45,455,528	48,457,386
Change in net position	\$ 8,271,033	\$ 7,991,027	\$ 6,607,383	\$ 6,630,873	\$ 3,773,373	\$ 852,909	\$ 1,568,540	\$ 3,305,197	\$ 3,563,733	\$ 2,340,344

FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(UNAUDITED)

	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
General Fund				·						
Reserved	\$ 7,953,899	\$ 3,384,116	\$ 3,992,208	\$ 2,500,709	\$ 1,268,203	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Unreserved	17,088,644	21,249,235	23,793,951	24,970,045	29,812,797	-	-	-	-	-
Nonspendable	-	-	-	-	-	228,747	232,363	534,899	498,779	1,018,633
Restricted	-	-	-	-	-	37,709	90,430	138,856	185,995	259,201
Committed	-	-	-	-	-	13,394,338	13,334,981	12,907,536	9,401,861	9,873,636
Assigned	-	-	-	-	-	-	15,526,682	11,990,064	11,846,371	10,074,807
Unassigned						18,200,790	5,014,458	10,323,181	14,747,179	18,348,559
Total General Fund	\$ 25,042,543	\$ 24,633,351	\$ 27,786,159	\$ 27,470,754	\$ 31,081,000	\$ 31,861,584	\$ 34,198,914	\$ 35,894,536	\$ 36,680,185	\$ 39,574,836
Capital Projects Fund										
Reserved	\$ 884,522	\$ 344,255	\$ 465,314	\$ 33,834	\$ 280,642	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Unreserved	5,068,823	5,774,966	5,661,713	6,370,316	6,458,797	-	-	-	-	-
Committed						6,087,728	4,780,236	4,804,776	4,481,442	4,463,556
Total Capital Projects Fund	\$ 5,953,345	\$ 6,119,221	\$ 6,127,027	\$ 6,404,150	\$ 6,739,439	\$ 6,087,728	\$ 4,780,236	\$ 4,804,776	\$ 4,481,442	\$ 4,463,556

Note: GASB 54 became effective and was implemented in 2011. Prior period amounts were not restated.

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
Revenues										
Property taxes	\$ 32,597,201	\$ 34,547,937	\$ 36,053,277	\$ 35,953,354	\$ 34,528,432	\$ 30,691,073	\$ 28,384,628	\$ 27,662,759	\$ 28,125,677	\$ 28,503,130
Oil and gas royalties	767,856	646,865	832,032	440,623	436,028	368,959	595,017	297,536	239,740	57,890
Park operations	12,814,635	13,807,794	14,480,210	13,764,068	14,715,827	14,151,725	15,027,250	14,519,872	16,316,176	17,893,737
Operating grants	78,989	59,890	4,325	78,358	7,598	33,359	234,463	19,100	61,745	217,896
Capital grants	-	-	497,259	1,951,190	309,893	318,053	175,075	2,031,530	153,869	-
Donations	128,136	306,885	91,929	101,219	57,065	110,423	127,231	167,123	87,407	337,171
Interest	2,003,680	2,174,904	1,598,806	863,140	474,515	324,511	161,587	217,455	289,002	363,548
Miscellaneous	1,517,962	52,467	208,335	73,384	24,161	28,460	513,164	27,567	97,013	987,949
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	533,977	259,564	382,240	280,543	411,926	126,880	204,213	223,069	43,551	192,480
										·
Total revenues	50,442,436	51,856,306	54,148,413	53,505,879	50,965,445	46,153,443	45,422,628	45,166,011	45,414,180	48,553,801
From any difference										
Expenditures	20.646.000	20 005 676	22 600 262	22.062.270	20 424 022	24 747 070	20.706.602	20 020 404	20 440 022	24 540 622
Park operations	29,616,888	30,885,676	32,609,363	32,062,270	32,131,822	31,717,979	29,706,692	28,829,491	29,119,023	31,518,622
Major maintenance	693,405	761,662	1,783,776	1,794,155	1,134,337	1,428,877	1,553,104	921,509	1,435,517	1,786,274
Administrative offices	6,406,511	6,635,259	6,659,575	6,958,695	7,088,861	7,075,619	7,538,185	6,990,592	7,640,052	7,516,737
Capital improvements	11,914,067	10,798,070	7,399,751	9,304,704	4,682,325	4,271,032	4,422,355	5,143,506	5,261,964	3,307,434
Equipment	2,497,008	3,006,105	1,910,491	1,821,169	1,972,142	965,066	1,170,104	1,531,932	1,225,463	1,370,378
Land acquisitions	213,825	12,850	624,843	1,603,169	10,423	565,997	2,350	28,819	269,846	177,591
Debt service	25,620									
Total Expenditures	51,367,324	52,099,622	50,987,799	53,544,162	47,019,910	46,024,570	44,392,790	43,445,849	44,951,865	45,677,036
Net also we in found belong	¢ (004.000)	r (0.40, 0.40)	Ф. 0.400.044	(20, 202)	Ф 0.045 F0F	Ф 400.070	f 4.000.000	¢ 4.700.400	r 400.045	Ф 0.070.70F
Net change in fund balance	\$ (924,888)	\$ (243,316)	\$ 3,160,614	\$ (38,283)	\$ 3,945,535	\$ 128,873	\$ 1,029,838	\$ 1,720,162	\$ 462,315	\$ 2,876,765
Debt service as a percentage										
of noncapital expenditures	.07%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES TAX REVENUE BY SOURCE

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Year	Property Tax
2006	\$ 32,597,201
2007	34,547,937
2008	36,053,277
2009	35,953,354
2010	34,528,432
2011	30,691,073
2012	28,384,628
2013	27,662,759
2014	28,125,677
2015	28,503,130

TAXABLE AND ASSESSED VALUES OF PROPERTY

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(UNAUDITED)

	Real Pro	pperty (a)	Personal F	Property (a)				
		State		State		State	Estimated	Percent
	Taxable	Equalized	Taxable	Equalized	Taxable	Equalized	Market	Change in
Year	Value (b)	Value (c)	Value (b)	Value (c)	Value (b)	Value (c)	Value (d)	Market Value
2006	\$ 142,839,814,996	\$ 184,862,351,990	\$ 14,385,774,754	\$ 14,441,075,293	\$ 157,225,589,750	\$ 199,303,427,283	\$ 398,606,854,566	3.6%
2007	151,907,265,806	193,100,496,537	14,150,671,245	14,156,614,158	166,057,937,051	207,257,110,695	414,514,221,390	4.0%
2008	159,738,926,654	198,062,887,036	14,144,190,957	14,179,192,525	173,883,117,611	212,242,079,561	424,484,159,122	2.4%
2009	159,805,335,088	190,072,799,884	13,834,646,241	13,895,283,284	173,639,981,329	203,968,083,168	407,936,166,336	-3.9%
2010	154,220,925,617	171,635,829,603	13,979,514,883	13,966,280,994	168,200,440,500	185,602,110,597	371,204,221,194	-9.0%
2011	138,988,195,205	149,496,027,195	13,021,305,792	13,034,781,334	152,009,500,997	162,530,808,529	325,061,617,058	-12.4%
2012	130,162,996,751	136,807,421,204	12,360,397,169	12,378,691,878	142,523,393,920	149,186,113,082	298,372,226,164	-8.2%
2013	123,811,211,186	128,820,235,807	12,562,799,230	12,573,994,972	136,374,010,416	141,394,230,779	282,788,461,558	-5.2%
2014	122,943,107,230	129,773,753,961	13,126,543,590	13,159,608,616	136,069,650,820	142,933,362,577	285,866,725,154	1.1%
2015	123,996,465,352	135,715,141,261	12,839,179,302	12,888,111,844	136,835,644,654	148,603,253,105	297,206,506,210	4.0%

⁽a) Property value information represents the combined totals of Livingston, Macomb, Oakland, Washtenaw, and Wayne counties. These counties are the member counties of the Metropark district.

⁽b) The State of Michigan passed a Property Tax Reform measure in 1994 which changed the basis of property taxes. Authority tax millage rates were applied to "Taxable Values" rather than "State Equalized Values" effective with the Authority's tax year 1996. Includes Single Business Tax inventory value of \$2,497,402,508 for years 2002 through 2005; this amount was eliminated by State legislation for 2006 and after. The millage rate for 2015 remained at 0.2146.

⁽c) Includes Single Business Tax inventory value of \$2,497,402,508 for years 2003 through 2005; this amount was eliminated by State legislation for 2006 and after.

⁽d) Total estimated market value is based on two times State Equalized Value figures.

TAXABLE VALUATIONS BY COUNTY

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(UNAUDITED)

Year	Livingston County	% of Total	Macomb County	% of Total	Oakland County	% of Total	Washtenaw County	% of Total	Wayne County	% of Total	Total Taxable Value (b)	% of Total
Teal	County	TOlai	County	TOtal	County	TUlai	County	TOlai	County	TUlai	Taxable Value (b)	Total
2006	\$7.757.534.921	4.9%	\$28,602,726,523	18.2%	\$58.862.866.940	37.5%	\$13.693.361.327	8.7%	\$48.309.100.039	30.7%	\$157.225.589.750	100.0%
2007	8,348,502,046	5.0%	30,373,918,359	18.3%	62,133,415,235	37.4%	14,629,742,407	8.8%	50,572,359,004	30.5%	166,057,937,051	100.0%
2008	8,793,696,047	5.1%	31,862,669,926	18.3%	64,719,908,597	37.2%	15,510,438,244	8.9%	52,996,404,797	30.5%	173,883,117,611	100.0%
2009	8,825,074,848	5.1%	31,812,886,490	18.3%	64,728,962,196	37.3%	15,650,088,801	9.0%	52,622,968,994	30.3%	173,639,981,329	100.0%
2010	8,572,010,718	5.1%	31,010,555,286	18.4%	62,411,551,405	37.1%	15,271,517,551	9.1%	50,934,805,540	30.3%	168,200,440,500	100.0%
2011	7,953,592,697	5.2%	27,895,119,373	18.4%	55,081,707,586	36.3%	14,496,599,262	9.5%	46,582,482,079	30.6%	152,009,500,997	100.0%
2012	8,195,851,938	5.8%	25,840,445,900	18.1%	50,798,540,257	35.6%	14,083,128,684	9.9%	43,605,427,141	30.6%	142,523,393,920	100.0%
2013	7,482,442,287	5.5%	24,255,702,728	17.8%	49,235,953,993	36.1%	13,976,296,665	10.2%	41,423,614,473	30.4%	136,374,010,146	100.0%
2014	7,571,057,139	5.6%	24,113,941,897	17.7%	49,235,110,306	36.2%	14,210,463,343	10.4%	40,939,078,135	30.1%	136,069,650,820	100.0%
2015	7,682,984,917	5.6%	24,563,858,227	18.0%	50,048,650,087	36.6%	14,496,462,571	10.6%	40,043,688,852	29.3%	136,835,644,654	100.0%

⁽a) Property tax levies are not collected directly by Huron-Clinton Metropolitan Authority. Authority property tax levies are collected by local communities within the five county park district and are forwarded to each County Treasurer who distributes the Authority's tax levy to the park district. Accordingly, individual taxpayer records are not maintained by Huron-Clinton Metropolitan Authority.

⁽b) Includes Single Business Tax inventory value of \$2,497,402,508 for years 2002 through 2005; this amount was eliminated by State legislation for 2006 and after.

PROPERTY TAX RATES (PER \$1,000 OF VALUE)

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(UNAUDITED)

	Authorized
Year	Millage Rate (a)
2006	0.2146
2007	0.2146
2008	0.2146
2009	0.2146
2010	0.2146
2011	0.2146
2012	0.2146
2013	0.2146
2014	0.2146
2015	0.2146

(a) Huron-Clinton Metropolitan Authority operates in five different counties encompassing many different townships, cities, and school districts. Huron-Clinton Metropolitan Authority does not collect any taxes on behalf of any other governmental entity.

PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(UNAUDITED)

Y	⁄ear	Initial Tax Levy (a)	Current Year Tax Collections (b)	Percent of Current Year Taxes Collected	Tax	Prior Years Receivable Balances	Tax	rior Years Receivable lections (b)	Percent of Prior Years Taxes Collected	Total Tax Collections	Percent of Total Tax Collections (c)	F	standing Tax Receivable Balances t Year End
2	006	\$ 33,740,612	\$ 32,550,725	96.5%	\$	1,001,161	\$	34,311	3.4%	\$ 32,585,036	93.8%	\$	1,121,945
2	2007	35,636,033	34,444,016	96.7%		1,121,945		15,467	1.4%	34,459,483	93.7%		1,126,713
2	800	35,889,988	36,102,100	100.6%		1,126,712		42,025	3.7%	36,144,125	97.6%		891,926
2	2009	35,875,236	36,085,090	100.6%		891,926		(130,847)	-14.7%	35,954,243	97.8%		774,623
2	010	34,594,391	34,777,802	100.5%		774,623		(249,370)	-32.2%	34,528,432	97.6%		446,996
2	011	31,348,452	31,179,480	99.5%		121,434		(230,372)	-189.7%	30,949,108	98.3%		239,058
2	012	30,311,637	29,158,227	96.2%		63,840		(238, 136)	-373.0%	28,920,092	95.2%		110,914
2	013	29,093,937	28,015,682	96.3%		53,383		(209,270)	-392.0%	27,806,412	95.4%		136,760
2	014	28,950,466	28,419,636	98.2%		93,563		37,629	40.2%	28,457,265	98.0%		193,154
2	015	29,147,709	28,155,589	96.6%		193,154		265,079	137.2%	28,420,668	96.9%		155,578

Source: Huron-Clinton Metropolitan Authority and various County collection records.

⁽a) Initial tax levy amounts exclude Industrial, Commerical, Downtown Development Authority, Tax Incremental Financing Authority tax abatement properties, Board of Review, and State Tax Tribunal adjustments.

⁽b) Tax collection amounts are net of refunds ordered by Boards of Review and the State Tax Tribunal.

⁽c) Compares total tax collections to intial tax levy and prior years tax receivable balances at year end.

PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS (UNAUDITED)

CURRENT YEAR AND TEN YEARS AGO

		2015			2005	
			Percent of Total Authority			Percent of Total Authority
Taxpayer	Taxable Value (a)	Rank	Taxable Value	Taxable Value (a)	Rank	Taxable Value
Detroit Edison Corp.	\$ 2,217,553,866	1	1.41%	\$ 1,717,629,950	2	1.20%
Ford Motor Company	1,268,482,384	2	0.94%	2,015,324,884	1	1.41%
General Motors Corp.	614,139,226	3	0.64%	1,664,994,198	3	1.16%
Marathon Oil/Ashland Petroleum	556,278,968	4	0.52%	1,634,355,373	4	1.14%
Consumers Power/Energy	517,989,509	5	0.47%	-	-	-
Chrysler/Daimler/Cerberus	494,037,206	6	0.28%	306,897,913	7	0.21%
International Transmission	365,271,696	7	0.26%	-	-	-
Severstal Steel Company	328,255,000	8	0.24%	-	-	-
Vanguard Health Systems	252,875,558	9	0.17%	-	-	-
MGM Grand Detroit LLC	205,437,933	10	0.15%	-	-	-
Michigan Consolidated Gas	-	-	-	429,589,228	6	0.30%
Visteon	-	-	-	589,747,008	5	0.41%
Twelve Oaks/Taubman, et.al	-	-	-	197,490,300	9	0.14%
Pfizer Global	-	-	-	258,095,363	8	0.18%
Rouge Steel Company	<u> </u>	-		144,403,309	10	0.10%
Total Ten Largest Taxpayers	\$ 6,820,321,346		5.08%	\$ 8,958,527,526		6.25%

⁽a) Taxable values include Industrial Facility Act 198 properties and Commercial Facility Act 255 properties. Taxable values have been combined if the taxpayer has locations in more than one county.

DEMOGRAPHIC STATISTICS

			Total	Populatio	n by County	(a & b)						
Year	Livingston		Macomb	. opulatio	Oakland	(4 4 5)	Washtenaw		Wayne		Total	
1940	26,725	•	107,638	•	254,068		80,810		2,015,623	•	2,484,864	
1950	38,233		184,961		396,001		134,606		2,435,235		3,189,036	
1960	38,233		405,804		690,259		172,440		2,666,297		3,973,033	
1970	58,967		626,204		907,871		234,103		2,670,368		4,497,513	
1980	100,289		694,600		1,011,793		264,748		2,337,891		4,409,321	
1990	115,645		717,400		1,083,592		282,937		2,111,687		4,311,261	
2000	156,951		788,149		1,194,156		322,895		2,061,162		4,523,313	
2010	180,967		840,978		1,202,362		344,791		1,820,584		4,389,682	
2012	181,678		841,769		1,207,097		346,010		1,822,469		4,399,023	
2013	182,402		845,197		1,213,406		348,560		1,804,507		4,394,072	
2014	183,264		849,344		1,220,798		351,454		1,790,078		4,394,938	
			Numbe	r of Hous	eholds by Co	ounty (b)						
	Livingston		Macomb		Oakland	ranty (2)	Washtenaw		Wayne		Total	
	68,279	•	334,508	•	489,797		136,471		667,553	•	1,696,608	
			Ноис	obold Inc	omo by Cou	oty (b)						
Income	Livingston		Macomb	enoid INC	ome by Cou Oakland	πy (D)	Washtenaw		Wayne		Total	
Less than \$10,000	2,240	•	20,004	•	26,027		10,342		84,174		142,787	
\$10,000 to \$14,999	1,624		15,805		18,622		5,174		46,636		87,861	
\$15,000 to \$24,999	4,641		35,922		41,744		12,442		86,507		181,256	
\$25,000 to \$34,999	5,024		35,048		40,835		12,665		75,058		168,630	
\$35.000 to \$49.999	8,407		48,004		58,442		16,819		91,087		222,759	
\$50,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 to \$74,999	13,007		63,350		84,764		22,419		109,281		292,821	
									,		,	
\$75,000 to \$99,999	11,248		45,483		64,006		16,169		68,427		205,333	
\$100,000 to \$149,999	13,383		47,433		80,016		21,448		66,268		228,548	
\$150,000 to \$199,999	5,258		15,272		35,855		9,501		23,031		88,917	
\$200,000 or more	3,447		8,187		39,486		9,492		17,084		77,696	
				dian Hous	ehold Incom	e (b)						
	Livingston		Macomb		Oakland		Washtenaw		Wayne			
	\$73,694		\$54,059		\$66,436		\$60,805		\$41,421			
				Ethnicity	by County (b)						
Ethnicity	Livingston		Macomb		Oakland		Washtenaw		Wayne		Total	
White	177,117	96.65%	711,927	83.82%	937,056	76.76%	260,703	74.18%	951,027	53.13%	3,037,830	69.12%
Black or African American	767	0.42%	83,511	9.83%	168,133	13.77%	42,489	12.09%	710,343	39.68%	1,005,243	22.87%
American Indian & Alaska Native	450	0.25%	2,336	0.28%	3,127	0.26%	981	0.28%	6,317	0.35%	13,211	0.30%
Asian	1,558	0.85%	28,504	3.36%	73,384	6.01%	28,910	8.23%	49,414	2.76%	181,770	4.14%
Native Hawaiian/Other Pacific	97	0.05%	133	0.02%	287	0.02%	74	0.02%	256	0.01%	847	0.02%
Other Race	431	0.24%	4,862	0.57%	7,540	0.62%	3,401	0.97%	31,226	1.74%	47,460	1.08%
Two or More Races	2,844	1.55%	18,071	2.13%	31,271	2.56%	14,896	4.24%	41,495	2.32%	108,577	2.47%
	183,264		849,344		1,220,798		351,454		1,790,078		4,394,938	
				Ago by	County (b)							
Age	Livingston		Macomb	Age by	County (b) Oakland		Washtenaw		Wayne		Total	
under 5	9,491	5.18%	47,233	5.56%	68,039	5.57%	18,782	5.34%	116,562	6.51%	260,107	5.92%
5 through 9	11,942	6.52%	51,730	6.09%	75,447	6.18%	19,625	5.58%	118,723	6.63%	277,467	6.31%
10 through 14	14,080	7.68%	55,994	6.59%	81,969	6.71%	20,073	5.71%	125,301	7.00%	297,417	6.77%
•	13,401					6.63%						
15 through 19	,	7.31%	54,867	6.46%	80,974		31,171	8.87%	128,802	7.20%	309,215	7.04%
20 through 24	9,389	5.12%	52,682	6.20%	68,102	5.58%		12.50%	128,315	7.17%	302,406	6.88%
25 through 34	18,073	9.86%	103,300	12.16%	147,853	12.11%	49,479	14.08%	219,620	12.27%	538,325	12.25%
35 through 44	23,958		113,433	13.36%	164,305	13.46%	42,684	12.14%	231,325	12.92%	575,705	13.10%
45 through 54	32,219			15.49%	193,324	15.84%		13.10%	256,463	14.33%	659,631	15.01%
55 through 59	14,571	7.95%	59,874	7.05%	91,116	7.46%	21,620	6.15%	124,924	6.98%	312,105	7.10%
60 through 64	11,585	6.32%	51,874	6.11%	76,993	6.31%	19,197	5.46%	103,825	5.80%	263,474	5.99%
65 through 74	15,164	8.27%	67,256	7.92%	95,923	7.86%	22,687	6.46%	126,377	7.06%	327,407	7.45%
75 through 84	7,051	3.85%	39,521	4.65%	51,608	4.23%	10,883	3.10%	74,341	4.15%	183,404	4.17%
85 and over	2,340	1.28%	19,982	2.35%	25,145	2.06%	5,308	1.51%	35,500	1.98%	88,275	2.01%
	183,264	:	849,344	:	1,220,798		351,454		1,790,078	:	4,394,938	

⁽a) Data from 2010 U.S. Census - State & County Quick Facts

⁽b) Data from U.S. Census - American Fact Finder 2014 - American Community Survey 5 Year Estimates

PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS

2015 and 2006

(UNAUDITED)

		2015			2006	
			Percentage of			Percentage of
			Total Region			Total Region
Employer	Employees	Rank	Employment	Employees	Rank	Employment
Ford Motor Company	44.000	1	2.3%	60,828	1	3.0%
General Motors Company	31,185	2	1.6%	50,430	2	2.5%
University of Michigan	30.852	3	1.6%	15.877	6	0.8%
FCA US LLC	30,580	4	1.6%	33,929	3	1.7%
Beaumont Health	25,009	5	1.3%	12,227	9	0.6%
United States Government	18,687	6	1.0%	14,446	7	0.7%
Henry Ford Health System	17,293	7	0.9%	-	-	-
Trinity Health	13,866	8	0.7%	10,702	10	0.5%
Rock Ventures	12,057	9	0.6%	-	-	-
U.S. Postal Service	11,664	10	0.6%	-	-	-
Detroit Public Schools	-	-	-	18,639	4	0.9%
City of Detroit	-	-	-	17,151	5	0.8%
U of M Hopsitals		-		12,267	8	0.6%
	235,193		12.0%	246,496		12.1%

Sources: Crain's Detroit Business, Michigan Department of Technology, Management, and Budget, Livingston, Macomb, Oakland, Washtenaw, and Wayne County annual financial statements.

FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT EMPLOYEES BY LOCATION

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006
Location										
Administration Office	53	50	53	54	56	51	52	52	52	49
Lake St. Clair Metropark	53	51	57	55	55	59	64	65	65	67
Kensington Metropark	88	82	80	81	85	95	100	98	101	98
Lower Huron Metropark	88	83	84	85	86	94	91	92	87	87
Hudson Mills Metropark	29	28	32	35	33	34	36	35	34	37
Stoney Creek Metropark	56	53	55	53	55	58	61	59	60	50
Lake Erie Metropark	43	45	48	48	47	51	53	53	56	58
Wolcott Mill Metropark	20	16	16	19	20	21	22	25	24	25
Indian Springs Metropark	25	24	22	22	24	26	26	25	27	30
Huron Meadows Metropark	12	11_	11	12	14	17	18	17	18	19
Total	467	443	458	464	475	506	523	521	524	520

CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2015*	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006
Number of Regional Parks	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13
Vehicle Count	2,859,720									
Estimated Attendance**	7,149,300	7,939,916	8,420,298	8,866,125	8,434,169	9,203,225	9,174,119	8,917,076	9,065,729	8,742,396
Land (acres)										
Developed		4,890	5,800	5,800	5,800	5,800	5,800	5,800	5,800	5,800
Undeveloped		18,960	18,355	18,355	18,355	18,310	18,310	18,055	18,044	18,044
Under Recreational Lease to Other Agencies		1,045	600	600	600	600	600	600	600	600
All Land ***	24,521									
Encumbered for Recreation	14,761									
Leased for Farming	595									
Leased for Recreation	450									
Leased for Utilities	24									
General Grounds Maintenance - Acres Mowed	3,099	3,099	2,261	2,261	2,281	2,694	2,699	2,807	2,982	3,032
Trails (miles)										
Nature/Hiking	58									
Paved/Shared Use	84									
Equestrian	36									
Cross Country Ski	64	81	80	80	80	75	75	66	59	59
Mountain Biking	19									
Maintenance Paths	81									
Aquatic Facilities										
Pools	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	5	4	4
Beaches	3	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Spray Pads	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	3	2
Boat Launches	50	46	44	44	44	44	44	44	44	44
Boat Rental Facilities	6	5	6	6	6	5	5	5	5	5
Fishing Platforms	12									
Marinas - Number of Boat Slips	393	498	509	509	553	553	505	564	564	554
Winter Facilities										
Ice Skating Rinks		7	7	7	7	9	9	9	9	9
Sledding/Toboggan Hills		19	19	18	18	18	18	18	18	18
Ice Skating Areas	4									
Sledding Areas	6									
-										

CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM -CONTINUED

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2015*	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006
Infrastructure			_							
Number of Buildings Maintained		320	321	321	321	319	319	315	318	315
Square Footage of Buildings Maintained		703,120	705,395	705,395	703,120	697,520	697,520	700,475	700,724	656,170
Buildings	489									
Roads (miles)	68									
Parking Spaces	20,480									
Great Lakes Shoreline (miles)	14									
Inland Lakes (acres)	3,634									
Recreation Facilities										
Regulation 18 Hole Courses	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8
Number of Golf Rounds	191,605	169,157	182,333	187,868	184,837	204,839	206,271	221,338	231,599	241,832
Par 3 Courses	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Number of Golf Rounds	14,257	12,971	17,238	19,829	17,879	24,858	32,920	30,915	31,546	31,273
Driving Ranges	6	6	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Disc Golf Courses	5									
Disc Golf Holes	135	126	123	123	120	120	123	120	120	96
Playgrounds	78	51	50	50	49	45	45	45	45	45
Picnic Shelters	87	91	91	91	92	87	86	84	83	82
Picnic Areas	70	88	88	89	90	85	85	85	85	85
Tennis Courts	9	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	9
Basketball Courts	15	18	19	19	19	19	19	18	18	18
Sand Volleyball Courts	38									
Baseball Fields	28									
Interpretive Centers										
Environmental Discovery Center	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Farm Centers	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Grist Mill	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Nature Centers	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
Mobile Metropark	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Number of Visitors	1,382,962	1,459,000	1,549,800	1,657,759	1,681,737	1,761,071	1,757,499	1,608,000	1,636,410	1,543,225
Number of Interpretive Programs	7,580	7,175	7,478	9,706	10,181	10,106	10,458	10,261	9,696	9,822
Special Event Facilities	6									

CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM -CONCLUDED

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2015*	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006
Excursion Boat	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Public Safety										
Number of Patrol Vehicles	36	36	36	39	39	37	37	33	32	34
Number of Law Violations										
Arrests	30	24	20	19	13	28	41	58	40	43
Traffic Violations	295	225	221	175	232	305	366	461	493	644
Other Violations	167	75	49	56	129	120	148	160	168	310
Equestrian Trails - Number of Miles		53	53	53	53	53	53	29	29	29
Hike/ Bike Trails (paved) - Number of Miles of Paved		66	61	61	61	55	55	54	54	54
Miles of Shoreline		94	94	94	94	100	100	100	100	100
Nature Trails - Number of Miles		75	75	75	75 *	56	56	53	53	53
Outdoor Dance Centers		2	2	2	2	1	1	1	2	2
Parking Lots - Square Yards Maintained		768,191	768,191	796,191	794,691	833,428	833,428	833,428	814,428	814,428
Road System - Number of Lane Miles Maintained		165	162	162	162	166	166	166	166	166
Skate Parks		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

^{*} During the year ending December 31, 2015 the Authority's Planning Department developed a comprehensive Vision Plan which included new statistical areas of focus that will be monitored and maintained on a go forward basis. For this reason, certain categories and areas of statistical reporting have changed from previous years reporting. Consistency among categories has been maintained where available.

^{**} Estimated attendence based on standard multiplier applied to actual vehicle count

^{***} Based on land acquisition records, including undeveloped parkway land outside park boundaries

METROPARK GENERAL GOVERNMENTAL EXPENDITURES BY TYPE

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Year	Capital Improvements	Equipment	Land Acquisition	Major Maintenance	General Administration	Park Operations	Capital Projects Fund	Debt Service	Total
2006	\$ 10,387,422	\$ 2,497,008	\$ 213,825	\$ 693,405	\$ 6,406,511	\$ 29,616,888	\$ 1,526,645	\$ 25,620	\$ 51,367,324
2007	10,034,097	3,006,105	12,850	761,662	6,635,259	30,885,676	763,973	-	52,099,622
2008	7,103,917	1,910,491	624,843	1,043,507	6,659,575	32,609,363	1,036,103	-	50,987,799
2009	9,347,177	1,821,169	1,603,169	1,442,499	6,958,695	32,062,269	309,183	-	53,544,161
2010	4,494,392	1,972,142	10,423	1,131,938	7,088,861	32,131,822	190,332	-	47,019,910
2011	3,514,907	965,066	565,997	1,106,658	7,075,619	31,717,979	1,078,344	-	46,024,570
2012	2,491,443	1,170,104	2,350	1,553,104	7,538,185	29,706,692	1,930,912	-	44,392,790
2013	5,068,491	1,531,932	28,819	704,328	6,990,592	28,829,491	292,196	-	43,445,849
2014	4,879,504	1,225,463	269,846	1,243,362	7,640,052	29,119,023	574,615	-	44,951,865
2015	3,212,855	1,370,378	177,591	1,786,274	7,516,737	31,518,622	94,579	-	45,677,036

METROPARK GENERAL GOVERNMENTAL EXPENDITURES BY TYPE - CONTINUED

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	Total
Capital Improvements											
Administrative Office	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 15,070	\$ 45,000	\$ -	\$ 60,070
Lake St. Clair Metropark	95,333	749,085	1,890,068	3,070,170	779,453	164,896	501,752	3,388,101	247,053	252,381	11,138,292
Kensington Metropark	2,483,219	963,510	1,973,343	3,907,319	991,397	2,417,637	275,844	123,195	2,008,956	452,571	15,596,991
Dexter-Delhi Metropark	10,620	149,719	46,363	45,269	21,066	129,214	25,859	14,659	34,885	-	477,654
Lower Huron/Willow/Oakwoods Metropark	2,988,365	6,820,469	622,687	1,213,040	842,785	274,389	269,893	516,245	66,796	156,782	13,771,451
Hudson Mills Metropark	49,281	114,369	662,669	103,637	324,848	158,655	97,746	525,153	303,410	110,901	2,450,669
Stony Creek Metropark	3,656,155	695,731	1,024,385	216,901	344,335	135,328	1,182,503	125,936	237,809	1,405,205	9,024,288
Lake Erie Metropark	332,322	33,712	166,028	221,474	714,069	118,017	36,280	55,787	351,366	27,186	2,056,241
Wolcott Mill Metropark	361,989	55,859	229,612	110,013	29,399	14,417	35,032	78,544	60,035	389,335	1,364,235
Indian Springs Metropark	347,384	333,776	411,705	373,191	312,175	41,265	37,288	167,628	325,956	371,525	2,721,893
Huron Meadows Metropark	47,845	109,255	61,807	86,163	134,865	3,074	29,246	58,173	1,198,238	46,969	1,775,635
Cost Share Other Agencies	14,909	8,612	15,250								38,771
Total	10,387,422	10,034,097	7,103,917	9,347,177	4,494,392	3,456,892	2,491,443	5,068,491	4,879,504	3,212,855	60,476,190
Total	10,367,422	10,034,097	7,103,917	9,347,177	4,494,392	3,430,692	2,491,443	3,000,491	4,079,304	3,212,000	00,470,190
Equipment											
Central Pool Equipment	106,315	200,833	145,325	56,383	167,493	274,595	107,813	172,763	630,121	231,321	2,092,962
Lake St. Clair Metropark	157,643	179,688	217,608	97,496	236,282	113,685	213,150	109,896	142,484	206,783	1,674,715
Kensington Metropark	337,725	439,613	282,956	288,600	453,310	140,575	318,761	230,212	149,257	207,324	2,848,333
Lower Huron/Willow/Oakwoods Metropark	663,880	312,809	397,155	485,485	188,961	260,665	132,884	94,976	69,759	139,967	2,746,541
Hudson Mills Metropark	326,217	224,144	185,257	133,418	85,560	40,422	12,656	117,115	82,700	36,814	1,244,303
Stony Creek Metropark	219,227	1,014,991	143,396	131,759	282,333	67,235	257,776	282,583	46,107	332,084	2,777,491
Lake Erie Metropark	234,135	377,222	113,109	147,267	111,636	16,638	1,250	358,709	10,558	66,180	1,436,704
Wolcott Mill Metropark	125,892	67,964	131,732	60,477	19,071	22,966	8,906	11,095	35,050	41,751	524,904
Indian Springs Metropark	185,499	151,405	161,696	304,666	77,778	28,285	94,408	91,409	17,537	85,280	1,197,963
Huron Meadows Metropark	140,475	37,436	132,257	115,618	349,718		22,500	63,174	41,890	22,874	925,942
Total	2,497,008	3,006,105	1,910,491	1,821,169	1,972,142	965,066	1,170,104	1,531,932	1,225,463	1,370,378	17,469,858
Land Acquisition											
Lake St. Clair Metropark	-	_	-	-	-	-	_	19,456	72,859	177,591	269,906
Kensington Metropark	_	_	-	_	_	-	_	2,950	-	-	2,950
Wolcott Mill Metropark	_	11,850	2,950	5,650	8,400	287,884	2,350	6,414	196,737	-	522,235
Indian Springs Metropark	213,825	1,000	252,544	1,593,769	23	273,813	-	- · · · -	-	_	2,334,974
Huron Meadows	,	-,	212,524	2,800	2,000	,	_	-	-	_	217,324
Other Metroparks	-	-	156,825	950	-	4,300	-	-	250	-	162,325
•	•	,									
Total	213,825	12,850	624,843	1,603,169	10,423	565,997	2,350	28,820	269,846	177,591	3,509,714

METROPARK GENERAL GOVERNMENTAL EXPENDITURES BY TYPE - CONCLUDED

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	Total
Major Maintenance											
Administrative Office - Engineering/											
General Planning	\$ 52,128	\$ 38,154	\$ 73,215	\$ 179,437	\$ 69,367	\$ 166,374	\$ 76,319	\$ 90,486	\$ 74,754	\$ 8,044	\$ 828,278
Lake St. Clair Metropark	213,324	63,025	90,431	129,104	37,271	177,368	67,827	170,388	226,800	198,938	1,374,476
Kensington Metropark	106,745	219,079	142,425	169,523	101,468	321,623	127,031	31,511	282,058	411,571	1,913,034
Lower Huron/Willow/Oakwoods Metropark	68,959	85,355	353,661	378,249	89,350	160,134	429,468	38,958	454,770	338,346	2,397,250
Hudson Mills Metropark	12,486	30,038	75,829	235,922	55,458	19,178	338,736	-	38,651	42,342	848,640
Stony Creek Metropark	113,320	175,530	148,948	164,651	570,546	83,260	236,918	38,138	228,158	269,969	2,029,438
Lake Erie Metropark	41,393	81,453	59,798	185,613	76,122	110,656	125,456	248,430	4,250	17,962	951,133
Wolcott Mill Metropark	36,825	32,032	54,086	-	-	40,458	45,053	18,572	126,076	264,173	617,275
Indian Springs Metropark	11,080	-	45,114	-	6,632	26,645	48,053	63,979	-	99,502	301,005
Huron Meadows Metropark	37,145	36,996	-	-	125,724	964	58,243	3,866	-	135,427	398,365
,		•									
Total	693,405	761,662	1,043,507	1,442,499	1,131,938	1,106,658	1,553,104	704,328	1,435,517	1,786,274	11,658,892
General Administration											
Administrative Office	6,406,511	6,635,259	6,659,575	6,958,695	7,088,861	7,075,619	7,538,185	6,990,592	7,640,052	7,516,737	70,510,086
Park Operations											
Lake St. Clair Metropark	3,855,113	3,912,779	4,070,235	4,064,908	3,951,050	3,784,910	3,500,206	3,518,212	3,476,787	3,955,554	38,089,754
Kensington Metropark	5,826,464	6,131,556	6,542,370	6,443,579	6,529,008	6,486,029	6,163,819	5,942,347	6,009,375	6,487,747	62,562,294
Lower Huron/Willow/Oakwoods Metropark	5,278,638	5,343,726	6,150,938	5,422,245	5,790,454	5,740,732	5,370,279	5,314,881	5,241,451	5,954,585	55,607,929
Dexter/Delhi/Hudson Mills Metroparks	2,618,337	2,536,332	2,616,276	2,794,242	2,747,588	2,981,726	2,741,822	2,463,982	2,444,480	2,531,077	26,475,862
Stony Creek Metropark	3,276,287	4,116,165	4,179,179	4,195,573	4,230,227	4,058,406	3,959,094	3,816,608	3,896,686	4,450,218	40,178,443
Lake Erie Metropark	3,571,218	3,509,711	3,571,164	3,591,422	3,425,448	3,379,534	3,356,082	3,393,851	3,313,518	3,366,875	34,478,823
Wolcott Mill Metropark	1,738,010	1,754,438	1,824,048	1,737,968	1,755,269	1,775,100	1,604,023	1,398,932	1,548,474	1,645,858	16,782,120
Indian Springs Metropark	1,974,781	1,962,749	2,094,248	2.116.133	2,194,572	2,052,636	1,844,228	1.825.913	1,924,048	2,018,613	20.007.921
Huron Meadows Metropark	1,048,674	1,072,271	1,058,438	1,144,033	1,199,291	1,055,361	837,024	855,213	943,075	1,079,578	10,292,958
Central Warehouse/Garage/Other	429,366	545,949	502,467	552,167	308,915	403,546	330,115	299,552	321,129	28,517	3,721,723
Total	29,616,888	30,885,676	32,609,363	32,062,270	32,131,822	31,717,979	29,706,692	28,829,491	29,119,023	31,518,622	308,197,825
Debt Service	04.050										04.050
Principal	24,953	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	24,953
Interest	667										667
	25,620	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	25,620
Capital Projects Fund											
Kensington Metropark	_	_	_	19,580	152,040	716,501	1,712,310	53,180	_	_	2,653,610
Lower Huron Metropark	1,474,985	672,466	238,677	(83,175)	102,040	710,001	1,712,010	33,100	_	_	2,302,953
Stony Creek Metropark	1,777,000	0,2,400	200,077	17,771	33,752	361,844	218,602	239,016	382,460	94,579	1,348,024
Oakwoods Metropark	51,660	91,507	797,426	355,007	4,540	-	210,002	200,010	302,400	34,373	1,300,140
Carriodad Monopark	01,000	31,307	707,120	555,561	1,040						1,000,110
Total	1,526,645	763,973	1,036,103	309,183	190,332	1,078,344	1,930,912	292,196	382,460	94,579	7,604,727
Total Expenditures	\$ 51,367,324	\$ 52,099,622	\$ 50,987,799	\$ 53,544,162	\$ 47,019,910	\$ 45,966,555	\$ 44,392,790	\$ 43,445,850	\$ 44,951,865	\$ 45,677,036	\$ 479,452,912

METROPARK GENERAL GOVERNMENTAL REVENUES BY SOURCE

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Property	Park					Other Financing	Capital Projects	
Year	Tax	Operations	Interest	Grants	Gifts	Miscellaneous	Sources	Fund	Total ^(a)
2006	\$ 32,597,201	\$ 12,814,635	\$ 1,736,966	\$ 78,989	\$ 128,136	\$ 1,517,962	\$ 533,977	\$ 1,034,570	\$ 50,442,436
2007	34,547,937	13,807,794	1,891,920	59,890	306,885	52,467	259,564	929,849	51,856,306
2008	36,053,277	14,480,210	1,386,929	501,584	91,929	208,335	382,240	1,073,328	54,177,832
2009	35,953,354	13,764,068	717,457	2,029,548	101,219	73,384	280,543	586,306	53,505,879
2010	34,528,432	14,715,827	384,922	317,491	57,065	24,161	411,926	525,621	50,965,445
2011	30,691,073	14,151,725	266,837	351,412	110,423	28,460	126,880	426,633	46,153,443
2012	28,384,628	15,027,250	133,184	409,538	127,231	513,164	204,213	623,420	45,422,628
2013	27,662,759	14,519,872	198,255	2,050,630	167,123	27,567	223,069	316,736	45,166,011
2014	28,125,677	16,316,176	277,461	215,614	87,407	97,013	43,551	251,281	45,414,180
2015	28,503,130	17,893,737	344,745	217,896	337,171	987,949	192,480	76,693	48,553,801

⁽a) Includes General Fund and Capital Projects Fund.

METROPARK OPERATING REVENUES BY PARK

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	Total
Lake St. Clair Metropark Kensington Metropark Lower Huron Metropark Dexter/Delhi/Hudson Mills	\$ 1,678,727 2,466,744 477,587	\$ 1,683,188 2,719,304 455,934	\$ 1,608,432 2,743,827 1,317,792	\$ 1,605,390 2,608,246 1,236,339	\$ 1,767,070 2,896,630 1,496,553	\$ 1,639,040 2,802,315 1,544,161	\$ 1,677,510 2,959,722 1,577,205	\$ 1,605,222 3,007,259 1,299,958	\$ 1,753,366 3,481,846 1,465,153	\$ 2,161,319 3,996,669 2,682,224	\$ 17,179,264 29,682,562 13,552,906
Metroparks	1,013,139	966,415	955,416	964,219	969,111	887.294	826,820	867,709	964.791	1,044,048	9,458,962
Stony Creek Metropark	1,524,353	2,381,566	2,358,584	2,334,081	2,514,918	2,535,163	2,846,775	2,989,230	3,362,441	3,574,513	26,421,624
Willow/ Oakwoods Metroparks	1,280,234	1,289,490	1,328,555	1,004,439	1,131,561	804,158	1,028,790	931,113	1,064,566	-	9,862,906
Lake Erie Metropark	1,777,956	1,703,153	1,641,958	1,601,021	1,576,391	1,572,925	1,553,867	1,395,317	1,521,141	1,627,750	15,971,479
Wolcott Mill Metropark	584,720	607,896	603,100	485,383	471,291	469,845	588,431	534,381	539,505	558,710	5,443,262
Indian Springs Metropark	953,005	961,002	933,591	895,761	870,566	811,109	904,808	953,775	1,079,093	1,122,183	9,484,893
Huron Meadows Metropark	912,367	867,706	816,058	822,933	807,926	760,210	702,974	689,334	773,048	856,215	8,008,771
Resident House/Land Leases											
Other	135,285	159,827	163,998	185,012	177,489	170,522	190,986	198,093	195,165	-	1,576,377
Administrative Office	10,518	12,313	8,899	21,244	36,321	154,983	169,355	48,481	116,061	270,106	848,281
Total	\$ 12,814,635	\$ 13,807,794	\$ 14,480,210	\$ 13,764,068	\$ 14,715,827	\$ 14,151,725	\$ 15,027,243	\$ 14,519,872	\$ 16,316,176	\$ 17,893,737	\$ 147,491,287

METROPARK OPERATING REVENUES BY TYPE

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Type of Revenue		2006	 2007	2008		_	2009	_	2010	_	2011	 2012	 2013		2014		2015		Total
Food Service (b)	\$	825,334	\$ 825,921	\$	951,338	\$	814,336	\$	803,573	\$	778,782	\$ 730,059	\$ 774,520	\$	1,201,877	\$	-	\$	7,705,739
Aquatic		535,703	718,952		1,364,533		1,112,798		1,418,185		1,572,314	1,508,333	1,317,560		1,443,720	2	2,010,251		13,002,348
Dockage/ Boat Storage		429,671	418,323		405,316		373,705		390,105		396,478	371,748	366,101		362,701		383,575		3,897,724
Boat Rentals		212,216	234,121		266,152		273,220		275,897		326,887	338,251	357,399		389,421		460,095		3,133,660
Excursion Boat		27,503	30,867		40,037		37,532		38,555		44,441	44,668	49,598		49,634		44,102		406,937
Cross Country Skiing		1,929	10,526		27,255		41,744		45,513		55,021	26,076	48,047		86,234		62,642		404,986
Toll Collection		4,636,860	4,735,495		4,621,742		4,796,269		5,690,581		5,358,278	5,722,407	5,547,951		6,991,270	7	7,471,802		55,572,656
Sundries (b)		133,270	138,831		135,387		120,056		125,336		104,699	119,669	115,538		109,392		-		1,102,178
Games/Equipment Rental (b)		57,314	54,693		53,525		41,141		38,712		4,375	17,463	28,875		32,390		-		328,488
Activity Center		75,005	74,030		97,396		120,408		122,608		132,997	145,918	123,194		127,407		210,988		1,229,951
Shelter Reservations		281,353	301,071		310,195		320,730		342,550		338,830	351,044	405,270		369,415		373,751		3,394,209
Golf Course		4,994,534	5,626,147		5,491,384		4,930,968		4,636,348		4,041,661	4,518,659	4,332,837		4,137,391	5	5,345,559		48,055,488
Adventure/ Disc Golf		46,406	47,215		93,736		187,062		202,599		172,470	183,330	185,184		167,969		221,241		1,507,213
Special Events		40,320	58,342		29,997		21,141		25,760		48,829	41,301	83,653		56,331		157,462		563,135
Resident House/Land/Leases		90,180	106,774		112,178		118,857		107,025		113,597	131,925	137,138		127,157		131,640		1,176,470
Livestock Sales (b)		73,329	66,471		80,887		52,685		49,695		96,137	135,185	96,875		104,436		-		755,700
Hay Rides (b)		42,587	43,621		48,917		38,047		37,794		37,803	34,612	42,069		48,301		-		373,751
Site Location Fee (b)		25,170	16,990		35,133		29,155		18,785		24,980	16,269	30,760		38,244		-		235,486
Interpretive		161,041	181,254		179,196		177,548		184,658		217,775	252,338	268,279		257,623		603,271		2,482,983
Intergovernmental (b)		-	-		-		-		-		-	-	-		-		206,713		206,713
Miscellaneous (b)		110,363	101,279		118,619		136,780		155,911		136,454	115,857	42,020		145,239		106,265		1,168,788
Other Park Revenues (a)		14,548	 16,870		17,287	_	19,886		5,637		148,918	 222,138	 167,004	_	70,024		104,380		786,692
Total	\$ -	12,814,635	\$ 13,807,794	\$	14,480,210	\$	13,764,068	\$	14,715,827	\$	14,151,725	\$ 15,027,250	\$ 14,519,872	\$	16,316,176	\$ 17	7,893,737	\$ 1	47,491,293

⁽a) Other Park Revenues include camping, trackless train, and mobile stage.(b) During the year ended December 31, 2015 the Authority revised their chart of accounts and reporting classifications. Certain types of operating revenues were consolidated into new or existing operating classifications. As such some historical comparisons are not available.